

FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT.

No. 1381.

Simla, the 15th July 1865.

Notification.—The following compilation of Furlough and Absentee Rules for Chaplains on the Establishments of the three Presidencies of Bengal, Madras and Bombay, is published for general information:—

FURLOUGH AND ABSENTEE RULES
FOR CHAPLAINS.

I. Chaplains may be allowed leave of the following kinds:—

- Leave on Medical Certificate.
- Furlough on Private Affairs.
- Short Leave on Private Affairs.
- Privilege Leave.
- Preparatory Leave.

Leave on Medical Certificate.

II. Leave on medical certificate is given by the Government under which the applicant may be serving, on application through the Archdeacon, through whom the medical certificate is forwarded to Government.

I. A statement of the applicant's case from his medical adviser, distinctly specifying, from personal observation, the nature of the disease, its symptoms, causes, and duration, and the necessity for temporary removal, or in cases where extension of leave is applied for, the reasons for such extension.

II. A certificate in the form given in Appendix A., from the Official Surgeon of the district or town in which the applicant is employed or temporarily residing, or, if there be no Official Surgeon, by a medical practitioner.

III. Applications for leave, or extension of leave, on medical certificate must be supported by the two certificates noted in the margin, the second of which must be countersigned as follows:—

a.—When the applicant is not at a Presidency town, and is applying for leave or extension of leave in India,—by the Deputy Inspector General of Hospitals of the Division in which he is employed, or temporarily residing.

b.—When the applicant is at a Presidency town, or is applying for leave or extension of leave out of India,—by the Principal Inspector General of the Medical Department. To this end, a Chaplain who may have come on preparatory leave to the Presidency, will, prior to appearing before the Medical Board at the Presidency, submit the statement and medical certificate, on which he obtained preparatory leave, to a Presidency Surgeon, in view to his receiving a certificate from him, recommending his case to the Board.

c.—When the applicant is in England, and residing within 20 miles of London,—by the Medical Board attached to the India Office.

d.—When the applicant is in England, but residing at a distance of more than 20 miles from London,—by a second Medical Practitioner.

e.—When the applicant is elsewhere than in England or India,—by the chief medical authority of the colony or country whither he may have proceeded.

The certificate and countersignature must, like the first statement, be given after a careful personal investigation; and any omission, either of the countersignature or of the personal investigation, must be satisfactorily explained.

IV. Leave on medical certificate in or beyond India, to one not permanently unfit for further service, will be given, without question, as often as the necessity for it may be established by submission of the prescribed certificates.

V. The period for which leave on medical certificate is given, is as follows:—

a.—In India;—a continuous period not exceeding one year.

b.—Beyond India;—eighteen months, subject to extension, with allowances, up to a period not exceeding altogether three years, on a renewal of the medical certificate.

VI. The pay or allowances during such leave are as follows:—

a.—In India;—full salary of rank, subject to a deduction of one-third for the whole term of regulated absence, provided that the deduction shall not reduce the allowance below Rupees 500 a month.

b.—Beyond India;—for first six months,—£600 per annum, and (if the absentee be an Archdeacon, but not otherwise) such portion of the salary of his office, not exceeding one-half, as may not be required for the payment of a *locum tenens*, and as may be granted to the absentee without extra expense to Government. For the remaining period,—£191-12-6, or £127-15-0 per annum according as the absentee has, or has not, completed seven years' residence in India.

VII. Leave on medical certificate will be reckoned as follows:—

a.—In India;—from the date of the absentee's departure from his station, or from any earlier date of his successor's taking charge, to the date of return to station.

b.—Beyond India;—from the date of departure from India of the vessel on which the absentee embarks, to the date of his arrival at the principal port of his own Presidency—from which latter date he will be regarded as on duty.

VIII. A Chaplain proceeding on leave beyond India on medical certificate, will be allowed an advance of three months' absentee pay, and no recovery will be made on account of this advance should the absentee die before it is liquidated.

IX. A Chaplain proceeding to England on leave should be furnished by the Accountant General with a certificate in the form given in Appendix B., for submission to the India Office on his arrival in London.

Furlough on Private Affairs.

X. Furlough on private affairs is granted by the Government of India in the Home Department (on application as before through the Archdeacon and through the Local Government or

Administration in the Bengal Presidency, under whom the Chaplain may be serving), and by the Governments of Madras and Bombay.

XI. A Chaplain wishing for an extension of one of the authorized portions of furlough while in England, must send his application to the Government of India, Home Department.

XII. Application for furlough on private affairs must be supported by proof of residence for the period prescribed in para. XIV., and of presence on duty for a continuous period of three months from the date of return from the last absence on privilege leave.

XIII. Grants of furlough on private affairs are subject to the exigencies of the public service. If a Chaplain prefers taking his furlough in India, he may do so.

XIV. The periods for which furlough is granted are as follow:—

a.—Undivided—a continuous term of three years, but not before completion of ten years' residence in India;—or,

b.—Divided into two periods, whether of eighteen months each, or of two years and one year, respectively. The first instalment of such divided furlough may be taken after a residence of seven years, and the second instalment after a residence of ^(eight)_(ten) years, from date of return from last instalment by Chaplains appointed (before on or after) the 11th January 1854. One year is the shortest term of furlough that can be taken by a Chaplain.

XV. The pay during furlough is £191-12-6 per annum.

XVI. Leave on furlough will be reckoned as in para. VII.

XVII. A Chaplain on furlough may be allowed an advance of six months' furlough pay on the same terms as in para. VIII.

XVIII. A Chaplain proceeding to England on furlough should get the form mentioned in para. IX.

Short leave on Private Affairs.

XIX. Short leave on private affairs is granted by the Government under whom the applicant may be serving, the application being made as before through the Archdeacon.

XX. On application for temporary leave, timely notice must be given to the chief civil and military authorities at the station, in order that, if there be any cogent reasons against the absence of the Chaplain, they may be submitted to the Government.

XXI. Short leave on private affairs will be granted on sufficient cause being shewn, provided that the applicant's services can be spared, and that six years have elapsed since his last return from such leave.

XXII. Short leave on private affairs in India only is granted for a period not to exceed six months on each occasion.

XXIII. During such leave, the pay is £191-12-6 per annum, or £127-15-0 per annum, according as the absentee has, or has not, completed seven years' residence in India; also half of the difference

between such annual sum and the full pay of rank.

XXIV. Leave in India on private affairs will be reckoned as in para. VII., clause a.

Privilege Leave.

XXV. Privilege leave is granted by the Bishop, or in his absence, by the Commissary of the Diocese; the grant being reported to the Local or Supreme Government under whom the applicant is employed, for publication in the official *Gazette*.

XXVI. Applications for privilege leave must be accompanied by proof of continuance on duty, till application, for the periods prescribed in the next paragraph.

XXVII. The periods for which privilege leave may be granted are one, two, and three months, after Chaplains have been on actual duty for continuous periods of five, ten, and fifteen months respectively, from date of first arrival in India, or since return from last leave of any description. The period is admissible in addition to, but after the time allowed for visiting an out-station (*i. e.*, after the duties of that station have been duly performed), and also in addition to time allowed for proceeding from one station to another on change of station.

XXVIII. The pay during privilege leave is the full salary, that is, without forfeiture of allowances, unless the Chaplain should exceed the term of his privilege leave, in which case the circumstances under which he overstayed it should be fully reported, when, if the Government be satisfied that the original leave was not exceeded through carelessness, or wilful negligence, or from any circumstances involving culpability, leave for the period in excess will be granted in orders, and the Chaplain will not, under these circumstances, be subjected to any forfeiture of allowances for the term of the original leave; but for the period in excess, he will be restricted to the same pay as during short leave on private affairs. When, however, grounds are wanting why the original leave should not be invalidated, general leave will either be granted for the entire period of the Chaplain's absence (so as to reduce him, for such period, to the pay for short leave on private affairs), or will be refused altogether, in which latter case, the Chaplain will be looked upon as *absent without leave* from the date of his *quitting* to that of his *return* to his post.

XXIX. Privilege leave is reckoned as in para. VII., clause a.

XXX. Pay for the period of privilege leave will not be issued before return to duty.

Preparatory Leave.

XXXI. Preparatory leave is preparatory to leave beyond India on medical certificate, furlough to Europe on private affairs, or retirement from the service. It is granted by the Government under which the applicant may be serving, on application through the Archdeacon.

XXXII. The period for which preparatory leave is granted is as follows:—

a.—If the Chaplain be stationed at the port of embarkation, seven days.

6.—If he be not stationed at the port of embarkation, seven days; and, in addition thereto, one day (exclusive of Sundays) for every ten miles of the distance between his station and the port of embarkation, except when railways or steam boats are available, when one day for every one hundred miles of the distance traversed by railway or steam boat will be allowed, or the time actually occupied in the voyage, when its duration exceeds the time calculated at the rate of one hundred miles a day.

XXXIII. The pay during preparatory leave is as follows:—Half salary of rank, and—when the preparatory leave is granted in connection with leave on medical certificate, but not otherwise—any further sum which may be required to make up the half salary to £500 per annum.

XXXIV. Preparatory leave will be reckoned from the date of the absentee's departure from his station (or from any earlier date of his successor's taking over charge), to the date of his subsequent departure from the principal port of his Presidency, or from any port not more distant from his station.

XXXV. Pay for the period of preparatory leave will be issued on the Chaplain's arrival at the port where the preparatory leave terminates.

Joining Time.

XXXVI. The period of joining time will be governed by the rule laid down for the calculation of preparatory leave in clause 6. of Section

XXXII. When an Officer is transferred from one station to another during absence on leave, he will, unless there be special orders to the contrary, be allowed joining time in addition to the period of his leave, and the time will be calculated according to the distance either from his old to his new station, or from the place where he receives the orders transferring him to his new station, whichever may be nearest to his new station.

Miscellaneous.

XXXVII. The period of three years to which the grant of pay to a Chaplain absent on furlough is confined, is an absolute limit. Should he exceed that term and obtain one or more extensions of furlough up to the maximum of five years, pay will not be given for any period in excess of the three years.

XXXVIII. The foregoing rules confer no right on a Chaplain to return from leave to the particular station which he may have quitted, every Officer being liable to be moved from one station to

another whenever the Government think it expedient.

XXXIX. Periods of absence on privilege leave, preparatory leave, and leave to the Presidency not exceeding six months, for the purpose of undergoing examination in the Oriental languages by the test prescribed for Military Officers, will be counted as service and residence, the last-mentioned absence being regarded as on duty.

XL. Absence on leave of other denominations to the extent of three years, and absence in India on leave taken before the 25th August 1864, will be counted as service only.

XLI. Absence without leave, or for a period in excess of authorized leave, will entail forfeiture of allowances for the term of unauthorized absence.

XLII. Chaplains are to report to the local Accountant General, the date of their joining a station and of their leaving it, and (in the Bengal Presidency) to the Secretary to the Government of India, Home Department, or in the other Presidencies, to the Secretaries to Governments of Madras and Bombay—the date the pilot leaves the vessel on which they may be quitting their Presidency by Sea.

XLIII. With the exceptions noted in paras. VIII., XVII., XXX., and XXXV., a Chaplain on leave may be allowed pay month by month, as it falls due.

XLIV. Absentee pay issued in India at a rate which is expressed in sterling money, will be converted into Indian currency at two shillings to the Government Rupee.

XLV. No Officer is allowed to visit Cashmere without the sanction of the Punjab Government; and all applications to visit that territory are invariably to contain a report that the applicant has received and perused the rules for the guidance of Officers travelling in the territories of the Maharajah, and that he pledges himself to abide strictly by them, and will on no account whatever, or under any circumstances, interfere with the Natives, except through the legitimate authorities of the district.

XLVI. A Chaplain will report the dates of his proceeding on and returning from leave, to the Local Government under which he may be serving, except when he is a Chaplain on the Bengal Establishment proceeding on or returning from furlough, in which case the report will be made to the Government of India in the Home Department. Failing such report, the leave will be calculated from the date of the Government Order granting it.

APPENDIX A.

Form of Medical Certificate to be submitted in support of applications for Sick Leave.

I do hereby certify that, according to the best of my professional judgment, after careful examination of his case, I consider the state of health of _____ to be such as to render leave of absence to _____ absolutely necessary (or highly desirable) for his recovery.

APPENDIX B.

Form of Certificate to be given by Accountants General to Absentees proceeding on Leave or Furlough to Europe.

Name of Absentee.	Total period of residence and service in India.	Period of leave already taken on former occasions, with the exception of privilege and preparatory leave.		Full salary of rank.	Nature and period of leave.	Date of intended departure of vessel on which the absentee will embark.	Portion of salary passed in advance in Calcutta.	Rate of absentee pay to be drawn in England or India.	Date from which the first payment is to commence.
		In India.	Out of India.						
									From the date of the Pilot quitting the as certified on the reverse.*

* The Certificate in the reverse will be given in the following form:—

This is to certify that _____ is a Passenger on board the _____ proceeding to _____ and left by me at Sea this day.

SANDHEADS, }
186 . }

Pilot.

No. 1437.

The 20th July 1865.

Notification.—Baboo D. Teagiah, a Junior Assistant, Financial Department, is allowed four months' leave of absence on medical certificate, in extension of the leave granted to him on 20th April 1865.

No. 1457.

The 21st July 1865.

Appointments.—Mr. N. W. Mackenzie, Chief Assistant, Loan Department, to officiate as 3rd Assistant Accountant General, Government of India, until further orders.

Mr. W. Beveridge to act as Chief Assistant, Loan Department, in the room of Mr. Mackenzie.

By Order of the Governor General of India in Council,

E. H. LUSHINGTON,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

Simla, the 17th July 1865.

No. 696 of 1865.—Major Charles William Nightingale, of the Bengal Staff Corps, is permitted to retire from the service on the pension of a Captain, from the date of departure of the Mail Steamer of the 9th of July.

No. 697 of 1865.—Captain James Spence Ogilvie, of the Bengal Staff Corps, Deputy Assistant Commissary General, is allowed leave of absence for four months from the 4th instant, in extension of privilege leave, to remain at Murree, on medical certificate.

No. 698 of 1865.—The undermentioned Officer is permitted to proceed to Europe, on leave of absence, on sick certificate:—

Surgeon Major Frederick John Monat, M. D., F. R. C. S., and F. E. L. U. C., of the Medical Department, Inspector General of Jails, Lower Provinces. } For twenty months, under the new Regulations.

No. 699 of 1865.—The services of Lieutenant M. Furlong, of the late 47th Regiment, Madras Native Infantry, are placed at the disposal of the Home Department.

The 18th July 1865.

No. 700 of 1865.—The provisions of G. G. O. No. 550, dated 31st May 1865, fixing the pay and batta of Havildars and Naicks of Native Infantry Regiments receiving line rates of pay, are extended to the Artillery of the Punjab Irregular Force.

No. 701 of 1865.—The following promotions are made, subject to Her Majesty's approval:—

B R E V E T.

Rank, Name, and Corps.	To what rank promoted.	From what date.	In succession to.
Major Edward Penfold Arthur, Bombay Staff Corps...	Lieut.-Col. ...	12th March 1865	{ Lieutenant-General Sir Scudamore Winde Steel, K. C. B., Madras Infantry, deceased.
Captain Benjamin Campbell Hitchins, Royal Artillery (Madras)	Major ...		
Major Henry LePoer Trench, Bengal Infantry ...	Lieut.-Col. ...	26th March 1865	{ General Richard Collyer Andree, Bengal Infantry, deceased.
Captain John Harvey Elwyn, Royal Artillery (Madras)	Major ...		
Major George Whittle Mackenzie Hall, Bengal Staff Corps	Lieut.-Col. ...	29th March 1865	{ Major-General James Matthie, Bengal Infantry, deceased.
Captain T. Mowbury Baumgartner, Bombay Staff Corps	Major ...		
Major James Alphonse Collier, Bombay Staff Corps...	Lieut.-Col. ...	9th April 1865	{ General Mowson Boyd, Bengal Infantry, deceased.
Captain Thomas Henry Stoddard, Madras Staff Corps	Major ...		

No. 702 of 1865.—With reference to G. G. O. No. 329 of 1862, it is notified that ration money, or compensation in lieu of rations, when claimed for broken periods of a month, is payable at the rate of five annas four pie per diem.

This does not affect the compensation for *extra* rations, which has been fixed at four annas.

No. 703 of 1865.—The following promotions and alterations of rank are made, subject to Her Majesty's approval:—

P R O M O T I O N S.

Corps.	Rank and Names.	To what rank promoted.	From what date.	In whose room.
Bengal Infantry	Major (Brevet Lt.-Col.) Joseph Pater Paterson Truscott Hawkey (from Cadre of the late 74th N. I.)	Lieut.-Col.	28th March 1865	Lieut.-Colonel (Brevet Colonel) E. R. Mainwaring, Bengal Infantry, promoted to Major General, unattached.
Cadre of the late 74th N. I.	Captain (Major in the Staff Corps) Alfred Gyllett Nedham,	Major ...		
	Lieut. (Captain in the Staff Corps) Henry Roche Osborn	Captain ...		
Bengal Cavalry	Major Charles Henry Nicholetts (from Cadre of late 1st European Light Cavalry)	Lieut.-Col.	9th April 1865	Lieut.-Colonel (Brevet Colonel) A. Tucker, C.B., Bengal Cavalry, promoted to Major General, unattached.
Cadre of the late 1st Eur. Light Cavy.	Captain (Major in the Staff Corps) Hamilton Forbes,	Major ...		
	Lieut. Richard Graham Birch	Captain ...		
Cadre of the late 44th N. I.	Lieut. Francis Kellett Hawkins, Staff Corps	Captain ...	1st July 1865	Captain A. P. S. Moncrieff (Major in the Staff Corps), deceased.

ALTERATIONS OF RANK.

Corps.	Rank and Names.	To rank from.	In whose room.
Bengal Infantry...	Lieut.-Col. Edward Tuite Dalton, Staff Corps	12th March 1865	Lieut.-Colonel J. E. Landers, Bengal Infantry, promoted to Major-General, unat- tached.
Cadre of the late 3rd Eur. Regt.	Major (Brevet Lieut.-Col.) Edwin Thomas,		
	Captain (Brevet Major) Samuel Dewe White		
Bengal Infantry...	Lieut.-Col. Folliott Walker Baugh	12th March 1865	Lieut.-Col. E. T. Dalton, Staff Corps, removed from the list of Regimental Lieutenant-Colonels.
Cadre of the late 26th Regt N. I.	Major John Matthew Cripps, Staff Corps,		
	Captain John Palmer Turton, Staff Corps		

No. 704 of 1865.—With reference to G. G. O. No. 165 of the 2nd March 1863, the names of the undermentioned Officers who retired from the service under the Annuity Scheme of 1861, are removed from the list of Regimental Lieutenant-Colonels of Infantry:—

Rank and Names.	REMARKS.
Lieutenant-Colonel (Major-General, retired list) William Charles Campbell	Died 21st June 1864.
Lieutenant-Colonel (Major-General, retired list) William John Baptist Knyvett	Died 2nd Feb. 1863.
Lieutenant-Colonel (Major-General, retired list) Hamilton Vetch	Died 11th June 1865.

The 19th July 1865.

No. 705 of 1865.—The undermentioned Officer having completed twenty-six years' service, eight years of which were on permanent staff employ, to be Lieutenant-Colonel from the date specified opposite to his name, under the Royal Warrant of the 16th January 1861, subject to Her Majesty's approval:—

Bengal Staff Corps.

Major Henry Mein Wilson, 6th July 1865.

No. 706 of 1865.—The undermentioned out-pensioner of the Royal Hospital at Chelsea, having been permitted to reside and draw his stipend in India, payment of pension is to be made and charged accordingly:—

	Rate of pension per diem.
Private George M. Reeves, late of Her Majesty's 98th Foot	11½d. (eleven pence half pen- ny), from the date on which he ceases to re- ceive regi- mental pay.

No. 707 of 1865.—The undermentioned Officer is permitted to proceed to Europe, on leave of absence, on sick certificate:—

Captain Richard Topham, of
the Bengal Staff Corps, Com-
mandant, 16th Bengal Ca-
valry. } For fifteen
months.

The 20th July 1865.

No. 708 of 1865.—Under the authority of the Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India, His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to notify that horse allowance will be passed to Officers of British Infantry Regiments below the rank of substantive Field Officers, when such Officers may be acting for Field Officers of the same corps, absent on general leave or under circumstances that do not involve a double payment of the allowance.

This Order is to have effect from the 1st August 1865.

No. 709 of 1865.—The following letter from the Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India, is published for general information:—

MILITARY.

INDIA OFFICE;

No 190.

London, the 8th June 1865.

To His Excellency the Right Hon'ble the Governor
General of India in Council.

SIR,—Having submitted to the Field Marshal Commanding-in-Chief the papers accompanying your letter dated 6th March last, No. 109, regarding a proposed exchange between Captain and Brevet-Major H. Gough, v. c., 19th Hussars, and Captain K. J. W. Coghill, of the Bengal Staff Corps, I have been informed in reply that His Royal Highness will submit the appointment of the latter Officer to the 19th Hussars, for the approval of Her Majesty.

2. The appointment of Brevet-Major Gough to the Bengal Staff Corps, may therefore be carried out by your Government.

3. The claim of Captain Coghill to pension will now, in accordance with the rule laid down for such cases, be entirely under War Office Regulations.

4. The claim to pension of Captain Gough will be under the rule laid down in the 9th clause of the Staff Corps Warrant, as applicable to British Officers joining the Staff Corps.

5. The exchange between Captains Coghill and Gough, will also cause a vacancy in the Cadres to which they respectively belong.

I have, &c.,

(Signed) C. Wood.

Under the above authority, and with reference to G. G. O. No. 665, dated 5th July 1865, Brevet-Major Gough is admitted to the Bengal Staff Corps.

No. 710 of 1865.—The following letter from the Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India, is published for general information:—

MILITARY.

INDIA OFFICE;

No. 195.

London, the 8th June 1865.

To His Excellency the Right Hon'ble the Governor General of India in Council.

SIR,—My Despatch of the 16th May 1864, No. 152, which gave to the Assistant Surgeons of the Indian Forces of six years' service and above, the rank of Captain, also granted them the pay and Indian allowances of that grade.

2. The exceptional circumstances under which, in my Despatch No. 285 of the 6th July 1861, I authorized a continuance of the practice under which Assistant Surgeons of the Indian service, coming Home on account of their health, receive an allowance of Rs. 1,200 on account of their passage, have now ceased.

3. This Regulation will accordingly be abolished from the 15th June 1864,—the date of the receipt in India of my Despatch No. 152 of 16th May 1864,—and Assistant Surgeons of the Indian

Forces of six years' service and above, will no longer be entitled to passage allowance on quitting India on sick certificate.

4. This decision will be communicated by your Government to those of Madras and Bombay, by the former of whom the question has been raised, whether the passage money issued to Assistant Surgeon Eveyard of that Establishment, on his proceeding to Europe on medical certificate in October 1864, should be recovered from him.

5. In regard to this enquiry, I am of opinion that, in the few cases in which passage money has been granted, refund from the Officers need not be required.

I have, &c.,

(Signed) C. Wood.

No. 711 of 1865.—The grades of Laboratory man and Park Sergeant will be abolished in the Ordnance Department, and hereafter there will be one grade of Non-Commissioned Officer styled Magazine Sergeant, on a staff salary of Rupees twenty per mensem.

The latter portion of Article 39, Section XX. of the Pay Code of 1849, which limits the allowance, in lieu of tents and quarters of Staff Sergeants of the Ordnance Department, to Rupees ten per mensem, is cancelled; and the Non-Commissioned Officers of the Ordnance Department will, like other Non-Commissioned Officers, be allowed Rupees fifteen per mensem when not provided with tents or quarters.

No. 712 of 1865.—Staff Sergeant A. Litster, Head Clerk of the Office of the Chief Instructor of Musketry, is promoted to the rank of Sub-Conductor.

No. 713 of 1865.—The Right Hon'ble the Governor General in Council is pleased to permit His Excellency Lieutenant General Sir R. Napier, K. C. B., to resign his appointment of Honorary Colonel of the Corps of Calcutta Volunteer Rifles, with effect from the 10th June 1865.

No. 714 of 1865.—The following promotions are made in the undermentioned Corps of the Native Army:—

Corps.	Rank and Names.	To what rank promoted.	From what date.	In whose room.
5th Regiment, Bengal Cavalry	Ressaidar and Woordie Major Seeta Ram, Sirdar Bahadoor Kote Duffadar Shere Singh	Ressaidar	1st May 1865	Shaiik Rhyheem Ally, invalided.
	Do. Bakur Ally	Jemadar	Ditto	Mahomed Dulail Khan, invalided.
	Do. Bakur Ally	Ditto	Ditto	To complete the Establishment.
10th Regiment, Bengal Cavalry (Lancers)	Ressaidar Nehal Singh	Ressaidar	1st May 1864	Zalim Singh, invalided.
	Jemadar and Woordie Major Ibrahim Khan	Ressaidar	Ditto	Nehal Singh, promoted.
	Jemadar Maun Singh	Ditto	16th October 1864	Heera Singh, invalided.
	Kote Duffadar Easur Singh	Jemadar	1st May 1864	Ibrahim Khan, promoted.
	Do. Rajanda Singh	Ditto	1st May 1865	Khurruck Singh, invalided.
10th Regt., N. I.	Do. Mirza Abdoola Khan	Ditto	17th May 1865	Shabaz Khan, invalided.
	Jemadar Mohur Sing	Subadar	1st May 1865	Bhyro Ojha, invalided.
	Havildar Sheik Madar Bux	Jemadar	Ditto	Roocha Sing, invalided.
22nd (Punjab) Regt., N. I.	Do. Sheik Kurrainuttally	Ditto	Ditto	Mohur Sing, promoted.
	Havildar Gungah Singh	Ditto	Ditto	Buddun Singh, invalided.

No. 715 of 1865.—The following extracts from the *London Gazette* of the 30th May and 2nd June 1865, are published for general information:—

WAR OFFICE;

London, the 30th May 1865.

Her Majesty has also been graciously pleased to give orders for the appointment of

* * * * *

Surgeon Major Henry Bruges Buckle, 1st Punjab Regiment of Infantry, to be Ordinary Members of the Military Division of the 3rd Class, or Companion of the Most Honorable Order of the Bath.

INDIA OFFICE;

London, the 1st June 1865.

The Queen has been pleased to approve of the admission of the undermentioned Officers to the Bengal and Madras Staff Corps:—

BENGAL STAFF CORPS.

ADMISSIONS.

To be Captains.

Captain William Robert Gordon, late 68th Native Infantry. Dated 19th February, 1859.

Captain Henry Phillpotts, late 15th Native Infantry. Dated 19th April, 1860.

Captain Donald Macdonald, late 25th Native Infantry. Dated 1st January, 1862.

To be Lieutenants.

Lieutenant Arthur Donald Butter, 107th Foot. Dated 27th June, 1857.

Lieutenant Richard Thomas Hare, Royal (Bengal) Artillery. Dated 27th April, 1858.

Lieutenant William Jackson Stewart, Royal (Bengal) Artillery. Dated 27th April, 1858.

Lieutenant Fitzherbert Coddington, Royal (Bengal) Artillery. Dated 27th April, 1858.

Lieutenant Montague Charles Perreau, late 47th Native Infantry. Dated 30th April, 1858.

Lieutenant Thomas Myles Sandys, late 73rd Native Infantry. Dated 30th April, 1858.

Lieutenant Lindsay Charles de Lorentz Daniell, late 14th Native Infantry. Dated 18th May, 1858.

Lieutenant Edwin Colnett Corbyn, late 46th Native Infantry. Dated 18th May, 1858.

Lieutenant Edward George Wace, late 33rd Native Infantry. Dated 18th May, 1858.

Lieutenant William Henry Wilkins, of the Royal (Bengal) Artillery. Dated 27th August, 1858.

Lieutenant Richard Melville Clifford, late 60th Native Infantry. Dated 22nd October, 1858.

Lieutenant John William Taylor, Royal (Bengal) Artillery. Dated 10th December, 1858.

Lieutenant William Barron, Royal (Bengal) Artillery. Dated 11th December, 1858.

Lieutenant William James Wemyss Muir, Royal (Bengal) Artillery. Dated 11th December, 1858.

Lieutenant Charles Kenneth Mackinnon, late 63rd Native Infantry. Dated 23rd December, 1858.

Lieutenant Edward Newbery, late 6th European Infantry. Dated 29th March, 1859.

Lieutenant James Barry Slater, late 22nd Native Infantry. Dated 1st April, 1859.

Lieutenant Robert Parry Nisbet, Bengal General List. Dated 23rd July, 1861.

Lieutenant David Clapham Andrew, Bengal General List. Dated 11th September, 1861.

Lieutenant Alliston Champion Toker, Bengal General List. Dated 1st January, 1862.

Ensign John Barnes Sparkes, 38th Foot. Dated 24th June, 1863.

Ensign Edward G. Lillingston, 71st Foot. Dated 17th November, 1863.

Ensign Edward Augustus Raikes, of the 107th Foot. Dated 4th March, 1864.

H. W. NORMAN, Col.,

Secy. to the Govt. of India.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

No. 261.

ESTABLISHMENT.

Simla, the 15th July 1865.

Notifications.—C. Govindrajooloo Naidoo is appointed to the Public Works Department, as an Accountant of the 4th Grade, and posted to the Central Provinces, with effect from the 6th July 1865.

No. 262.

Captain G. J. F. Begbie, Madras Staff Corps, temporary Assistant Engineer, 2nd Class, Central Provinces, was allowed two months' general leave from the 13th June 1864.

No. 263.

Mr. J. E. Rodgers, Overseer, 2nd Grade, Mysore, has been granted one month's privilege leave of absence, from such date as he may avail himself of the same.

No. 264.

The 18th July 1865.

Leave on medical certificate for one year is granted to Mr. E. V. Vernon, Assistant Engineer, 1st Grade, British Burmah, from 3rd July. Preparatory leave from 7th June to that date, has also been granted to Mr. Vernon.

No. 265.

The 20th July 1865.

In continuation of Public Works Department Notification No. 190 of 25th May 1865, His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to make the following promotion with effect from 1st April 1865:—

From Executive Engineer 3rd Grade, to Executive Engineer 2nd Grade.

Lieutenant E. P. Gambier, Rajpootana.

C. H. DICKENS, Lieut.-Col., R.N.

Secy. to the Govt. of India.

NOTICE.

WHEREAS it appears to His Excellency the Governor General in Council that land is required to be taken up by Government at the public expense for the public purpose, *viz.*, for the formation of a cholera encampment for troops, at a place selected to the North-West of Mouza Mugurwara, which village is on the Trunk Road from Cawnpore to Lucknow, about six miles East from the former place and four miles West from Oonao; it is hereby notified that, for the above purpose, the following land will be appropriated:—

2. A piece of land, 626 yards in length and 376 in breadth, situated between the villages Akumpore and Sahjunnee, in the Pergunnah and District, Oonao.

This declaration is made under Section 2, Act VI. of 1857.

ZILLAH OONAO; } W. DUFF BRUCE,
DEPY. COMM. 'S OFFICE, } Asst. Secy. to Chief
The 21st June 1865. } Commr., Oudh.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE.

The undermentioned three Government Promissory Notes, belonging to Baboo Kaddarnath Mittre, having been destroyed by white ants, application is about to be made to the Loan Office for duplicates:—

No. 12940 of 20419 of 1842-43, Rs. 500.
No. 10646 of 8265 of 1842-43, Rs. 500.
No. 14440 of 1616 of 1835-36, Rs. 500.

Department of Issue of Paper Currency,
Calcutta Mint.

The following Currency Notes are this day available for coin at this Office.

These Notes are payable on presentation at the Offices of the Deputy Commissioners of Paper Currency where they have been issued.

To avoid delay, parties should not apply under sealed letters to the Head Commissioner, but personally with coin:—

Allahabad Circle Notes for Rupees	1,50,400
Lahore ditto ditto	7,78,600
Nagpore ditto ditto	26,54,000

(Signed) H. HYDE,

The 15th July 1865. Head Commissioner.

LOST.

Lower Half of Government Promissory Note No. 5517 of 4 per cent. Loan of 1842-43 for Co.'s Rs. 500.

The 26th June 1865.

JUGGODUMBA DASSEE.

The Sarawuk, Jacnee, Hindustan Banking and
Trading Company "Limited."

Capital two and a half crores of Rupees in shares
of Rs. 100 each.

Calls Rs. 10 per share on allotment.

NO FURTHER CALLS TO BE MADE FOR 12 MONTHS.

DIRECTORS:

PUNDIT SOW CHUNDER, of Delhi, Banker.

LALLAH CHEERUNJEE LALL, of Delhi, Banker.

LALLAH DOYARAM DOSS SARAWUK CHOWDRY, of
Furrucknuggur and Calcutta, Banker and Mer-
chant.

LALLAH MOOLCHUND CHOWDRY, of Furrucknuggur,
Banker.

LALLAH CHIMUN LOLL, of Jypore and Agra,
Banker.

LALLAH MOHUN LOLL, Deputy Magistrate of
Noker, Saharumpore.

LALLAH BARROOMULL, of Saharumpore, Zemindar.

PUNDIT SEETARAM, of Gwalior, Zemindar.

Managing Director and Secretary in Calcutta:

LALLAH DOYARAM DOSS SARAWUK CHOWDRY.

PROSPECTUS.

The objects for which this Company is to be established are the transaction of general Banking, Commission and Agency business, and also of general mercantile and trading business at Calcutta (where the Head Office shall be), with Branch Agencies and Offices at Delhi, Rewarree Bhowanee, Lahore, Umritsur, Mooltan, Rawul Pindee, Peshawur, Jumboo, Cashmere, Agra, Gwalior, Allyghur, Meerut, Saharumpore, Furruckabad, Cawnpore, Lucknow, Benares, Mirzapore, Bombay, Hyderabad, Ahmedabad, Nagpore, Indore, Jeypore, Joudpore, Ajmere, Kurrachee, and Roribhuckar.

Shares available for one-half of the above Capital, the other half having already been taken up. For further particulars and information, application to be made to

DOYARAM DOSS SARAWUK CHOWDRY,
Managing Director and Secretary,

CALCUTTA; }
No. 186, OLD CHINA BAZAAR. }

DESTROYED

By the Mutineers in 1857, two Government Promissory Notes, No. 21175 of 1854-55 at 4 per cent. for Rs. 3,000, and No. 21176 of 1854-55 at 4 per cent. for Rs. 3,000, standing in the name of Salamut Ally of Sundula by whom they were never endorsed in favor of any individual, and payment of which has been stopped by the Accountant General to the Government of India, Loan Department.

NEAZ ALLY, Mooktear of
SALAMUT ALLY, of Sundula, Oudh.

Statement of Government Promissory Notes enfaced for payment of Interest in London, shewing the total amount outstanding according to the Registers received in this Office up to 7th July 1865.

	4 PER CENT.		4 per cent. of 1828-29.	4 per cent. of 1832-33.	4 per cent. of 1835-36.	4 per cent. of 1842-43.	4 per cent. of 1854-55.	5 per cent., Public Works, of 1854-55.	5 per cent. of 1856-57.	5 1/2 per cent. of 1859-60.	3 1/2 per cent. of 1853-54.	3 1/2 per cent. of 1866-67.	TOTAL RUPEES.
	Transfer of 1865.	Transfer of 1824-25.											
Amount brought forward from State- ment dated 1st July 1863	2,23,900	53,000	300	26,23,200	24,54,100	1,09,44,700	77,65,200	35,23,700	5,10,20,800	2,78,19,700	17,600	16,000	10,64,08,200
<i>Add—</i> Amount enfaced at Madras, as per Regis- ters received up to date.	...	...	...	...	4,000	1,000	22,500	...	70,000	1,00,500	...	...	1,98,000
Amount enfaced at Bombay, as per Regis- ters received up to date	...	...	...	...	66,500	64,400	2,24,300	11,700	89,500	6,53,400	10,000	...	13,43,100
Amount enfaced at Calcutta up to date...	2,19,200	...	...	5,100	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	4,43,100	53,000	300	26,28,300	25,21,600	1,10,10,100	80,12,000	35,41,400	5,11,79,300	2,85,73,600	27,600	16,000	10,80,09,300
<i>Deduct—</i> Amount removed from the London Books, as per Registers received up to date...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	12,000	...	60,000	...	...	72,000
Total	4,43,100	53,000	300	26,28,300	25,21,600	1,10,10,100	80,12,000	35,29,400	5,11,79,300	2,85,13,600	27,600	16,000	10,79,37,300

FORT WILLIAM;
LOAN OFFICE,
The 12th July 1865.

R. P. HARRISON,
Acctt. Genl. to the Govt. of India.



The Gazette of India.

Published by Authority.

SIMLA, SATURDAY, JULY 29, 1865.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

LEGISLATIVE.

The following Act of the Governor General of India in Council received the assent of His Excellency the Governor General on the 14th July 1865, and is hereby promulgated for general information:—

ACT No. XXIV. of 1865.

An Act to give effect to certain Warrants of Attorney and Cognovits.

WHEREAS it is expedient to give effect to Warrants of Attorney to confess judgment in suits in the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, which were executed on the first day of July 1862, being the date of the establishment of the said Court, or on the date of the passing of this Act, or on any intermediate day, and to Cognovits executed or given on any of the days abovementioned by any defendant in any suit pending in the same Court; And whereas it is also expedient to render valid judgments which have been signed on such Warrants of Attorney and Cognovits respectively, and executions and subsequent proceedings which have been sued out and taken thereon; It is enacted as follows:—

1. Judgment may be signed in the said High Court upon every Warrant of Attorney and Cognovit actionem executed or given in or relating to proceedings in the same Court on the said first day of July 1862, or on the date of the passing of this Act, or on any intermediate day, in the same manner as judgments were signed in the late Supreme Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, upon Warrants of Attorney and Cognovits executed or given in or relating to proceedings in such Court; and all such Warrants of Attorney and Cognovits shall be subject, as nearly as circumstances permit, to all rules of Court and provisions of Acts of Parliament which were in force at the time when

Judgment may be signed on Warrants and Cognovits executed or given between 1st July 1862 and the date of passing of this Act, or on either of these days.

the said High Court was established, and to which Warrants of Attorney and Cognovits given in or relating to proceedings in the said Supreme Court were then subject.

2. A judgment entered up or signed on any Warrant of Attorney or Cognovit to which this Act extends, shall be deemed a decree of the said High Court, and may be executed and enforced accordingly.

Judgments on such Warrants or Cognovits to be as valid as if signed in the late Supreme Court.

3. Any judgment which has been signed on any such Warrant or Cognovit in the said High Court shall be deemed to be and always to have been as valid and effectual as if the same had been signed in the said Supreme Court upon a Warrant of Attorney or Cognovit given in that Court; and every writ of execution which has been sued out thereon, and every execution of any such writ, and all proceedings taken thereon, shall for all purposes be deemed and taken to be and always to have been as valid and effectual as if the same had been sued out of the said Supreme Court upon a judgment signed in the same Court upon a Warrant of Attorney or Cognovit given in or relating to proceedings in that Court; and no suit or other proceeding shall be commenced, prosecuted or carried on against any person for any thing done under or in pursuance of such judgment or execution which could not have been maintained if such judgment had been entered up in the said Supreme Court upon a Warrant of Attorney or Cognovit executed or given in or relating to proceedings in that Court, and the execution had been issued on such judgment.

Judgments on such Warrants or Cognovits to be as valid as if signed in the late Supreme Court.

4. The said High Court shall have the same powers to set aside or annul any such Warrant or Cognovit, and any judgment signed thereon and any execution issued upon such judgment, as the said Supreme Court exercised with respect to Warrants of Attorney or Cognovits executed or given in or relating to proceedings in that Court, and to judgments entered up thereon and to executions upon such judgments.

Power to High Court to set aside or annul Warrants and Cognovits.

any such Warrant or Cognovit, and any judgment signed thereon and any execution issued upon such judgment, as the said Supreme Court exercised with respect to Warrants of Attorney or Cognovits executed or given in or relating to proceedings in that Court, and to judgments entered up thereon and to executions upon such judgments.



5. Every Warrant of Attorney and Cognovit executed or given after the passing of this Act, in or relating to proceedings in the said High Court, or in any other High Court of Judicature in British India, and every judgment signed thereon, and all executions issued upon such judgments, shall be deemed null and void.

6. This Act may be extended, *mutatis mutandis*, to the High Court of Judicature at Bombay, by an order of the Governor in Council to be published in the Local Government Gazette.

This Act may be extended to the High Court at Bombay;

E. C. BATLEY,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

The following Act of the Governor General of India in Council received the assent of His Excellency the Governor General on the 14th July 1865, and is hereby promulgated for general information:—

ACT No. XXV. of 1865.

An Act to amend the Law relating to the duties of Customs on goods imported and exported by Sea.

WHEREAS it is expedient to amend the Law relating to Customs duties; It is enacted as follows:—

1. Act XVII. of 1865 is repealed.

2. In lieu of the Customs duties authorized to be charged in Act VII. of 1859 (to alter the duties of Customs on goods imported or exported by Sea), Act XXIII. of 1859 (to alter the rates of duty on goods

Customs Duties to be levied as prescribed in the Schedules annexed to this Act.

imported or exported by land from certain Foreign Territories into or from the Presidencies of Madras and Bombay, respectively), Act X. of 1860 (to amend Act VII., 1859, to alter the duties of Customs on goods imported or exported by Sea), Act XI. of 1862 (to amend Act X. of 1860, to amend Act VII. of 1859), Act XXIII. of 1862 (to amend Act XI. of 1862), and Act XXIII. of 1864 (to amend the Law relating to the Customs duties on goods imported by Sea), there shall be levied and collected the duties specified in the two Schedules A. and B. annexed to this Act. Provided always that nothing herein contained shall be deemed to alter the existing duties upon Salt and Opium, or to authorize the levy of duties in any free Port, or to affect the provisions of Act VI. of 1848 (for equalizing the duties on goods imported and exported on Foreign and British bottoms, and for abolishing duties on goods carried from Port to Port in the Territories subject to the Government of the East India Company), or to affect the provisions of the Consolidated Customs' Act.

3. So far as regards the Customs duty on the export of Saltpetre authorized to be levied by Schedule B. hereunto annexed, this Act shall take effect as if it had been passed and had received the assent of the Governor General on the ninth day of March 1865; and so far as regards the alterations made by this Act in Schedules A. and B. of the Customs duties which were authorized to be levied by Act XVII. of 1865, this Act shall take effect as if it had been passed and had received the assent of the Governor General on the first day of April 1865, and all duties which may have been levied from and after that date, other than those authorized to be levied according to Schedule B. annexed to this Act, shall be refunded. But save, as aforesaid, this Act shall take effect from the fourteenth day of July 1865.

4. This Act shall be cited as "The Indian Customs Duties' Act of 1865."

Short title.

SCHEDULE A.

Rates of Duty to be charged on the following goods imported by Sea into any Port in British India, not being a Free Port:—

1. Bullion and Coin	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Free.
2. Precious Stones and Pearls	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	"
3. Grain and Pulse	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	"
4. Horses and other living Animals	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	"
5. Ice	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	"
6. Coal, Coke, Bricks, Chalk, and Stones	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	"
7. Cotton Wool	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	"
8. Wool	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	"
9. Flax	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	"
10. Hemp	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	"
11. Jute	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	"
12. Hides and Skins, raw	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	"
13. Books	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	"
14. Paper	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	"
15. Maps, Prints, Music, and Works of Art	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	"
16. Seeds when imported by any Public Society for gratuitous distribution	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	"
17. Agricultural Implements	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	"

18. Firewood	...	Free.
19. Machinery used exclusively for purposes of Agriculture, Navigation, Mining, or Manufacture, or for Railway purposes, and materials forming necessary component parts of such machinery	...	"
And the Officer in charge of the Custom House, subject to the orders of the Local Government, acting under the general instructions of the Government of India, shall decide what articles come within the definition of such machinery, or materials forming component parts thereof, and such decision shall be final in law.		
20. Military and other Regulation Uniforms and Accoutrements when imported for private use by persons in the Public Service	...	"
21. Guano and manures of all kinds	...	"
22. Bottles	...	"
23. Wines and Liqueurs	...	One Rupee the imperial gallon.
24. Porter, Ale, Beer, Cider, and other similar fermented liquors	...	One Anna the imperial gallon.
25. Spirits	...	Three Rupees the imperial gallon, and the duty to be rateably increased as the strength exceeds London Proof.
Provided that ten per cent. <i>ad valorem</i> shall be charged on all spirits used exclusively in Arts and Manufactures, or in Chemistry, subject to such Rules as the Local Governments shall from time to time prescribe for ascertaining that such spirits are unfit for use as a beverage, and incapable of being converted to that purpose. And the Officer in charge of the Custom House, subject to the general instructions of the Local Government, shall decide what spirits fall within the proviso, and his decision thereon shall be final in law.		
26. Iron (which shall not be taken to include iron-mongery, cutlery, or hardware)	...	One per cent. <i>ad valorem</i> .
27. Hops	...	One per cent. <i>ad valorem</i> .
28. Tobacco, whether manufactured or not manufactured	...	Ten per cent. <i>ad valorem</i> .
29. Piece Goods	...	Five per cent. <i>ad valorem</i> .
30. Twist	...	Three and a half per cent. <i>ad valorem</i> .
31. All other articles not included in the above enumeration	...	Seven and a half per cent. <i>ad valorem</i> .

SCHEDULE B.

Rates of Duty to be charged upon goods exported by Sea to any Foreign Port, as defined in the Consolidated Customs' Act, from any Port in British India:—

1. Bullion and Coin	...	Free.
2. Precious Stones and Pearls	...	"
3. Horses and other living Animals	...	"
4. Rum	...	"
5. Spirits	...	"
6. Tobacco, and all preparations thereof	...	"
7. Cotton Wool	...	"
8. Flax	...	"
9. Hemp	...	"
10. Books	...	"
11. Maps, Prints, and Works of Art	...	"
12. Teak Timber	...	"
13. Coal	...	"
14. Iron	...	"
15. Jute	...	"
16. Coffee	...	"
17. Tea	...	"

18. Sugar ...	...	Free.
19. Wool ...	...	"
20. Hides and Skins, raw	...	"
21. Raw Silk and Silk Chussum	...	"
22. Grain and Pulse of all sorts	Two Annas the Indian maund	} Of forty seers, of eighty tolas to the seer.
23. Saltpetre	One Rupee the Indian maund	
24. Indigo	Three Rupees the Indian maund	
25. Lac Dye and Shell Lac	Four per cent. <i>ad valorem</i> .	
26. All country articles not enumerated or named above	Three per cent. <i>ad valorem</i> .	

E. C. BAYLEY,

Secy. to the Govt. of India.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

No. 274.

Simla, the 20th July 1865.

Notifications.—Ashruf Allee Khan, 1st Class Native Doctor, attached to the Oonow Dispensary in Oudh, has obtained six months' leave of absence from the 3rd instant, and 2nd Class Native Doctor Sheikh Mahomed Buksh has been appointed in his stead.

No. 276.

Lieutenant G. H. Trevor, of the Madras Staff Corps, is confirmed in the appointment of Inspector of Schools in the Eastern Circle of the Central Provinces, from the 25th June 1862.

No. 363.

The 24th July 1865.

The Governor General in Council is pleased to grant Captain C. L. Pereira, late District Superintendent of the Police of the Central Provinces, preparatory leave for eight weeks, with retrospective effect from the 15th November 1862.

This cancels Notification No. 6046, dated the 21st November 1862.

No. 366.

The Governor General in Council has been pleased to grant to the Reverend W. Simpson, M. A., Chaplain of Kussowlie, permission, after the 13th of September next, to proceed to England on furlough for the period of two years, with effect from the date on which he may avail himself of the same.

No. 369.

The Governor General in Council is pleased to attach Messrs. J. M. Pears, T. E. Ellison, F. Venning, and F. D. Bullock, of the Civil Service, reported qualified for the public service, to the North-Western Provinces, the Punjab, and Oudh.

The services of Messrs. Ellison, Venning, and Bullock are placed at the disposal of the Foreign Department.

No. 376.

Extension of leave for six months, on medical certificate, has been granted by the Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State to the Reverend E. Mourant Birch, of the Bengal Ecclesiastical Establishment.

No. 378.

The Governor General in Council is pleased to permit the Reverend R. Bland, who has completed a service of twenty years and upwards as Chaplain on the Bengal Ecclesiastical Establishment, to retire from the service from the 1st September 1865.

No. 379.

The Governor General in Council has been pleased to promote Junior Chaplain the Reverend W. W. Phelps to be Senior Chaplain, from the 1st September 1865, *vice* the Reverend R. Bland.

No. 388.

Her Majesty has been pleased to appoint Elphinstone Jackson, Esq., to be a Judge of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, from the 25th May last.

No. 393.

Her Majesty has been pleased to appoint Arthur George Macpherson, Esq., Barrister-at-Law, to be a Judge of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, from the 23rd May last.

No. 431.

The 26th July 1865.

Lieutenant General Sir Robert Napier, K. C. B., has resigned his appointment as a Member of the Council of the Governor General of India, with effect from the 10th of March 1865, the date of his departure from Calcutta.

The Hon'ble George Noble Taylor will accordingly be held to have assumed permanently the office of an Ordinary Member of the Governor General's Council from that date, and Colonel the Hon'ble H. M. Durand, C. B., to have filled the vacancy caused by the resignation of the Hon'ble H. B. Harrington, notified under date the 27th April 1865.

B.

PASSPORT No.

Mysore Forest Department.

To whom granted or residence.	Description of Timber.	Quantity.	Where cut.	Permitted to pass to.	Limit of Passport.	REMARKS.
						License No.

186

*Asst. Conservator of Forests or Amildar.*C. H. DICKENS, *Lieut.-Col., R. A.**Secy. to the Govt. of India.*

The following appointments of Post Office Officials in the Madras Presidency, are notified for general information:—

Mr. W. J. Cosby, to be Inspecting Post Master, 1st Class, in the Arcot Division, from 11th March 1841.

Mr. J. Hodges, to be Inspecting Post Master, 2nd Class, in the Ootacamund Division, from 1st September 1843.

Mr. T. Rhenius, to be Inspecting Post Master, 2nd Class, in the Bangalore Division, from 1st January 1855.

Mr. M. Percy, to be Inspecting Post Master, 3rd Class, in the Chicaole Division, from 11th April 1864.

Mr. W. J. Ross, to be Inspecting Post Master, 3rd Class, in the Calicut Division, from 10th January 1856.

Mr. W. Gregory, to be Inspecting Post Master, 4th Class, in the Palameottah Division, from 12th July 1856.

Mr. J. Honner, to be Inspecting Post Master, 4th Class, in the Masulipatam Division, from 7th January 1852.

Mr. R. Soobiah, to be Inspecting Post Master, 4th Class, in the Madura Division, from 1st July 1839.

Mr. W. R. Williams, to be Inspecting Post Master, 4th Class, in the Mount Division, from 26th November 1855.

Mr. J. D'Costa, to be Inspecting Post Master, 5th Class, in the Secundrabad Division, from 1st September 1846.

Mr. J. E. Kellie, to be Inspecting Post Master, 5th Class, in the Hyderabad Division, from 1st October 1852.

G. Tengarai Chetty, to be Inspecting Post Master, 5th Class, in the Bellary Division, from 18th November 1844.

Mr. J. W. Johnston, to officiate as Inspecting Post Master, 5th Class, in the St. Thomas' Mount Division, from 6th February 1864.

Mr. C. S. Bonifacio, to be Superintendent, Mail Cart Establishment between Bangalore and Hurrhur, and between Herrioor and Bellary, from September 1849.

Mr. T. H. Bradley, to be Post Master, 1st Class, in the Hyderabad, from 19th February 1864.

Mr. T. Defries, to be Post Master, 1st Class, in the Pondicherry, from 16th July 1850.

Mr. A. R. Lewis, to be Post Master, 1st Class, in the Ootacamund, from 18th March 1863.

Mr. W. H. Ricks, to be Post Master, 1st Class, in the Bellary, from 14th May 1864.

H. B. RIDDELL,

Dr. Genl. of the Post Office of India.

SINLA,

The 25th July 1865.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE.

The undermentioned three Government Promissory Notes, belonging to Baboo Kaddarnath Mittre, having been destroyed by white ants, application is about to be made to the Loan Office for duplicates:—

No. 12910 of 20119 of 1842-43, Rs. 500.

No. 10616 of 8265 of 1842-43, Rs. 500.

No. 14140 of 1616 of 1835-36, Rs. 500.

The Sarawuk, Jaence, Hindustan Banking and Trading Company "Limited."

Registered under Act XIX. of 1857 and Act VII. of 1860 of the Legislative Council of India.

CAPITAL—Rs. 2,50,00,000.

In 2,50,000 Shares of Rs. 100 each, of which more than half have been taken up.

FIRST CALL RS. 10 ON EACH SHARE.

No further Call will be made this year.

Intending Subscribers are requested to send in their applications forthwith with remittances.

TEMPORARY HEAD OFFICE:

CALCUTTA, NO. 186, OLD CHINA BAZAR.

DIRECTORS:

PENDIT SOW CHUNDER, of Delhi, Banker.
LALLAH CHEERUNJEE LALL, of Delhi, Banker.
LALLAH DOYARAM DOSS SARAWUK CHOWDRY, of Furrucknugur and Calcutta, Banker and Merchant.
LALLAH MOOLCHUND CHOWDRY, of Furrucknugur, Banker.
LALLAH CHIMEN LOLL, of Jeypore and Agra, Banker.
LALLAH MOHUN LOLL, Deputy Magistrate of Nokor, Saharnupore.
LALLAH BARROOMULL, of Saharnupore, Zemindar.
PUNDIT SEETARAM, of Gwalior, Zemindar.

BRANCHES:

Delhi, Rawaroon, Bhownance, Lahore, Umritsur, Mooltan, Rawal Pindia, Peshawar, Jumboo, Cashmere, Agra, Gwalior, Allyghur, Meerut, Saharnupore, Furruckabad, Cawnepore, Lucknow, Benares, Mirzapore, Bombay, Hyderabad, Ahmedabad, Nagpore, Indore, Jeypore, Joudpore, Ajmeer, Kurrachee, and Roribhuckur.

BANKERS:

THE BANK OF BENGAL
AND
THE AGRA AND MASTERMAN'S BANK LIMITED.

DRAFTS.

The Company will grant and negotiate Drafts on its Agencies.

RATES OF INTEREST ALLOWED.

On floating Deposits payable on demand, if not less than Rs. 500 and not more than Rs. 50,000,—unless special arrangements are made,—2 per cent. per annum.

At 3 months' notice,	3 per cent.
6 do.	4 per cent.
12 do.	5 per cent.

The Bank will not honor Cheques under Rs. 25.

COMMISSION.

The Bank takes charge of Government Securities, Shares in Banks, and other Joint Stock Companies, without charge, and realizes Interest and Dividends thereon in the following terms:—

If to be remitted by the Bank's own Drafts on its Agencies, no Commission will be charged, otherwise the rate of Commission will be 4 per cent.

On delivering up Securities from safe custody, and on the sale and purchase of Government Securities, Shares, &c., 4 per cent. will be charged.

As a Trading Company the Bank undertakes to purchase and sell all articles of merchandize, and will charge Commission on the net amount paid for them, or realized, at the following rates:—

On Gold, Silver and Sovereigns, 4 per cent.

Jewellery, Cloth, Twist, Cotton and other articles of merchandize, 2 per cent.

The above rates will be applicable to orders from places within the limits of Hindustan; but on those from other quarters a different or increased charge will be made.

Goods when purchased will be transmitted to the address of the parties with due care either by the Railway, or by Steamers, or otherwise as may be requested, but at the risk of the purchasers.

Insurances if desired will be procured by the Company.

All orders for purchase should be accompanied by remittances.

Any further information as to rules of business may be obtained on application to the Manager.

All Drafts, Cheques, &c., sent for collection, are to be made payable to the undermentioned.

Hours of business, from 10 A. M. to 3 P. M.

On Saturdays, from 10 A. M. to 1 P. M.

LALLAH DOYARAM DOSS SARAWUK CHOWDRY,
Managing Director and Secretary.

**Department of Issue of Paper Currency,
Calcutta Mint.**

The following Currency Notes are this day available for coin at this Office.

These Notes are payable on presentation at the Offices of the Deputy Commissioners of Paper Currency where they have been issued.

To avoid delay, parties should not apply under sealed letters to the Head Commissioner, but personally with coin:—

Allahabad Circle Notes for Rupees	1,50,400
Lahore ditto ditto	7,78,600
Nagpore ditto ditto	26,54,000

(Signed) H. HYDE,

The 22nd July 1865.

Head Commissioner.

THE GAZETTE OF INDIA.

During the absence from Calcutta of the Members of the Government of India, or until further orders, the *Gazette of India* will be published at Simla. All communications, therefore, regarding the *Gazette* should be addressed to that Station.

No. 438.

Assistant Surgeon D. Kearney, Civil Surgeon of Shwègyeen, British Burmah, was relieved of the medical charge of that station by Apothecary C. Doig, on the 24th June 1865.

No. 440.

Doctor Bonavia, Assistant Civil Surgeon, Lucknow, is granted three months' privilege leave, under the Rules applicable to Military Officers in Civil employ, from the 13th of August next, or from any subsequent date on which he may avail himself of the same.

No. 442.

The following revised boundary defining the jurisdiction of the Recorder of Moulmein, is published with the sanction of His Excellency the Governor General in Council, in rectification of the limits published in the *Gazette of India* of May 14th, 1864:—

From a pillar on the Northern extremity of Amberst Island, thence Eastward to a pillar on the right bank of the Wagroo Creek, and thence along the left bank of the Salween River, Northward to a pillar on the right bank of the Kyouk Tan Creek. From the mouth of the Kyouk Tan Creek, and up the right bank of the Creek to where the Kyouk Tan Road meets it, along the Kyouk Tan Road North to its junction with the Upper Mapoon Road, thence along the latter road to its junction with the Nantay Road, thence along the Nantay Road to Nantay Village, thence along the left bank of the River Attaran to the landing place called Ngyoung Benzeik, and then still along the left bank of the Attaran River to its junction with the Gyne Salween, marked by a pillar on the left bank, thence across the Attaran stream to a pillar on the right bank and Northward, skirting the shore of the mainland, to a pillar on the left bank of the Gyne River, thence across the said Gyne River to a pillar lying N. by E. on the right bank of the said river. Thence North along a line 1,000 feet from the bank of the Kuddo stream to a pillar South of the village of Yuathit, thence to a pillar in a Westerly direction on the extreme North point of Kau-ka-mee Island, thence along the Western bank of the said Island to a pillar on its Southern extremity. Thence along a line, passing Southward, down the centre of the stream and Westward of the Island of Kyun-thit, to the pillar on the left bank of the Attaran River, where that river falls into the Gyne Salween, thence along the left bank of the Sittang to Battery Point, but including the Island of Goung Tsee Guen. From Battery Point across the whole breadth of the Salween River, described by a line drawn West, to a pillar on the North point of the Island of Kall Mopoon, thence along the Eastern shore of the Island of Kall Mopoon, and on Southward, along the Eastern shore of the Island of Beeloo Gyoon, continuing still Southward along the Eastern shore of the Long Island, and thence in a South-westwardly direction to a pillar on the Southern extremity of Beeloo Gyoon Island, and thence Southward to a pillar on the Northern extremity of Amberst Island.

In the limits above described, the boundaries of the Recorder's jurisdiction along the banks of rivers and streams, extend to low water mark.

No. 444.

Lieutenant J. W. W. Costley, 23rd Royal Welsh Fusiliers, Officiating Assistant Superintendent of Police, British Burmah, is confirmed in that appointment.

Lieutenant C. H. A. Gower, Royal Artillery, is appointed to officiate as Assistant Superintendent of Police, British Burmah, *vice* Costley.

The above appointments to take effect from the 18th March 1865.

No. 446.

The Governor General in Council is pleased to attach Mr. W. H. Thompson, of the Civil Service, reported qualified for the public service, to the Bengal Division of the Presidency of Fort William.

No. 449.

Doctor F. J. Pettingal, Civil Assistant Surgeon of Gonda, is permitted to resign that appointment, and his services are replaced at the disposal of the Military Department.

No. 452.

The Governor General in Council is pleased to appoint Mr. T. H. Knolles, Civil Engineer, to be an Honorary Magistrate, and to invest him with the powers of a subordinate Magistrate of the 1st Class, to be exercised within the Pergunnahs of Moondee and Poonassa in the Nimar District of the Central Provinces.

No. 454.

The undermentioned Tehseeldars in Oudh are invested with the powers of a subordinate Magistrate of the 2nd Class, described in Section 22 of Act XXV. of 1861:—

Golam Hyder, Tehseeldar of	} Zillah Roy Bahar; Mahomed Uskarre, Tehseeldar of Hydergurh ... } reilly.
Behar;	
Tehseeldar of Hydergurh ...	

No. 456.

The Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that, in the Province of British Burmah, the Office of the Chief Commissioner of British Burmah at Rangoon, shall, until further orders, be the Office in which declarations made under Section 11 of Act. X. of 1865, shall be deposited.

No. 492.

Moung Shwe Noo, while officiating as Extra Assistant Commissioner, 3rd Class, British Burmah, is invested with the powers of a subordinate Magistrate of the 2nd Class, under Section 22 of Act XXV. of 1861.

No. 520.

Captain M. Procter, District Superintendent of Police, Sultanpore, has been granted one month's privilege leave under the Rules applicable to Military Officers in Civil employ, from the 25th instant or from such subsequent date as he may avail himself of the same.

No. 526.

The 28th July 1865.

Apothecary R. D. Logg, M. R. C. S., is appointed to the Civil Medical charge of Sumbulpore in the Central Provinces, *vice* Doctor W. F. Goss, deceased.

E. C. BAYLEY,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

No. 652.

POLITICAL.

Simsa, the 25th July 1865.

Notifications.—His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor General in Council is pleased to recognize the appointment of Mr. Ferdinand Von der Hyde as Consul for Bremen at Singapore.

No. 666.

The 27th July 1865.

Subject to the confirmation of Her Majesty's Government, His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor General in Council is pleased to recognize Mr. Eugene Lefancheur as Consular Agent for France at Coconada.

No. 1533.

GENERAL.

The 27th July 1865.

Notifications.—Leave of absence to visit Bombay, preparatory to applying for furlough, is granted to Major W. G. Cumming, Bheel Agent and Political Assistant, Bhopawur, and Commandant of the Malwa Bheel Corps, from the 20th proximo to the 9th of September, or to date of departure of the first English Mail Steamer in that month.

No. 1565.

Captain P. W. Bannerman, 2nd Assistant to the Governor General's Agent, for Central India, is appointed Bheel Agent and Political Assistant, Bhopawur Agency, and Commandant of the Malwa Bheel Corps, *vice* Major Gordon Cumming, proceeding to Europe on furlough.

W. MUIR,

Secy. to the Govt. of India.

No. 298.

JUDICIAL.

The 25th July 1865.

Notification.—A Commission of the Peace was issued from the High Court of Judicature in Bengal on the 8th instant, directed to the under-mentioned Officers serving in the Mysore Commission:—

Captain Archibald George Douglas Logan.

Captain Charles Annesley Benson.

Lieutenant Edward Pennycook Maltby.

Lieutenant Elphinstone Shaw.

Lieutenant Charles Stuart Blair.

No. 1538.

GENERAL.

The 22nd July 1865.

Notifications.—Captain E. Thompson, Deputy Commissioner and Settlement Officer of Seetapore, has obtained privilege leave of absence for three months, under the orders of Government, dated 13th October 1863, from the afternoon of the 24th ultimo.

Lieutenant G. G. Young, Assistant Settlement Officer, will officiate as Settlement Officer during Captain Thompson's absence.

No. 1540.

Mr. R. M. King, Deputy Commissioner and Settlement Officer, Pertabgurrh in Oudh, is granted three months' leave of absence, under Section 6 of the new Civil Service Absentee Rules, from the 15th instant or from the subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it.

No. 1542.

Mr. W. C. Capper, Deputy Commissioner of Lucknow, is granted seventeen days' leave from the 15th instant, or from the date on which he may avail himself of it, to proceed to Calcutta for the purpose of appearing before the Medical Board.

No. 1544.

Nujuf Ali Khan and Pundit Madhopershad, Extra Assistant Commissioners of the Settlement Department in Oudh, have been granted leave for one month, under para. 16 of the new Uncovenanted Service Absentee Rules, the former from the 15th and the latter from the 17th instant, or from the subsequent date on which they may avail themselves of the leave granted them.

No. 1547.

The 24th July 1865.

Captain C. A. Benson and Lieutenant E. Shaw, Probationary Assistants in Mysore, having passed the examination in Canarese and in the Lower Standard prescribed for Officers in the Mysore Commission, are permanently appointed to be Assistants of the 3rd Class.

No. 1549.

Moung Pho, appointed in G. O. No. 1078, dated 17th May, to be an Extra Assistant Commissioner, 3rd Grade, in British Burmah, assumed charge of his duties on the afternoon of the 15th April 1865.

No. 1560.

The 27th July 1865.

Baboo Nobin Kristo Bose, Extra Assistant Commissioner of Saugor, has obtained three months' leave of absence on private affairs, from the date on which he may avail himself of it.

Mr. Joseph Lloyd is appointed to officiate as Extra Assistant Commissioner during the absence on leave of Baboo Nobin Kristo Bose.

A. COLVIN,

Offy. Under-Secy. to the Govt. of India.

FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT.

No. 1591.

Simla, the 27th July 1865.

Notifications.—Mr. J. Eede took charge of the Office of Deputy Accountant General, North-Western Provinces, on the forenoon of the 22nd July 1865.

No. 1630.

The 28th July 1865.

Mr. Beatson, Patrol, attached to the Saugor Division of the Customs Line, to be a Patrol of the 1st Class, with effect from the 7th June 1865.

No. 1639.

In continuation of Notification No. 831, dated the 15th ultimo, the following Statement of Cash Balances, as reported up to his date in the Government Treasuries in India, at the close of the month of May last, contrasted with that of the previous years, is published for general information:—

	May 1863.	May 1864.	May 1865.
	<i>Rupces.</i>	<i>Rupces.</i>	<i>Rupces.</i>
Govt. of India ...	4,05,80,267	2,48,13,395	1,81,03,205
Bengal ...	1,87,02,255	1,56,37,076	1,60,30,470
British Burmah ...			32,89,845
N. W. Provinces... }	3,06,23,021	2,17,70,883	2,11,11,657
Oudh ... }			46,96,372
Punjab ...	1,01,61,781	98,75,575	1,19,71,951
Bombay ...	2,96,28,341	2,56,14,423	2,38,47,901
Central Provinces.. }	40,64,094	40,22,561	42,08,259
Decan ... }	37,82,736	31,29,565	32,91,731
Madras ...	3,99,63,530	2,95,92,026	2,48,03,024
Total Rupces ...	17,84,06,025	13,44,56,404	13,13,54,415

N. B.—In Notification No. 831, dated the 15th June 1865, the Cash Balance in the North-Western Provinces, on 30th April 1865, should have been stated at Rs. 1,86,06,644.

By Order of the Governor General in Council,

E. H. LUSHINGTON,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

Simla, the 21st July 1865.

No. 716 of 1865.—His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to make the following appointments:—

PUNJAB IRREGULAR FORCE.

1st Punjab Cavalry.

Captain E. P. W. Ripley, 2nd Squadron Officer, to officiate as 2nd in Command and Squadron Officer, during the period Lieutenant C. S. McLean may officiate as Commandant, or until further orders.

3rd Punjab Cavalry.

Lieutenant W. C. Anderson, 2nd Squadron Officer, to officiate as 2nd in Command and Squadron

Officer, during the absence on furlough to Europe on private affairs of Lieutenant Vivian, or until further orders.

5th Punjab Cavalry.

Lieutenant G. C. Bird, Adjutant, to officiate as 2nd in Command and Squadron Officer, during the absence on sick leave to Europe of Captain Millett, or until further orders.

The 24th July 1865.

No. 717 of 1865.—The undermentioned Student of the military class, attached to the Medical College, having been reported qualified to serve as Native Doctor, is admitted into the service accordingly from the date specified opposite his name, and placed at the disposal of the Principal Inspector General, Medical Department:—

Shaik Kedar Buksh 3rd ... 10th July 1865.

No. 718 of 1865.—The undermentioned Officer is permitted to proceed to Europe, on leave of absence, on sick certificate:—

Lieutenant James Stuart Mc-
ville, unattached. } For eighteen
months, under
the new Re-
gulations.

No. 719 of 1865.—The undermentioned Officer is permitted to proceed to Europe, on leave of absence, on sick certificate:—

Lieutenant George Frederick
Marrie Phillips, of the Ben-
gal Staff Corps, Quarter
Master, 8th Regiment, Na-
tive Infantry. } For sixteen
months.

No. 720 of 1865.—The following order issued by the Resident at Hyderabad, is confirmed:—

"No. 93, dated 23rd June 1865.—Confirming the Station Order by the Officer Commanding at Elliehpoor, dated 17th December 1864, directing Assistant Surgeon G. D. Riddell to relieve Assistant Surgeon D. C. McAllum, M. D., of the medical charge of No. 1 Light Field Horse Battery, Hyderabad Contingent, Left Wing, 1st Cavalry, Hyderabad Contingent, and details of the station, from the above date."

No. 721 of 1865.—It has been ruled by the Right Honorable the Secretary of State for India, that Officers appointed to staff situations between the 19th February 1860 and the 18th February 1861, and who applied to enter the Staff Corps before October 1861, shall be permitted to enter the Corps from the 18th February 1861, and will be entitled to reckon their past staff service towards promotion, in accordance with the 85th para. of G. O. G. G. No. 332 of the 10th April 1861.

2. The Governments of Madras and Bombay will be good enough to make any alterations in the dates of rank or of admission rendered necessary in the Staff Corps of those Presidencies by the foregoing decisions.

The 25th July 1865.

No. 722 of 1865.—The undermentioned Officer is permitted to proceed to Europe, on leave of absence, on sick certificate:—

Lieutenant Henry Scoley Moules, of the General List, Infantry. { For eighteen months, under the new Regulations.

No. 723 of 1865.—In continuation of G. G. O. No. 680 of the 10th instant, the undermentioned Non-Commissioned Officers and men of Her Majesty's Lahore Light Horse are admitted to pension, as specified opposite to their respective names:—

Rank and Names.	Rate of Pension per mensem.			Where payable.
	Rs.	A.	P.	
Regimental Serjeant-Major William Cross	37	4	4	In India.
Quarter Master Serjeant Alexander Brass	16	2	4½	
Farrier Major James Workman	33	8	8	
Hospital Serjeant Felix Swain	30	0	0	
School Master Serjeant John Forrest	19	14	0	
Private Alexander Clarke	14	14	6	
Private Benjamin Jacques	11	2	10½	
Private Richard White	11	2	10½	
Private Edward Mitchell	7	7	3	

No. 724 of 1865.—Major Osborn Wilkinson, of the Stud Department, is allowed leave of absence for three months from the 3rd instant, in extension of privilege leave, to remain at Simla on medical certificate.

No. 725 of 1865.—The services of Lieutenant Edmund Faunce, of the Madras Staff Corps, are temporarily placed at the disposal of the Foreign Department.

No. 726 of 1865.—His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to make the following appointment in the Calcutta Volunteer Rifle Corps:—

Lieutenant H. H. Stansfeld, late 6th European Regiment, to be Adjutant, in room of Lieutenant (Brevet Captain) Posbery, proceeded to Europe on sick leave under the old Rules.

The 27th July 1865.

No. 727 of 1865.—The following promotions are made in the undermentioned Corps of the Native Army:—

Corps.	Rank and Names.	To what rank promoted.	From what date.	In whose room.
15th (the Loodiana) Regiment, N. I.	Jemadar Ramruttun	Subadar ...	1st May 1865..	Futteh Sing, invalided.
	Havildar Bahall Sing	Jemadar ...	Ditto ...	Ramruttun, promoted.

No. 728 of 1865.—The undermentioned Officer is permitted to proceed to Europe, on leave of absence, on sick certificate:—

Assistant Surgeon Thomas Beard Farncombe, of the Bengal Medical Establishment, late in charge of the 11th Regiment, Native Infantry, and Wing of the 5th Bengal Cavalry. { For twenty months, under the new Regulations.

No. 729 of 1865.—The following promotions by Brevet are made under the operation of G. G. O. No. 632 of the 4th August 1864, subject to Her Majesty's approval:—

BREVET.

Corps.	Rank and Name.	Date from which entitled to the rank of Lieut.-Colonel.
	<i>To be Lieutenant-Colonel.</i>	
Late 71st N. I.	Major Henry Dinning	10th July 1865.
	<i>To be Major.</i>	<i>Date from which entitled to the rank of Major.</i>
Bengal Staff Corps	Captain George Leith Fraser	4th July 1865.

No. 730 of 1865.—The following promotions are made, subject to Her Majesty's approval:—

Corps.	Rank and Name.	To what rank promoted.	From what date.	In succession to.
Cadre of the late 2nd Eur. Bengal Fusiliers	Lieut. Thomas Cadell, v. c., Staff Corps	Captain	16th May 1865	Captain K. J. W. Coghill, Staff Corps, exchanged to 19th Hussars.
Cadre of the late 29th Regiment, N. I.	Captain (Brevet Lieut.-Col.) Charles Samuel John Terrot	Major	6th July 1865	Major (Brevet Lieut.-Col.) M. B. Whish, deceased.
	Lieut. Henry St. George Tucker	Captain		
Cadre of the late 4th Eur. Regiment	Lieut. Owen Ivan Chalmers, Staff Corps	Captain	9th July 1865	Captain W. P. Fish er, Staff Corps, deceased.

No. 731 of 1865.—Lieutenant-Colonel Edward Dayot Watson, Commandant, 11th Regiment, Native Infantry, is permitted to proceed to the Neilgherry Hills, on medical certificate, and to be absent from Bengal on that account for four months, under the old Regulations.

No. 732 of 1865.—The undermentioned Officer is permitted to proceed to Europe, on leave of absence, on sick certificate:—

Lieutenant Ernest Lightfoot, of the Bengal Staff Corps, } For eighteen
Wing Officer, 44th (Sylhet) } months.
Regiment, Native Infantry.

No. 733 of 1865.—The undermentioned Officer is admitted to the Bengal Staff Corps with effect from the date of its formation, viz., 18th February 1861, subject to the confirmation of the Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India:—

Lieutenant (Brevet Captain) W. Playfair, late 4th Regiment, Native Infantry, Adjutant, 2nd Infantry, Nagpore Irregular Force, and late Assistant District Superintendent of Police at Jhansie.

No. 734 of 1865.—His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to attach Ensign J. B. Hutchinson, of Her Majesty's 82nd Foot, to the 5th Goorkha Regiment, Punjab Irregular Force, to do duty, in order to qualify himself for admission to the Staff Corps.

The 28th July 1865.

No. 735 of 1865.—Captain W. M. Lees, Her Majesty's 23rd Foot, Officiating Deputy Judge Advocate General, to be a Deputy Judge Advocate General on the Establishment, to fill an existing vacancy, with effect from the 1st November 1862.

No. 736 of 1865.—The undermentioned Officer is admitted to the Bengal Staff Corps, with effect from the date specified opposite to his name, subject to the confirmation of the Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India:—

Captain William Mannings }
Lees, 23rd Royal Welsh Fusiliers, Deputy Judge Advocate General, Oudh Division. } 1st November 1862.

No. 737 of 1865.—Lieutenant General Sir Robert Napier, K. C. B., late an Ordinary Member of the Council of the Governor General of India, was permitted to proceed to Europe on leave of absence on sick certificate for four months, under the new Regulations, with effect from the 10th March last.

H. W. NORMAN,
Secy. to the Govt. of India

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

No. 266.

ESTABLISHMENT.

Simla, the 22nd July 1865.

Notifications.—Notification No. 178, dated 19th May 1865, is hereby cancelled.

No. 267.

Sergeant J. Hurst, Overseer, 1st Grade, transferred from the Punjab to the Rajpootana Circle in Notification No. 144, dated 1st May 1865, joined that Circle on the 12th June 1865, and is posted to the Nusseerabad Division.

No. 268.

The 25th July 1865.

Corporal J. Telford, Overseer, 1st Grade, Public Works Department, Mysore, is allowed one month's leave of absence on medical certificate, from such date as he may avail himself of the same.

No. 269.

The 26th July 1865.

Sergeant D. Keough, Supervisor, 2nd Grade, Oudh, has been transferred from the 2nd Road Division to the Fyzabad Division, and joined the latter Division on the 10th July 1865.

No. 270.

Mr. J. H. Wilson, Executive Engineer, 4th Grade, transferred from the Central Provinces to Oudh in Public Works Department Notification No. 194 of the 29th May 1865, assumed charge of the 2nd Oudh Road Division on the forenoon of the 8th July 1865.

No. 271.

Sergeant E. Tarrant, of Her Majesty's 80th Foot, Overseer, 1st Grade, Central Provinces, is removed from the Public Works Department for misconduct, and his services are replaced at the disposal of the Military Department.

No. 272.

Erratum.—In Public Works Department Notification No. 181 of the 20th May 1865, for "temporary Supervisor, 1st Grade," read *temporary Supervisor, 2nd Grade.*

No. 273.

The 27th July 1865.

Mr. G. Thomson, Overseer, 1st Grade, Mysore, having returned to duty on the 4th July 1865, the unexpired portion of leave granted to him in Public Works Department Notification No. 230 of the 22nd ultimo, is cancelled.

No. 13F.

REVENUE.—FORESTS.

The 22nd July 1865.

Notification.—The following Rules framed under the provisions of Act VII. of 1865, for the Conservancy and Management of the Forests in the Territories of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, have been confirmed by the Viceroy and Governor General in Council, and are, in conformity with Section 6 of the Act, published in the *Gazette of India* :—

Forest Rules for Mysore.

The Mysore Forest Conservancy having been established under the orders of the Supreme Government, the following Rules are published for information :—

1. It is the duty of the Conservancy Department to preserve valuable timber, to establish nurseries for the growth of firewood and for planting avenues, and to prevent the spoliation of immature trees and felling at the sources of streams. The Forest Conservator will issue such detailed Rules, as he thinks proper, for the guidance of the Conservancy Establishment; but the following list of trees which may be cut by the ryot free of duty, or which are reserved either to him or to the trader, are notified for information with the rates leviable on each species.

2. Ryots may cut, without molestation and free of duty, all trees in their own Talook, except those shewn in the accompanying list No. 1. These are reserved with the exemptions noted, and if the ryot requires any of them, he must take out a license and pay for them as a trader. He may receive all other trees shewn as reserved in the annexed traders' list No. 2, and not specified in list No. 1 as dutiable, free of duty and without license or permit, on the distinct understanding that the wood is used for his own agricultural and domestic purposes, and not for sale, and that immature timber is not cut. Mature trees must be felled two feet from the base, all branches and tops squareable to six inches must be taken, and no waste is allowed.

3. No. 1. List of reserved trees which (with the exceptions shewn) must be paid for both by ryot and trader, a license being obtained on payment of the rates of duty shewn in the following table:—

NAME OF TREE.	NUNDIDROOG DIVISION.	ASHTAGRAM DIVISION.	NUGUR DIVISION.			
			Hill Talooks.		Plain Talooks.	
			Rate per chuckra cart-load.	Rate per Hooloo or Waggon load.	Rate per chuckra cart-load.	Rate per Hooloo or Waggon load.
1. Sandal...	Sold only at Auction at Depot	Sold at Auction at Depot	Sold only at Auction at Depot	Sold only at Auction at Depot	Sold only at Auction at Depot	Sold only at Auction at Depot
2. Tonk ...	Not found	Ditto	Do.	Do.	Do.	Do.
3. Stunted Tonk ...	Rupees 7	Rupees 8	2	4	3	6
4. Koovl ...	Not found	Ditto	2	4	3	6
5. Nandi or Benteak ...	Ditto	Ditto	2	4	3	6
6. Honay ...	Rupees 7	Ditto	3	6	4	8
7. Muttee or Karamuttee ...	Ditto	Ditto	2	4	3	6
8. Bhti or Blackwood ...	Ditto	Ditto	3	6	4	8
9. Hebulus or wild Jack ...	Not found	Not found	2	4	3	6
10. Honall ...	Ditto	Ditto	3	6	4	8
11. Heswa ...	Ditto	Rupees 7	Not found	Not found	Not found.	Not found.
12. Jhala or Lac Tree ...	Rupees 7	Free to Ryots	Free to Ryots	Free to Ryots	Free to Ryots	Free to Ryots
13. Dindaga ...	Ditto	Ditto	Do.	Do.	Ditto.	Ditto.
14. Bilwar ...	Ditto	Ditto	Do.	Do.	Ditto.	Ditto.
15. Karuchee ...	Ditto	Not found	Not found	Not found	Not found.	Not found.

ABSTRACT.

RESERVED SPECIES.

Nundidroog Division—9 reserved from Ryots, all reserved from Traders.

Ashtagram ditto 9 ditto ditto.

Nugur ditto 10 ditto ditto.

4. No. 2. List of reserved trees which (if not included in the previous list) the ryot may obtain free for his own use and not for sale, but which the trader must pay for on license at the following rates:—

NAME OF TREE.	NUNDIDROOG DIVISION.	ASHTAGRAM DIVISION.	NUGUR DIVISION.			
			Hill Talooks.		Plain Talooks.	
			Per chuckra cart-load.	Per Hooloo or Waggon load.	Per chuckra cart-load.	Per Hooloo or Waggon load.
1. Babool ...	7	4½	2	4	3	6
2. Hoolwai ...	7	6	Not found	Not found	Not found.	Not found.
3. Dumee ...	5	4½	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto.	Ditto.
4. Kadagamara ...	5	Not found	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto.	Ditto.
5. Hanlay ...	5	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto.	Ditto.
6. Somay ...	5	4½	2	4	3	6
7. Bangay ...	5	4½	2	4	3	6
8. Hettiga or Arsentiga ...	5	4½	Not found	Not found	Not found.	Not found.
9. Kuglimara ...	7	4½	Not found	Not found	Not found.	Not found.
10. Ippay ...	5	4½	2	4	3	6
11. Jembay ...	5	4½	2	4	3	6
12. Moogli ...	5	Not reserved	Not reserved	Not reserved	Not reserved.	Not reserved.
13. Hecgay ...	5	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto.	Ditto.
14. Neem ...	5	4½	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto.	Ditto.
15. Bambusa ...	2½	1	1	1	1	1
16. Ebony ...	Not found	6	3	6	Not found.	Not found.
17. Sree Honay ...	Ditto	6	2	4	3	6
18. Sandree ...	Ditto	4½	Not found	Not found	Not found.	Not found.
19. Dindaga ...	7, See list 1.	4½	Not reserved	Not reserved	Not reserved.	Not reserved.
20. Bilwar ...	Ditto	4½	2	4	2	4
21. Jhala or Lac tree ...	Ditto	4½	2	4	2	4
22. Bahay ...	Not found.	Not found	3	6	4	8
23. Mussoo ...	Ditto	Ditto	2	4	3	6
24. Hodaga ...	Ditto	Ditto	2	4	3	6
25. Nowladee ...	Ditto	Ditto	2	4	3	6
26. Yenasoo ...	Ditto	Ditto	2	4	3	6
27. Wild Chumpaka ...	Ditto	Ditto	2	4	3	6

5. One cart-load is equal to 2 wudder cart-loads, or 4 plough cart-loads, or 4 bullock or 5 ass-loads, or 16 cooly-loads.

6. The Mulnaad or Hill Talooks in the Nugur Division are as follows:—Shemogah, Shikarpoor, Andantpoor, Sotub, Sagur, Nugur, Koulidroog, Lakhowulli, Koppa, Wustara and Chickmoogloor; all other Talooks in the three Districts of Shemogah, Cudoor, and Chituldroog, are plain Talooks.

7. All mature trees not included in the foregoing lists (fruit trees excepted), as also useless boughs of felled reserved timber, fallen dry bamboos, and brushwood, together with leaves and shrubs required for manure, are free to all ryots in their own Talook without let or hindrance.

8. The Superintendent or Deputy Superintendent may stop the cutting in any jungles of any timber reserved or unreserved, for sufficient reason.

9. Ryots or traders requiring any of the reserved timber (except sandal and teak), regulated as above (where no exemption in favor of the ryot is mentioned in List No. 1), must apply direct either to the Assistant Conservator or to the Amildar of the Talook, stating—

1. Name and residence of applicant.
2. Number of cart-loads required.
3. Description of tree.
4. Name of jungle and Hobbie in which to be cut.
5. Limit of time for cutting.

The applicant must at the same time produce, or send with his application, a receipt showing that he has paid into the District or Talook Treasury the value of the timber required by him.

10. A license and passport will then be given to the applicant in the Forms A. and B., the former to be returned by him before the expiry of the limit prescribed in it, and the latter to be kept by him as a voucher for his possessing the wood. Such license may be

renewed at the discretion of the Assistant Conservator. Amildars are empowered to grant licenses for any amount not exceeding 15 cart-loads.

11. No money in payment of wood will be received by the Forest or Sayer Departments.

12. Reserved timber and bamboos not covered by a pass will be stopped, and the parties found in possession will be liable to prosecution.

13. Ryots found trading in the reserved woods in List No. 2, or felling without license woods in List No. 1 (save the exemptions noted), will be prosecuted under Act VII. of 1865, the timber being sold on behalf of Government; 25 per cent. of the net profit may be paid to the informer whether he be in the Forest Department or not.

14. The following offences are punishable under Act VII. of 1865, viz., destroying saplings; damaging nurseries, avenues and fruit trees; felling and burning jungle for cultivation, or coffee planting without permission; smuggling sandalwood; using reserved timber for firewood; collecting, without written permission of the Revenue Officers, the Topaul (or *Acacia lineophlea*) and Thungadec Bark (or *Cassia auriculata*), as also Siga cayee (or *Mimosa-abstergeus*), gums, lac wax, and other forest produce; setting fire to grass in the vicinity of coffee plantations without giving previous notice.

15. Charcoal burners, iron-smelters and jaggory boilers, are prohibited from using reserved timber and green bamboos for firewood.

16. Private individuals, whether ryots or others, may cut reserved trees and bamboos on their own lands and "Kans" for their own use without restriction, but such wood cannot be removed or sold without a license being obtained as in the case of traders.

17. The Forest Department is authorized to add to the list of reserved timber, and shall be at liberty at any time to revise these Rules under proper authority, giving due notice of any amendment.

A.

License

Registered No.

Passport No.

Date of Issue.	To whom granted and residence.	Name of Timber.	Name of Forest.	No. of cart-loads.	Where to be collected.	Limit of License.	Rate per cart-load.	Amount paid into what Treasury, and date on which the License was returned by the applicant to the grantor.

Date.

Signature.



SUPPLEMENT TO The Gazette of India.

CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, JULY 29, 1865.

OFFICIAL PAPERS.

A SUPPLEMENT to the GAZETTE OF INDIA will be published from time to time, containing such Official Papers and information as the Government of India may deem to be of interest to the Public, and such as may usefully be made known.

Non-Subscribers to the GAZETTE may receive the SUPPLEMENT separately on a payment of six Rupees per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or nine Rupees four annas if sent by Post.

No Official Orders or Notifications the publication of which in the GAZETTE OF INDIA is required by Law, or which it has been customary to publish in the CALCUTTA GAZETTE, will be included in the SUPPLEMENT. For such Orders and Notifications the body of the GAZETTE must be looked to.

Government of India.

Abstract of the Proceedings of the Council of the Governor General of India assembled for the purpose of making Laws and Regulations under the Provisions of the Act of Parliament 24 and 25 Vic., C. 67.

The Council met at Simla on Friday, the 14th July 1865.

PRESENT:

His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor General of India, *presiding*.

His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief.

The Hon'ble W. Grey.

The Hon'ble G. N. Taylor.

The Right Hon'ble W. N. Massey.

The Hon'ble Colonel H. M. Durand, C. B.

The Hon'ble W. Muir.

The Hon'ble Rajah Sahib Dyal Bahadoor.

BILL TO GIVE EFFECT TO CERTAIN WARRANTS OF ATTORNEY AND COGNOVITS.

The Hon'ble MR. GREY, in moving for leave to introduce the Bill to give effect to certain Warrants of Attorney and Cognovits, said that the Statement of Objects and Reasons related the circumstances under which the present Bill became necessary, and that hardly any further remarks were required in introducing it. He might say, however, that the measure was founded on a petition which had been originally presented to the Chief Justice, who, though declining to be the medium of forwarding it to Government, made some observations in doing so, which seemed

to indicate an opinion favorable to its object. On the receipt of the petition, the Chief Justice was accordingly consulted, and the present Bill has been prepared under his advice and instruction.

It had not been considered necessary to publish the Bill, as its object was merely to restore to persons beneficially interested in the Judgments, Warrants of Attorney, and Cognovits, to which the Bill relates, the status which up to the time of Mr. Justice Norman's decision they had been supposed on all hands to possess, and to indemnify the Officers of the Court for acts done *bona fide* in the discharge of their supposed duty—the purpose of the Bill was therefore wholly equitable, and would not deprive any one of anything which was justly his right. On the other hand, to have published the Bill might to some extent have defeated its object, and possibly have been the cause of much vexatious litigation.

The Motion was put and agreed to.

MR. GREY then requested the Governor General to suspend the rules, that the Bill might be introduced, and, on His Excellency's consent being obtained, introduced the Bill and moved that it be taken into consideration. In doing so Mr. Grey remarked that, as the Bill had been prepared in consultation with the Chief Justice of the High Court, and had been circulated to all the Members of Council present, it seemed unnecessary to refer it to a Select Committee.

The Motion was put and agreed to.

MR. GREY then moved that the Bill be passed.

The Motion was put and agreed to.

BILL TO AMEND THE LAW RELATING TO THE DUTIES OF CUSTOMS ON GOODS IMPORTED AND EXPORTED BY SEA.

The Right Hon'ble MR. MASSEY moved for leave to introduce a Bill to amend the law relating to the duties of Customs on Goods im-

ported and exported by sea. Mr. Massey observed that the 1st Section of the Bill repealed Act XVII of 1865, and generally its object was merely to remove the duties imposed by that law without interfering with the reductions which it had effected.

The Motion was put and agreed to.

MR. MASSEY then requested the Governor General to suspend the Rules to admit of the immediate introduction of the Bill, and, on His Excellency signifying his assent, introduced the Bill and moved that it be taken into consideration.

The Motion was put and agreed to.

MR. MASSEY then moved that the Bill be passed.

The Motion was put and agreed to.

The Council adjourned to Wednesday, the 26th July.

E. C. BAYLEY,

Secy. to the Govt. of India,
Home Department.

SIMLA,
The 14th July 1865. }

A Bill to give effect to certain Warrants of Attorney and Cognovits.

Whereas it is expedient to give effect to Warrants of Attorney to confess judgment in suits in the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, which were executed on the first day of July 1862, being the date of the establishment of the said Court, or on the date of the passing of this Act, or on any intermediate day, and to Cognovits executed or given on any of the days abovementioned by any defendant in any suit pending in the same Court: And whereas it is also expedient to render valid judgments which have been signed on such Warrants of Attorney and Cognovits respectively, and executions and subsequent proceedings which have been sued out and taken thereon; It is enacted as follows:—

1. Judgment may be signed in the said High Court upon every Warrant of Attorney and Cognovit actionem executed or given in or relating to proceedings in the same Court on the said first day of July 1862, or on the date of the passing of this Act, or on any intermediate day, in the same manner as judgments

Judgment may be signed on Warrants and Cognovits executed or given between 1st July 1862 and the date of passing of this Act or on either of these days.

were signed in the late Supreme Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal upon Warrants of Attorney and Cognovits executed or given in or relating to proceedings in such Court; and all such Warrants of Attorney and Cognovits shall be subject, as nearly as circumstances permit, to all rules of Court and provisions of Acts of Parliament which were in force at the time when the said High Court was established, and to which Warrants of Attorney and Cognovits given in or relating to proceedings in the said Supreme Court were then subject.

2. A judgment entered up or signed on any Warrant of Attorney or Cognovit to which this Act extends shall be deemed a decree of the said High Court, and may be executed and enforced accordingly.

Judgments on such Warrants or Cognovits to be deemed decrees of the High Court

3. Any judgment which has been signed on any such Warrant or Cognovit in the said High Court shall be deemed to be and always to have been as valid and effectual as if the same had been signed in the said Supreme Court upon a Warrant of Attorney or Cognovit given in that Court; and every writ of execution which has been sued out thereon, and every execution of any such writ, and all proceedings taken thereon, shall for all purposes be deemed and taken to be and always to have been as valid and effectual as if the same had been sued out of the said Supreme Court upon a judgment signed in the same Court upon a Warrant of Attorney or Cognovit given in or relating to proceedings in that Court; and no suit or other proceeding shall be commenced, prosecuted, or carried on against any person for any thing done under or in pursuance of such judgment or execution which could not have been maintained if such judgment had been entered up in the said Supreme Court upon a Warrant of Attorney or Cognovit executed or given in or relating to proceedings in that Court, and the execution had been issued on such judgment.

4. The said High Court shall have the same powers to set aside or annul any such Warrant or Cognovit and any judgment signed thereon and any execution issued upon such judgment, as the said Supreme Court exercised with respect to Warrants of Attorney or Cognovits executed or given in or relating to proceedings in that Court and to judgments entered up thereon and to executions upon such judgments.

5. Every Warrant of Attorney and Cognovit executed or given after the passing of this Act, in or relating to proceedings in the said High Court, or in any other High Court of Judicature in British India, and every judgment signed thereon, and all executions issued upon such judgments shall be deemed null and void.

6. This Act may be extended, *mutatis mutandis*, to the High Court of Judicature at Bombay by an order of the Governor in Council to be published in the Local Government Gazette.

STATEMENT OF OBJECTS AND REASONS.

The Code of Civil Procedure, which was made applicable to the High Court in its original Civil Jurisdiction by the Queen's Letters Patent, does not provide for entering up judgments on plaints filed on Bonds under Warrants of Attorney and Cognovits and Warrants in ejectment.

But contemporaneously with the establishment of the High Court, an Act was passed (Act XX of 1862), the 7th Section of which declared "that judgment may be signed in the said High Court upon every Warrant of Attorney and Cognovit upon which a judgment might have been signed in the said late Supreme Court, if such Court had not been abolished; and every such judgment may be signed, enrolled, and enforced in and by the said High Court in the same manner and in the same manner only as it might have been in the Supreme Court."

Under this Act it has been assumed by the officers and legal practitioners of the High Court that the practice of filing and entering up judgments on Warrants of Attorney and Cognovits was to continue under the High Court, and accordingly judgment has been since entered up on numerous Warrants of Attorney and Cognovits executed subsequently to the abolition of the late Supreme Court.

By a recent decision, however, it has been declared that this course is not legal, and that Act XX of 1862 must be construed as referring only to Warrants of Attorney, &c., which were executed previously to the establishment of the High Court, and consequently that a judgment signed on a Warrant of Attorney executed subsequently to the establishment of the High Court is invalid.

The present Bill, which has the concurrence of the Chief Justice of the High Court, is intended to make valid the Warrants and Cognovits executed or given, and the judgments which have been signed upon such documents up to the present time, under the misapprehension of the law above explained, and it will at the same time declare explicitly that the existing procedure of the High Court does not admit of the practice.

W. GREY.

A Bill to amend the Law relating to the duties of Customs on goods imported and exported by sea.

Whereas it is expedient to amend the law relating to Customs duties; it is enacted as follows:—

Preamble. 1. Act XVII of 1865 is repealed.

2. In lieu of the Customs duties authorized to be charged in Act VII of 1859 (to alter the duties of Customs on goods imported or exported by Sea), Act XXIII of 1859 (to alter the rates of duty on goods imported or exported

by land from certain Foreign Territories into or from the Presidencies of Madras and Bombay respectively), Act X of 1860 (to amend Act VII of 1859 to alter the duties of Customs on goods imported or exported by sea), Act XI of 1862 (to amend Act X of 1860, to amend Act VII of 1859), Act XXIII of 1862 (to amend Act XI of 1862), and Act XXIII of 1864 (to amend the law relating to the Customs duties on goods imported by sea), there shall be levied and collected the duties specified in the two Schedules A and B annexed to this Act. Provided always that nothing herein contained shall be deemed to alter the existing duties upon Salt and Opium, or to authorize the levy of duties in any free Port, or to affect the provisions of Act VI of 1848 (for equalizing the duties on goods imported and exported on Foreign and British bottoms, and for abolishing duties on goods carried from Port to Port in the Territories subject to the Government of the East India Company), or to affect the provisions of the Consolidated Customs' Act.

3. So far as regards the Customs duty on the export of Saltpetre authorized to be levied by Schedule B hereunto annexed, this Act shall take effect as if it had been passed and had received the assent of the Governor General on the ninth day of March 1865, and so far as regards the alterations made by this Act in Schedules A and B of the Customs duties which were authorized to be levied by Act XVII of 1865, this Act shall take effect as if it had been passed and had received

the assent of the Governor General on the first day of April 1865, and all duties which may have been levied from and after that date, other than those authorized to be levied according to Schedule B annexed to this Act, shall be refunded. But save as aforesaid this Act shall take effect from the fourteenth day of July 1865.

4. This Act shall be cited as "The Indian Customs Duties' Act of 1865."

Short title.

SCHEDULE A.

Rates of Duty to be charged on the following goods imported by sea into any Port in British India not being a free Port.

1. Bullion and Coin	-	-	Free.
2. Precious Stones and Pearls	-	-	"
3. Grain and Pulse	-	-	"
4. Horses and other living Animals	-	-	"
5. Ice	-	-	"
6. Coal, Coke, Bricks, Chalk, and Stones	-	-	"
7. Cotton Wool	-	-	"
8. Wool	-	-	"
9. Flax	-	-	"
10. Hemp	-	-	"
11. Jute	-	-	"
12. Hides and Skins, raw	-	-	"
13. Books	-	-	"
14. Paper	-	-	"
15. Maps, Prints, Music, and Works of Art	-	-	"
16. Seeds when imported by any Public Society for gratuitous distribution	-	-	"
17. Agricultural Implements	-	-	"
18. Firewood	-	-	"
19. Machinery used exclusively for purposes of Agriculture, Navigation, Mining or Manufacture, or for Railway purposes, and materials forming necessary component parts of such machinery	-	-	"
And the Officer in charge of the Custom House, subject to the orders of the Local Government, acting under the general instructions of the Government of India, shall decide what articles come within the definition of such machinery, or materials forming component parts thereof, and such decision shall be final in law.			
20. Military and other Regulation Uniforms and Accoutrements when imported for private use by persons in the Public Service	-	-	"
21. Guano and manures of all kinds	-	-	"
22. Bottles	-	-	"
23. Wines and Liqueurs	{ One Rupee the imperial gallon.		
24. Porter, Ale, Beer, Cider, and other similar fermented liquors	{ One Anna the imperial gallon.		
25. Spirits	{ Three Rupees the imperial gallon, and the duty to be rateably increased as the strength exceeds London Proof.		

Provided that ten per cent. *ad valorem* shall be charged on all spirits used exclusively in Art and Manufactures, or in Chemistry, subject to such rules as the Local Governments shall from time to time

prescribe for ascertaining that such spirits are unfit for use as a beverage, and incapable of being converted to that purpose. And the Officer in charge of the Custom House, subject to the general instructions of the Local Government, shall decide what spirits fall within the proviso, and his decision thereon shall be final in law.

26. Iron (which shall not be taken to include iron-mon- gery, cutlery, or hard-ware) - } One per cent. *ad valorem*.
27. Hops - } One per cent. *ad valorem*.
28. Tobacco, whether manufactured or not manufactur- ed - } Ten per cent. *ad va- lorem*.
29. Piece Goods - } Five per cent. *ad valorem*.
30. Twist - } Three and a half per cent. *ad valorem*.
31. All other articles not included in the above enu- meration - } Seven and a half per cent. *ad valorem*.

SCHEDULE B.

Rates of Duty to be charged upon goods exported by sea to any Foreign Port, as defined in the Consolidated Customs' Act, from any Port in British India.

1. Bullion and Coin	-	Free.
2. Precious Stones and Pearls	-	"
3. Horses and other living Animals	-	"
4. Rum-	-	"
5. Spirits	-	"
6. Tobacco and all preparations thereof	-	"
7. Cotton Wool	-	"
8. Flax-	-	"
9. Hemp	-	"
10. Books	-	"
11. Maps, Prints, and Works of Arts	-	"
12. Teak Timber	-	"
13. Coal-	-	"
14. Iron-	-	"
15. Jute-	-	"
16. Coffee	-	"
17. Tea -	-	"
18. Sugar	-	"
19. Wool	-	"
20. Hides and Skins, raw	-	"
21. Raw Silk and Silk Chussum	-	"
22. Grain and Pulse of all sorts	Two annas the Indian maund	} Of forty seers, of eighty tolas to the seer.
23. Saltpetre	One Rupee the Indian maund	
24. Indigo	Three Rupees the Indian maund	
25. Lac Dye and Shell Lac	Four per cent. <i>ad valorem</i> .	

26. All country articles not enumerated or named above - } Three per cent. *ad valorem*.

STATEMENT OF OBJECTS AND REASONS.

It being considered expedient to repeal certain export duties imposed by Act XVII of 1865, the following Bill is brought forward for that purpose.

W. N. MASSEY.

SIMLA,
The 13th July 1865. }

FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT.

Report upon the Trade and Customs of British Burmah for 1864.

From Major H. NELSON DAVIES, Secy. to Chief Commr. of British Burmah, to Secy. to Govt. of India, Finl. Dept.,—Dated Rangoon, 28th June 1865.

I have the honor, by direction of the Chief Commissioner, to submit for the information of His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor General in Council, a brief report upon the Trade and Customs of British Burmah for the year 1864-65. Tabular Statements marked X, Y, and Z, showing the principal articles of Export and Import, with other particulars, accompany the Report. This Report and the Statements are only intended to give a concise view of the state of trade in British Burmah for the past year, and not as a substitute for the more elaborate returns which are sent annually in the forms ordered by Government. Those will be submitted hereafter. The results for the past year shown in the Report and Statements are satisfactory. The Chief Commissioner begs to request that the Report and Tabular Statements, now forwarded, may be published among the official papers of the *Gazette of India*, should His Excellency the Viceroy in Council see no objection.

Report on the Trade and Customs of British Burmah for 1864-65.

1. In the accompanying Tabular Statements Reference to X, marked X, Y, Z, the salient features of the trade of British Burmah, for the year ending 30th April 1865, are exhibited. The points noticeable in the trade of the chief sea-ports of the province will be remarked upon separately.
2. In the following Table is presented the total value of the export and import trade of each division of the province for the past year compared with the one immediately preceding. The value of treasure is included. The amount of custom duty realized is also added:—

Divisions and years.				Exports.	Imports.	Total.	Customs duty.
				Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Pegu	... { Land and Sea }	1863-64	...	2,48,83,106	2,21,52,347	4,70,35,453	10,72,088
		1864-65	...	3,81,88,200	3,46,50,254	7,28,38,454	14,96,531
Tenasserim	... { }	1863-64	...	58,97,250	53,41,929	1,12,39,179	1,17,143
		1864-65	...	92,55,329	74,67,734	1,67,23,063	1,32,926
Arakan	... { }	1863-64	...	64,41,649	57,73,971	1,22,15,620	4,91,951
		1864-65	...	80,04,094	58,51,727	1,38,55,821	4,09,199
Grand Total, British Burmah		1863-64	...	3,72,22,003	3,32,68,247	7,04,90,252	16,81,177
		1864-65	...	5,54,47,623	4,79,69,715	10,34,17,338	20,38,656

NOTE.—The sum of Rs. 15,794 was also realized by custom fines, confiscations, wharfage, &c.

3. This Table shows the total value of the trade of the province to be Increase in trade. £10,341,733, or an increase of £3,292,708 over the previous year.

Of the above, the sea-borne trade represented £8,819,754, and the inland or frontier £1,521,978. The increase of the trade seawards was £2,899,663, and that of the inland trade £3,93,045.

4. The customs duty realized £203,865 entirely Increase in sea from the sea-borne trade, and customs duty. shows an increase of £45,183.

5. The following Tables show the principal Principal parts of parts of the world with which the world with the sea-borne trade is carried which sea-borne on, grouped into *first*, home trade is carried on. ports within the territory of the Government of India; *second*, all foreign ports, but including Aden and the Straits Settlements; *third*, the ports of British Burmah.

In exports the following was the value of the trade so grouped during 1864-65 :—

				Home Ports.	Foreign Ports.	British Burmah Ports.	Grand Total.
				Value Rupees.	Value Rupees.	Value Rupees.	Rupees.
Merchandise	...	...	...	91,63,945	2,93,26,078	31,08,734	4,15,88,757
Treasure	...	...	...	10,97,817	43,849	38,63,735	50,05,401

The imports grouped in the same manner were in value as follows :—

	Home Ports.	Foreign Ports.	British Burmah Ports.	Grand Total.
	Value Rs.	Value Rs.	Value Rs.	Rs.
Merchandise	1,42,85,730	70,85,601	31,84,642	2,45,55,973
Treasure	1,27,93,414	11,30,274	31,23,730	1,70,47,418

The results of the trade in each division during the past year will now be noticed separately.

6. The following Table shows the value of exports and imports, by sea and river, from and to the Pegu Division :—

Year.			Value of Exports by Sea.	Value of Imports by Sea.	Value of Exports by River.	Value of Imports by River.	Amount of Sea Customs.	Amount of Land Customs.
			Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1863-64	...	...	1,85,55,318	1,71,90,797	63,27,788	49,61,550	9,77,724	94,359
1864-65	...	...	2,93,34,735	2,82,88,930	88,53,405	63,66,324	14,96,531	.....
Increase	...	...	1,07,79,417	1,10,98,133	25,25,617	14,04,774	5,18,807	.....
Decrease	...	...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....

7. There has been a considerable increase in the quantity of copper exported, being 2,451 maunds against 299 of the previous year, representing in value Rs. 78,878 to 9,699, as compared with the previous year. This article is brought by the River Irrawaddy from beyond the British territory.

8. There was a satisfactory increase in the exportation of raw cotton; Sea Exports, Pegu. 75,766 maunds, representing Cotton, raw. Rs. 24,28,099 in value, against 43,799 maunds of the value of Rs. 15,36,216. This article is principally brought from the Burmese territory, but the high price has considerably increased the quantity raised in Pegu.

9. In the export of cutch there was a falling Sea Exports, Pegu. off; the figures being 1,16,925 Cutch. maunds, of the value of Rs. 5,67,095, as compared with 1,27,108 maunds of the value of Rs. 6,26,707. The cause of the decrease is not satisfactorily explained; the price is stated to have ranged about the same as in the previous year.

10. The export of hides remained pretty much the same as in the previous year, but horns show a rise of from 19,066, in value Sea Exports, Pegu. Hides and horns. Rs. 4,737, to 37,431, in value Rs. 12,234.

11. In the export of jade stones there was an increase in quantity of 43 Sea Exports, Pegu. Jade. maunds, the figures being 835 maunds to 792 of the previous year. In value there is a considerable decrease from Rs. 2,23,843 to Rs. 88,840, but this arises from Rs. 100 being fixed as the tariff value per maund, instead of the assumed value which was the rate entered in the previous year.

12. Yellow orpiment showed a considerable increase, viz., 2,930 maunds, Sea Exports, Pegu. Orpiment, yellow. valued at Rs. 93,829, against 383 maunds, representing Rs. 11,440 in value.

13. In petroleum there was a considerable increase, the figures being Sea Exports, Pegu. Petroleum. 59,317 maunds, of the value of Rs. 2,27,337, against 34,686 maunds, valued at Rs. 1,37,781.

14. The exportation of rice, husked and un- Sea Exports, Pegu. Rice and Paddy. husked, during the past year has been unprecedented. It exceeded that of the previous year by over 54 per cent. The figures are 3,23,495 tons, representing Rs. 1,77,57,655 in value, against 2,09,444 tons, valued at Rs. 87,33,533 of the previous year. The great demand for this article was owing to two causes, first, a scarcity prevailing in the Eastern Provinces of China, and second, to a short crop in Siam, on which the Government of that country prohibited the export of grain. The ships, therefore, which usually visited the port of Bangkok, came over to the ports of British Burmah for a supply of rice. From the great demand cargo rice rose at Rangoon to Rs. 200 per 100 baskets (or bushels),

being full 100 per cent. in advance of the usual prices; and clean rice rose to Rs. 250, while paddy, or unhusked rice, fetched Rs. 100 the 100 baskets. In Akyab a similar rise took place; while at Moulmein the exportation of rice was stimulated far beyond the ordinary transactions in this article. From a comparison of Statement Z. with this year and the previous one, it will be observed that, whereas the entire quantity of grain shipped from British Burmah to the United Kingdom, in 1863-64, was 213,987 tons, of the value of Rs. 69,59,787, the quantity shipped to Great Britain in 1864-65 was only 194,107 tons, of the value, however, of Rs. 93,39,066. On the other hand, the quantity taken to the Straits of Malacca in the former year was 107,194 tons, of the value of Rs. 49,51,939, whereas in the latter year 144,272 tons were exported to the Straits, of the value of Rs. 82,64,904.

15. In timber there was a considerable increase, the figures being 19,499 tons, Sea Exports, Pegu. Timber. valued at Rs. 10,61,800 in 1863-64; and 26,373 tons in the year under review, valued at Rs. 14,64,845.

16. The amount of treasure exported by sea from Sea Exports, Pegu. Treasure. Pegu to ports out of the province was Rs. 3,30,089.

17. In the importation of betel-nut there was an increase, the figures being Sea Imports, Pegu. Betel-nut. 94,179 maunds, of the value of Rs. 5,82,866, against 68,897 maunds of the value of Rs. 4,62,607.

18. Cotton twist and yarn showed a considerable increase from 1,180,087 Sea Imports, Pegu. Cotton Twist and Yarn. lbs., valued at Rs. 10,07,467, to 1,539,610 lbs., representing Rs. 17,57,950 in value.

19. In crockery ware there was a falling off from Sea Imports, Pegu. Crockery Ware. Rs. 1,16,981 in value to Rs. 93,857.

20. Consequent on the large quantity of grain exported, the importation of Sea Imports, Pegu. Gunny Bags. gunny bags showed a proportionate rise from 1,866,737 in number, valued at Rs. 5,61,195, to 4,228,908, valued at Rs. 14,74,929.

21. The importation of hard-ware is represented by Rs. 1,89,998, which Sea Imports, Pegu. Hard-ware. is an increase of Rs. 33,953 over the previous year.

22. The quantity of cotton piece goods imported has risen from 4,17,783 Sea Imports, Pegu. Piece Goods, Cotton. in number, of the aggregate value of Rs. 18,41,331, to 629,184 pieces, representing Rs. 30,71,653 in value.

23. In the importation of Sea Imports, Pegu. Piece Goods, Silk. silk piece goods the increase is very great, viz., from 256,416 pieces, valued at Rs. 14,66,967, to 440,624, estimated at Rs. 26,66,374.

24. In woollen piece goods there was a slight decrease in the quantity imported, but an increase in the value; thus, 28,611 pieces were imported in 1863-64, of the value of Rs. 5,74,223; whereas only 25,290 pieces were imported in the year under review, but the value was estimated at Rs. 10,60,355. The increase in value is attributed to finer descriptions of cloth being purchased more freely by the Burmese than the inferior descriptions.

25. Of raw silk there was a very considerable increase, viz., from 68,428 lbs., valued at Rs. 4,42,003, to 109,787 lbs., valued at Rs. 6,88,830. This article is chiefly sent beyond the frontier to supply the Burmese looms. Since the disturbances in the Chinese Province of Yunan, the direct trade between that country and Burmah has much declined.

26. Spirituous liquors showed an increase from 22,107 gallons, valued at Rs. 1,70,814, to 27,864 gallons, valued at Rs. 1,97,162.

27. Timber remained pretty much the same as in the previous year. Imported timber consists chiefly of timber converted into planks, &c., in the Saw Mills of Moulmein and is used for local purposes, chiefly in Rangoon.

28. The importation of tobacco was nearly doubled in the past year over the previous. The figures were 26,036 maunds in 1863-64, valued at Rs. 3,82,830, and 50,539 maunds in 1864-65, valued at Rs. 5,66,311.

29. The amount of treasure imported into Pegu by sea from ports out of the province was Rs. 102,34,028, and as only Rs. 3,36,089 were exported by sea to ports out of Pegu, this division absorbed Rs. 98,97,939.

30. In 1863-64 the quantity of wines, beer, &c., imported was 252,283 gallons, valued at Rs. 4,12,243; in the past year the quantity was 293,546 gallons, valued at Rs. 5,16,560.

31. The exports by land and river from Pegu into Burmese territory show an increase in value of Rs. 25,25,677.

The following Statement shows the value of the exports and imports, and duty realizable thereon, in 1862-63, or the year before the treaty with Burmah was effected; also for 1863-64, during the latter half of which year the treaty was in force, and for the past year, when the treaty was in force throughout the entire year:—

Year.	Value of Exports, Rupees.	Value of Imports, Rupees.	Duty realizable, Rupees.	REMARKS.
1862-63	50,18,028	42,88,756	5,91,390	The whole duty realized.
1863-64	63,27,768	49,61,549	6,95,322	Rs. 94,359 only realized.
1864-65	88,53,465	63,66,324	8,09,585	None realized.

The increase in the trade with Burmah is steady; no doubt the abolition of the frontier duties on the British side has given an impetus to the trade; but until the Burmese reciprocate by abolishing the duties on their side, the trade can never be fully developed.

The value of goods imported into Rangoon by sea, included in the Import Return X, and declared for export to the Burmese territory under Article 4 of the treaty with Burmah, amounted to Rs. 43,859. On these a duty of one per cent. *ad valorem* was levied instead of the duty to which they would otherwise have been liable.

32. There were no goods declared for export at the Rangoon Custom House beyond the Burmese territory.

33. There has been an increase in every article exported across the frontier into Burmese territory, enumerated in Statement XC, except in betel-nut, cotton piece goods, and grain. The quantity of the former exported in 1863-64 was 27,499 maunds, of the value of Rs. 2,42,409, and in 1864-65, 24,851 maunds, of the value of Rs. 2,29,675. The decrease was in Toungoo owing to the low price fetched last year across the frontier. Of cotton piece goods in 1863-64, 473,155 pieces, of the value of Rs. 6,57,869, while in 1864-65 only 323,042 pieces, were exported, the value of which, however, was Rs. 11,27,307.

In rice and paddy there were 64,958 tons exported in the former year, of the value of Rs. 15,81,691, while, in the latter year, but 59,579 tons were exported, the value of which exceeded the value of the larger quantity exported in the previous year, being Rs. 16,52,991. This is attributable to the great demand for grain for the Straits and China.

The principal articles of export, in which there has been any material increase in quantity, are as follows:—

Cotton twist and yarn, 898,910 lbs., valued at Rs. 7,46,029, against 637,851 lbs., exported in the previous year, the value of which was Rs. 4,98,684.

Dried fish and fish paste, 5,25,751 maunds, valued at Rs. 18,50,296, against 4,62,102 maunds, valued at Rs. 14,84,102 in the previous year.

Woollen piece goods, 63,899 pieces, valued at Rs. 2,78,527, as compared with 48,275 pieces, valued at Rs. 1,84,320 in the previous year.

Salt, 2,42,320 maunds, valued at Rs. 2,88,281, against 2,28,747 maunds, valued at Rs. 2,78,967 in 1863-64.

Raw silk, 90,238 lbs., valued at Rs. 5,06,181, as compared with 60,691 lbs., valued at Rs. 2,76,715 of previous year.

34. In imports by land and river there is an increase in favor of the year under review of Rs 14,04,775.

The importation of raw cotton, cutch, petroleum, jade, tea, dried and pickled, timber, tobacco, and wheat, call for no particular remark. The chief articles that show an increase are—

Gram, which has risen from 78,987 maunds, valued at Rs. 1,23,751, imported in 1863-64, to 1,46,509 maunds in 1864-65, valued at Rs. 2,49,371.

Jaggery and molasses were imported to the extent of 1,63,533 maunds, valued at Rs. 4,68,497, against 1,47,037 maunds, valued at Rs. 4,10,832 in previous year.

Yellow orpiment showed an increase, 3,024 maunds, valued at Rs. 27,220, being imported against 229 maunds, valued at Rs. 2,062, in 1863-64.

In the importation of piece goods, cotton, there was a considerable increase; 724,549 pieces, of the value of Rs. 6,16,138, being imported in 1863-64, whereas 1,018,438 pieces were imported in 1864-65, valued at Rs. 9,12,200. English cotton, twist and yarn, therefore, continue to be imported into Burmah, and, after being woven into cloth, are thence exported into British Burmah.

The same may be said of silk, 127,815 pieces, of the value of Rs. 7,77,971, having been imported into British Burmah, to 93,520 pieces of the previous year, the value of which was Rs. 5,44,027.

Sessamum oil shows an advance, 61,067 maunds, valued at Rs. 5,69,017, having been imported, against 54,457 maunds of the previous year, valued at Rs. 4,90,565.

Hard-ware and cutlery showed a falling off which is not easily accounted for.

35. The following Statement shows the value of exports from, and imports to the several ports, and also the Customs duty of the Tenasserim Division in 1864-65, as compared with the previous year. On all the above heads there is a considerable increase:—

YEARS.	Value of Exports, Rupees.	Value of Imports, Rupees.	Amount of Customs Duty, Rs.
1863-64	58,97,250	53,41,929	1,17,143
1864-65	92,55,329	74,67,734	1,32,926
Increase.	33,58,079	21,25,805	15,783

36. The timber trade of Moulmein has, during the past year, shown its wonted briskness; and in rice, Moulmein also felt the impetus given to the rice trade by the sudden demand for grain both in China and the Straits. The following Table shows the export of timber

and rice from Tenasserim in 1864-65, as compared with the previous year:—

YEAR.	Timber exported, tons.	Value Rupees.	Rice exported, tons.	Value Rupees.
1863-64	67,773	37,32,144	19,801	6,34,891
1864-65	1,14,613	68,42,514	25,046	10,40,392
Increase.	46,840	31,10,370	5,245	4,05,501

There was an increase in raw cotton exported from Tenasserim in 1864-65 over the previous year. In the latter year 4,441 maunds, valued at Rs. 71,407, were exported against 2,098 maunds of the previous year, valued at Rs. 28,098. This is all grown within the district of Amherst.

In ivory and lead there was a falling off.

37. The value of imports into Tenasserim has increased by Rs. 21,25,803 over the previous year.

The following are the chief articles in which an enhanced importation occurs:—

Cotton twist and yarn. The quantity of this article imported in 1863-64 was lbs. 135,747, valued at Rs. 1,53,812; in the year under review, the imports rose to lbs. 155,030, valued at Rs. 2,26,763. Crockery shows a decrease, and cutlery an increase. Gunny bags to contain rice shows an increase owing to the exportation of rice.

In cotton piece goods there was a very great increase, being 2,53,260 pieces, valued at Rs. 10,27,306 in 1864-65, to 148,759 pieces, valued at Rs. 7,44,631, in the previous year. In silk piece goods there was also an increase, the figures standing at 41,333 pieces, valued at Rs. 3,41,099, in the year under review, to 37,150 pieces in 1863-64, valued at Rs. 2,70,310.

The quantity of woollen goods imported remained nearly the same, but the value was enhanced by the superiority of the article imported. Raw silk also shows an increase, the figures being lbs. 1,140 in 1863-64, of the value of Rs. 7,141, whereas in the subsequent year the imports were lbs. 2,355, estimated at Rs. 12,158.

In wines and beer there was a rise, 28,512 gallons being imported in 1864-65, of the value of Rs. 1,12,876, to 14,920 gallons in 1863-64, of the value of Rs. 60,063. In spirituous liquors, &c., and sugar there was a decrease, owing to the establishment of local manufactories of these articles in Moulmein.

The balance of treasure imported from abroad over that exported was Rs. 11,52,715.

38. In Arakan there was an increase in the value of both imports and exports to the extent of Rs. 16,40,201; but a decrease of duty amounting to Rs. 82,752. The chief article of export from Arakan is rice, the shipment of which had been so heavy in the year 1863-64 that not only had the crop of that year been sent away, but also

all the spare grain which was in store. The consequence was, when the demand for the Straits and China came during the year under review, that the supply fell short of the requirements. Many ships had to leave Akyab without obtaining a cargo. The result was an unusual rise in the price of grain, which accounts for the enhanced value of the trade. The figures stand thus.—Rice and paddy exported during 1863-64,—158,181 tons, of the value of Rs. 48,64,784, in 1864-65, the export was 121,077 tons, valued at Rs. 57,18,781. There was also a decrease in the quantity and value of raw cotton, the figures being for 1863-64,—5,375 maunds, of the value of Rs. 46,060; in the year under review, the export was only 1,396 maunds, of the value of Rs. 16,713. In cutch there was also a falling off, 5,797 maunds, valued at Rs. 35,957, being exported in the past year, to 8,126 maunds, valued at Rs. 61,828, in the previous year. In tobacco there was also a decrease in the quantity exported, only 9,799 maunds, of the value of Rs. 78,339, being shipped in the past year, to 13,832 maunds in the previous year, valued at Rs. 1,40,112. In timber there was an increase from 495 tons to 1,035 tons, and in value from Rs. 19,816 to 65,545, which arises from iron-wood being exported to Calcutta for Railway sleepers.

39. In imports there was an increase in value amounting to Rs. 77,756. Arakan Imports. chiefly in miscellaneous articles; but a falling off in all the more important articles of importation.

The balance of treasure imported from abroad over that exported was Rs. 17,31,368.

40. The enhanced rate of valuations on imports, as notified in the *Gazette of India* on the 8th April 1864, No. 376, under Section 179 of Act VI of 1863, came into operation in the beginning of the year now reported on.

41. The reduced rates of import duty, consequent on Notification dated 22nd April 1864, Act XXIII of 1864, and Notification in the Financial Department No. 462 of 25th January 1865, had effect during the year under review.

42. The provisions of Act XVII of 1865 only had effect during the last month of the year.

43. By the enhanced rate of valuations on imports on cloths, sheetings, and twist, the duty in 1864-65 on those articles at the port of Rangoon was augmented by Rs. 21,808.

44. In tobacco, though the quantity imported was more than doubled, the amount of duty, having been reduced from 20 to 10 per cent., showed scarcely any increase. The reduction on sundries from 10 to 7½ per cent., and on iron of 9 per cent., caused also some decrease in the duty realized. On salt the import duty was reduced from 8 annas a maund to 3 annas. The quantity of salt imported was so much increased that the duty increased by Rs. 4,609.

45. The trade of British Burmah during the year has been more prosperous than in any previous year.

Conclusion:

X A.—Statement showing the principal Articles of Export entered at the Sea

EXPORTS														
Number.	ARTICLES.	Unit of Weights or Numbers.	PEGU DIVISION.								TENASSERIM			
			To Home or Internal Ports subject to the Government of India but excluding Straits and Aden and the Ports of British Burmah.		To Foreign or External Ports not subject to the Government of India, but including the Straits and Aden.		To Ports within the Territory of British Burmah, including the Ports of the Andaman Islands and dependencies.		TOTAL.		To Home or Internal Port subject to the Government of India, but excluding Straits and Aden and the Ports of British Burmah.		To Foreign or External Ports not subject to the Government of India, but including the Straits and Aden.	
			Quantity.	Value, Rupees.	Quantity.	Value, Rupees.	Quantity.	Value, Rupees.	Quantity.	Value, Rupees.	Quantity.	Value, Rupees.	Quantity.	Value, Rupees.
1	Copper	Mds.	2,404	76,554	42	2,144	5	180	2,451	78,878	422	11,063	...	...
2	Cotton, Raw	"	43,981	14,82,569	32,225	9,43,367	100	2,163	75,766	24,28,099	1,003	49,911	...	...
3	Cutch	"	23,680	1,23,078	85,672	4,06,940	7,564	37,077	116,925	5,67,095	80	572	4,487	21,314
4	Hides	Nos.	5,852	12,987	44,310	52,400	460	483	50,622	65,870	...	...	1,383	1,603
5	Horns	"	8	2	37,423	12,232	...	...	37,431	12,234	...	...	2,774	582
6	Ivory	Mds.	93	22,860	39	8,555	1	480	133	31,895	27	5,521	1	97
7	Jade (Stones)	"	16	2,000	819	81,840	...	...	835	83,840	...	...	...	...
8	Lead	"	250	7,342	...	...	116	2,020	366	9,362	389	13,992	...	...
9	Orpiment, yellow	"	2,930	93,829	...	...	...	...	2,930	93,829	...	...	...	...
10	Petroleum	"	4,648	16,106	47,240	1,88,960	7,429	22,271	59,317	2,27,337	239	1,068	35	140
11	Rice and Paddy	Tons	16,106	8,44,946	3,07,350	1,69,10,886	39	1,823	323,495	1,77,57,655	3,740	1,13,445	20,504	8,90,087
12	Stones, Precious ... ..	...	...	3,39,650	...	500	...	1,400	...	3,41,550	...	...	...	...
13	Stick Lac	Mds.	5,440	58,864	352	5,434	118	1,305	5,910	65,603	103	768	43	645
14	Timber	Tons	18,504	10,45,098	7,448	3,93,357	421	25,490	26,373	14,64,845	55,562	30,43,302	55,153	35,86,688
15	Tobacco	Mds.	96	6,586	44	1,576	5,775	59,977	5,915	68,139	...	...	44	1,730
16	Treasure—													
	For Government	Rs.	...	...	...	...	...	30,000	...	30,000	...	...	...	...
	For Private Parties	Rs.	...	3,12,482	...	23,607	...	26,71,897	...	30,07,986	...	4,550	...	20,242
17	All other articles not enumerated above ... ..	...	...	9,43,930	...	3,48,624	...	17,07,964	...	30,00,518	...	3,13,529	...	20,351
	Total value, Rs. ... ..	...	...	53,89,783	...	1,93,80,422	...	45,64,530	...	2,93,34,735	...	35,57,721	...	45,61,479

Custom Houses of British Burmah during the year 1864-65, excluding fractions.

BY SEA.

DIVISION.				ARRACAN DIVISION.								GRAND TOTAL IN QUANTITY AND VALUE.	
To Ports within the Territory of British Burmah, including the Ports of the Andaman Islands and dependen- cies.		TOTAL.		To Home or In- ternal Ports sub- ject to the Gov- ernment of India, but ex- cluding Straits and Aden and the Ports of Bri- tish Burmah.		To Foreign or Ex- ternal Ports not subject to the Government of India, but inclu- ding the Straits and Aden.		To Ports within the Territory of British Burmah, including the Ports of the Andaman In- lands and de- pendencies.		TOTAL.			
Quantity.	Value, Rupees.	Quantity.	Value, Rupees.	Quantity.	Value, Rupees.	Quantity.	Value, Rupees.	Quantity.	Value, Rupees.	Quantity.	Value, Rupees.	Quantity.	Value, Rupees.
14	371	436	11,434	107	2,944	...	...	...	...	107	2,944	2,994	93,2
3,348	21,496	4,441	71,407	1,396	16,713	...	...	...	...	1,396	16,713	81,603	25,16,2
8	60	4,575	21,946	5,799	35,957	...	...	...	...	5,799	35,957	127,299	6,24,6
670	2,366	2,059	3,969	8,185	8,098	...	...	25	25	8,210	8,123	60,891	77,6
1,050	232	3,824	814	8,820	1,693	...	...	110	36	8,930	1,729	50,185	14,7
8	1,000	86	6,618	8	560	...	...	2	400	10	960	179	39,4
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	835	83,6
1	35	390	14,027	145	870	...	...	...	...	145	870	901	24,2
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,930	93,6
66	256	340	1,464	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	59,657	2,28,8
802	27,860	25,046	10,40,392	11,022	3,27,181	110,031	53,90,475	24	1,125	121,077	57,18,781	469,618	2,45,16,6
...	550	...	550	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3,42,1
68	924	214	2,337	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	67,9
3,898	2,12,524	114,613	68,42,514	1,035	65,545	...	...	...	...	1,035	65,545	142,021	83,72,9
2,589	30,016	2,633	31,746	1,285	9,436	...	...	8,514	68,903	9,799	78,339	18,347	1,78,2
...	52,500	...	52,500	...	3,90,000	...	...	...	4,70,000	...	8,60,000	...	9,42,5
...	61,000	...	85,792	...	3,90,785	...	...	...	5,78,338	...	9,69,123	...	40,62,9
...	7,24,939	...	10,67,819	...	64,476	...	37,551	...	1,42,983	...	2,45,010	...	43,13,3
...	11,36,129	...	92,55,329	...	13,14,258	...	54,28,026	...	12,61,810	...	80,04,094	...	4,65,94,1

X B.—Statement showing the principal Articles of Import entered at the Sea Custom

IMPORTS														
Number.	ARTICLES.	Unit of Weights or Numbers.	PEGU DIVISION.								TENASSERIM			
			From Home or Internal Ports subject to the Government of India, but excluding the Straits and Aden and Ports of British Burmah.		From Foreign or External Ports not subject to the Government of India, but including the Straits and Aden.		From Ports within the Territory of British Burmah, including the Ports of the Andaman Islands and Dependencies.		TOTAL.		From Home or Internal Ports subject to the Government of India, but excluding the Straits and Aden and Ports of British Burmah.		From Foreign or External Ports not subject to the Government of India, but including the Straits and Aden.	
			Quantity.	Value, Rupees.	Quantity.	Value, Rupees.	Quantity.	Value, Rupees.	Quantity.	Value, Rupees.	Quantity.	Value, Rupees.	Quantity.	Value, Rupees.
1	Betel-nut ...	Mds.	47,082	3,05,250	37,494	1,23,678	9,603	93,938	94,179	5,82,866	6,083	44,630	8,833	28,830
2	Cotton Twist and Yarn ...	lbs.	626,535	7,13,06	904,220	10,34,421	8,855	10,465	1,530,610	17,57,950	32,905	43,920	26,049	24,204
3	Crockery-ware ...	...	...	3,770	...	89,074	...	413	...	93,857	...	3,027	...	8,546
4	Cutlery ...	...	...	62,081	...	5,623	...	100	...	67,804	...	44,863	...	1,156
5	Gunny Bags ...	Nos	3,682,730	13,35,065	350,523	70,683	195,655	60,181	4,228,908	14,74,929	72,261	24,496	12,145	2,732
6	Hard-ware ...	...	...	1,82,612	...	6,992	...	394	...	1,89,998	...	24,493	...	11,379
7	Piece Goods, Cotton	Pieces	290,792	18,25,803	322,615	11,28,280	15,777	1,17,561	629,184	30,71,653	60,131	3,18,658	39,610	1,15,084
8	" Silk...	"	274,574	17,62,685	163,025	8,84,014	3,025	19,675	440,624	26,66,374	13,946	98,104	2,899	20,878
9	" Wool- len ...	"	14,500	8,00,726	10,189	2,40,187	601	19,442	25,200	10,60,355	2,676	69,212	1,933	6,025
10	Silk, Raw ...	lbs.	106,387	6,70,521	2,225	11,769	1,175	6,540	109,787	6,88,830	...	...	328	1,573
11	Spirituous Liquors	Gals.	12,026	89,750	13,487	96,456	2,351	10,956	27,864	1,97,162	428	5,110	4,381	38,660
12	Sugar ...	Mds.	9,641	1,09,144	3,448	26,722	984	8,004	14,073	1,43,870	4,654	56,037	968	6,457
13	Timber ...	Tons.	...	...	22	1,209	1,629	98,393	1,651	99,602	...	...	...	...
14	Tobacco ...	Mds.	44,818	4,84,712	630	22,159	5,091	59,440	50,539	5,66,311	25,758	2,15,233	147	9,428
15	Treasure—													
	For Government	Rs.	...	65,150	...	...	...	5,70,000	...	6,35,150	...	...	...	...
	For Private Parties	"	...	94,31,436	...	7,37,442	...	4,07,278	...	1,05,76,156	...	8,57,775	...	3,19,732
16	Wines, Beer, &c. ...	Gals.	11,361	49,432	282,234	4,66,659	48	469	293,646	5,16,560	1,154	8,622	21,198	79,422
17	All other articles not enumerated above ...	Rs.	...	16,75,712	...	19,26,482	...	2,92,309	...	38,04,503	...	4,73,760	...	4,38,636
	Total Value, Rs. ...	...	...	1,90,26,913	...	68,81,459	...	17,75,558	...	2,62,83,930	...	22,87,940	...	11,13,342

Houses of the Province of British Burmah during the year 1864-65 excluding fractions.

BY SEA.

DIVISION.				ARAKAN DIVISION.								Grand Total in Quantity and Value.	
From Ports with- in the Territory of British Bur- mah, including the Ports of the Andaman Islands and Dependen- cies.		TOTAL.		From Home or Internal Ports subject to the Government of India, but exclud- ing the Straits and Aden and Ports of British Burmah.		From Foreign or External Ports not subject to the Government of India, but includ- ing the Straits and Aden.		From Ports with- in the Territory of British Bur- mah, including the Ports of the Andaman Is- lands and Depen- dencies.		TOTAL.			
Quantity.	Value Rupees.	Quantity.	Value Rupees.	Quantity.	Value Rupees.	Quantity.	Value Rupees.	Quantity.	Value Rupees.	Quantity.	Value Rupees.	Quantity.	Value Rupees.
3,643	20,978	18,559	94,438	19,183	1,33,582	245	863	40	280	19,468	1,34,725	132,206	8,12,029
96,076	1,58,639	155,030	2,26,763	1,23,687	3,12,275	3,669	5,202	3,700	9,900	131,056	3,27,437	1,825,696	23,12,150
...	6,491	...	18,064	19,825	11,823	3,750	3,533	...	2,223	23,575	17,579	23,575	1,29,500
...	2,313	...	48,332	...	555	...	...	...	250	...	805	...	1,16,941
70,850	24,413	155,256	51,641	1,022,536	4,54,429	66,907	11,497	...	1,089,443	4,65,926	5,473,607	19,92,496	19,92,496
...	3,430	...	39,302	...	2,213	...	...	...	650	...	2,863	...	2,32,163
153,519	5,93,564	253,260	10,27,306	139,687	9,39,635	1,010	2,727	10,340	45,641	151,037	9,88,003	1,033,481	50,86,962
24,488	2,22,117	41,333	3,41,099	6,727	63,080	...	...	610	7,400	7,337	70,480	489,294	30,77,953
3,600	1,27,552	8,207	2,03,389	190	5,934	11	55	5	300	206	6,289	33,703	12,70,033
2,027	10,585	2,355	12,158	...	...	80	240	...	...	80	240	112,922	7,01,228
1,005	10,242	5,814	54,012	404	3,660	616	4,244	6	70	1,056	7,974	34,734	2,59,148
581	5,778	6,203	68,272	1,467	17,332	10	123	...	...	1,477	17,455	21,753	2,29,597
1	58	1	58	465	23,275	69	3,432	498	24,888	1,032	51,595	2,684	1,51,255
9,135	96,123	35,040	3,20,784	20,604	2,11,948	2	157	21	210	20,627	2,12,315	106,206	10,99,410
...	52,500	...	52,500	...	52,000	...	...	...	2,07,000	...	2,59,000	...	9,46,650
...	18,37,512	...	30,15,019	...	23,87,053	...	73,100	...	49,440	...	25,09,593	...	1,61,00,768
6,160	24,832	28,512	1,12,876	2,535	10,386	4,615	12,663	314	1,233	7,464	24,262	329,622	6,53,718
...	8,69,325	...	17,81,721	...	5,35,111	...	1,03,178	...	1,16,877	...	7,55,166	...	64,31,390
...	40,66,452	...	74,07,734	...	51,64,291	...	2,21,074	...	4,66,362	...	58,51,727	...	4,16,03,391

X. C.—Statement showing the principal Articles of Export and Import and the official year 1864-65,

					P E G U			
Number.					EXPORTS BY LAND (RIVER INCLUDED) BEYOND FRONTIER.			
	Names of Articles.				Unit of weight or Number.	Quantity.	Value, Rupees.	
1	Betelnut ...	...	...	...	Maunds.	24,851	2,29,675	
2	Cotton Twist and Yarn	...	...	..	lbs.	898,910	7,46,029	
3	Crockery Ware	...	...	...	.....	.....	77,514	
4	Ngapee, dried fish, &c.,	...	...	...	Maunds.	525,751	18,50,296	
5	Piece Goods, Cotton	...	...	...	Pieces.	923,042	11,27,307	
6	„ Silk	...	...	...	„	111,813	9,27,248	
7	„ Woollen	...	...	...	„	63,899	2,78,527	
8	Rice and Paddy	...	...	...	Tons.	59,579	16,52,991	
9	Salt	...	...	...	Maunds.	242,320	2,88,281	
10	Silk, Raw	...	...	..	lbs.	90,238	5,06,181	
11	All other articles not enumerated above	...	...	...	.....	.....	11,69,416	
Total value, Rs.					.....	.....	88,53,465	

value thereof entered at the Inland Custom Houses of British Burmah for the fractions omitted.

DIVISION.

IMPORTS BY LAND (RIVER INCLUDED) FROM BEYOND FRONTIER.					Grand Total of Exports and Imports, Rs.	REMARKS.
Number.	Articles.	Unit of weight or No.	Quantity.	Value, Rupees.		
1	Copper	Maunds.	1,532	32,151		
2	Cotton, Raw	"	38,699	6,47,042		
3	Cutch	"	64,386	2,27,234		
4	Dyes	"	1,928	17,005		
5	Earthenware ... ..	.....	.....	14,138		
6	Gold leaf	Packet.	10,025	16,581		
7	Gram	Maunds.	146,509	2,49,371		
8	Hardware and Cutlery ... ..	.....	.....	36,200		
9	Hides, Bullock and Buffalo	No.	21,071	4,888		
10	Horns	"	690	84		
11	Indigo	Maunds.	320	1,019		
12	Jaggery and Molasses	"	163,533	4,68,497		
13	Lacquered Ware ... ..	.....	.....	3,78,906		
14	Lead	Maunds.	704	4,079		
15	Metal Ware ... ..	.....	.....	61,461		
16	Orpiment, Yellow	Maunds.	3,024	27,220		
17	Petroleum	"	95,026	1,67,337		
18	Piece Goods, Cotton... ..	Pieces.	1,018,438	9,12,200		
19	" Silk	"	127,815	7,77,971		
20	Ponies	No.	909	81,818		
21	Stones, Jade (rough)	Maunds.	697	12,441		
22	Seesamum Oil	"	61,067	5,69,017		
23	Stick Lac	"	5,013	44,533		
24	Stones, Precious ... ..	.....	.....	78,273		
25	Sugar	Maunds.	89	486		
26	Tea, dry	"	720	8,180		
27	Tea, wet, pickled	"	18,559	1,48,440		
28	Timber	Tons.	6,946	2,37,022		
29	Tobacco	Maunds.	18,008	53,736		
30	Wheat	"	27,625	74,724		
31	All other articles not enumerated above ... ..	.....	.....	10,14,210		
	Total value, Rs. ... ..	.....	.....	63,66,324		
Grand Total of Exports and Imports by Land Rupees ...					1,52,19,789	

Y.—Abstract Statement of the Value of Exports and Imports by Sea and Land from of Duty realized or chargeable

Division.	Name of Custom House.	To and from Home or Internal Ports subject to the Government of India, but excluding the Straits and Aden and the Ports of British Burmah.		To and from Foreign or External Ports, not subject to the Govt. of India, but including the Straits and Aden.		To and from Ports within the Territory of British Burmah, including the Ports of the Andaman Islands and dependencies.		TOTAL.	
		Exports Rupees.	Imports Rupees.	Exports Rupees.	Imports Rupees.	Exports Rupees.	Imports Rupees.	Exports Rupees.	Imports Rupees.
PEGU DIVISION.	Bangoon ...	52,84,202	1,95,44,656	1,67,77,896	68,61,183	45,40,069	17,11,572	2,66,02,167	2,81,17,411
	Bassein ...	1,05,581	82,257	26,02,526	20,276	24,461	63,986	27,32,568	1,66,519
	Total by Sea ...	53,89,783	1,96,26,913	1,93,80,422	68,81,459	45,64,530	17,75,558	2,93,34,735	2,82,83,930
	Thayetmyo ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	80,42,830	57,84,178
	Toungoo ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8,10,035	5,82,146
	Total by Land...	...	...	...	...	...	...	88,53,465	63,66,324
	Total Pegu Division ...	53,89,783	1,96,26,913	1,93,80,422	68,81,459	45,64,530	17,75,558	3,81,88,200	3,40,50,254
TENASSERIM.	Moulmein ...	35,57,721	22,87,940	44,12,984	8,31,677	7,77,637	38,10,597	87,48,342	69,30,214
	Tavoy ...	...	...	1,29,434	2,05,636	1,41,477	1,18,498	2,70,911	3,24,134
	Mergui ...	...	...	19,061	76,029	2,17,015	1,37,357	2,36,076	2,13,386
	Total by Sea ...	35,57,721	22,87,940	45,61,479	11,13,342	11,36,129	40,66,452	92,55,329	74,67,734
ARRACAN.	Akyab ...	12,86,070	51,64,211	54,03,053	1,83,374	12,60,585	4,63,852	79,49,708	58,11,437
	Kyauk Phyoo ...	...	...	...	...	...	270	...	270
	Cheduba ...	28,188	80	24,973	37,700	1,225	...	54,386	37,780
	Ramree ...	...	...	...	...	...	2,240	...	2,240
	Total by Sea ...	13,14,258	51,64,291	54,28,026	2,21,074	12,61,810	4,66,362	80,04,004	58,51,727
Grand Total of the Province by Sea and Land ...		1,02,61,702	2,70,79,144	2,93,69,927	82,15,875	69,62,469	63,08,372	5,54,47,623	4,79,69,715

and to the Custom Houses of British Burmah during the year 1864-65, with the amount thereon, omitting fractions.

Total Value for each Custom House.	Amount of Duty realized.	Total Value in corresponding months of previous year.	Total Duty in corresponding months of previous year.	IMPORTS ON ACCOUNT OF GOVERNMENT.					REMARKS.
				ARTICLES.	Pegu Division.	Tenasserim Division.	Arracan Division.	Total for British Burmah.	
Rupees.	Rupees.	Rupees.	Rupees.		Rupees.	Rupees.	Rupees.	Rupees.	
5,47,19,578	12,70,448	3,42,41,471	8,48,046	Agricultural Implements..	250	...	...	250	
28,90,087	2,26,088	15,01,644	1,29,878	Commissariat Stores ...	1,86,928	2,500	...	1,89,428	
				Engineering Stores ...	16,005	...	25,003	41,008	
5,76,18,665	14,96,531	3,57,46,115	9,77,724	Machinery ...	...	...	...	...
				Scales and Weights ...	...	867	...	867	
1,38,27,008	...	1,01,74,375	93,372	Military Stores ...	23,377	276	...	23,653	
13,92,781	...	11,14,963	987	Medical ..	...	400	1,550	1,950	
				Opium ..	1,80,080	40,160	5,000	1,95,240	
1,52,19,789	...	1,12,80,338	94,359	Police ...	...	...	1,996	1,996	
				Stationery ...	5,280	450	4,639	10,369	
				Stamps ...	...	...	30,680	30,680	
7,28,38,454	14,96,531	4,70,35,453	10,72,083	Telegraph Store ...	6,580	...	47,730	54,310	
				Timber ...	...	...	...	...
				Treasure ...	6,35,150	52,500	2,59,000	9,46,650	
1,56,78,556	1,16,395	1,03,03,669	94,748	Mathematical Instruments	400	...	...	400	
5,95,045	14,044	6,54,415	19,296	Ordnance Stores ...	6,700	...	...	6,700	
4,49,462	2,487	2,81,095	3,090	Naval Stores ...	715	57,304	700	58,719	
1,67,23,063	1,32,926	1,12,39,179	1,17,143	Total Rs. ...	10,31,465	1,54,457	3,76,358	15,62,280	
				RECEIPTS NOT INCLUDED IN THE AMOUNT OF DUTY.					
					Rupees.	Rupees.	Rupees.	Rupees.	
1,37,61,145	4,09,199	1,21,85,454	4,91,951	Amount of Confiscations	4,658	658	...	5,316	
270	...	...	...	" Fees ..	233	...	...	233	
92,166	...	30,166	...	" Fines ...	3,406	...	...	3,406	
2,240	...	...	...	Bonded Warehouse Rent	1,952	...	...	1,952	
				Wharf Godown Rent ...	2,812	...	...	2,812	
1,98,55,821	4,09,199	1,22,15,620	4,91,951	Wharfage Rent ...	...	694	...	694	
				Sale of printed forms, &c.	220	...	...	220	
				Miscellaneous Collections	1,059	...	23	1,082	
10,34,17,335	20,38,656	7,04,90,252	16,81,177	Total Rs. ...	14,349	1,352	23	15,724	

Z.—Abstract Statement of Grain, Rice (husked and unhusked), and Timber exported the year 1864-65,

Division. Number.		Port or Custom House, and Nature of Articles.	To Foreign or External Ports not subject to the Government of India, but including the Straits and Aden.									
			United Kingdom.		Foreign Europe.		Straits Settlements.		To all other Foreign Ports.			
			Quantity	Value.	Quantity	Value.	Quantity	Value.	Quantity	Value.		
			Tons.	Rupees.	Tons.	Rupees.	Tons.	Rupees.	Tons.	Rupees.		
PEGU.	1	Rangoon {	Rice ...	65,770	34,28,176	2,735	1,43,420	98,673	60,92,198	75,342	45,57,120	
	2		Paddy ...	...	...	...	174	6,028	3,079	83,971	
	3		Timber ...	6,638	3,46,400	...	...	369	21,260	442	25,697
	1	Bassoin {	Rice ...	43,942	17,58,982	2,118	72,229	8,915	4,60,050	6,534	3,07,153	
	2		Paddy ...	...	...	...	69	1,560	...	...
	3		Timber ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	1	Total by Sea ... {	Rice ...	1,09,712	51,87,158	4,853	2,15,649	1,07,588	65,52,248	81,876	48,64,273	
	2		Paddy ...	...	...	...	243	7,588	3,079	83,971	
	3		Timber ...	6,638	3,46,400	...	...	369	21,260	442	25,697
	1	Theytnyo {	Rice ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	2		Paddy ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	3		Timber ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1	Toungoo {	Rice ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2		Paddy ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3		Timber ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total by Land ... {	Rice ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Paddy ...		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Timber ...		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total Pegu Division {	Rice ...	1,09,712	51,87,158	4,853	2,15,649	1,07,588	65,52,248	81,876	48,64,273	
	Paddy ...		...	...	...	...	243	7,588	3,079	83,971	
	Timber ...		6,638	3,46,400	...	...	369	21,260	442	25,697	
TENASSERIM.	1	Moulmein {	Rice ...	4,893	1,59,808	1,667	75,588	8,370	4,17,800	2,180	1,02,375	
	2		Paddy ...	1	44	...	...	...	...	...	...
	3		Timber ...	53,040	34,31,553	765	52,976	7	347	1,342	1,01,812	
	1	Tavoy {	Rice ...	...	...	...	...	1,182	47,822	1,849	80,414
	2		Paddy ...	...	...	...	...	18	542	...	...
	3		Timber ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	1	Mergui {	Rice ...	...	...	...	...	211	11,312	61	2,110
	2		Paddy ...	...	...	...	...	65	1,400	6	72
	3		Timber ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
			Total Tenasserim... {	Rice ...	4,893	1,59,808	1,667	75,588	9,763	4,76,934	4,000	1,84,899
		Paddy ...		1	44	...	...	83	1,942	6	72
		Timber ...		53,040	34,31,553	765	52,976	7	347	1,342	1,01,812	
	1	Akyab {	Rice ...	79,501	39,92,256	3,434	1,48,122	25,982	12,01,219	501	23,905	
	2		Paddy ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	3		Timber ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	1	Kyouk Phyoo ... {	Rice ...	...	...	...	...	613	24,973	...	...
	2		Paddy ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	3		Timber ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
			Total Arracan ... {	Rice ...	79,501	39,92,256	3,434	1,48,122	26,595	12,26,192	501	23,905
		Paddy
		Timber
			Total for British Burmah {	Rice ...	1,94,106	93,39,022	9,954	4,39,359	1,43,946	82,55,374	86,467	50,73,077
		Paddy ...		1	44	...	...	326	9,530	3,085	84,043
		Timber ...		59,678	37,77,953	765	52,976	876	21,607	1,784	1,27,509	

from the Ports in the several divisions of the Province of British Burmah during excluding fractions.

To Home or Internal Ports subject to the Government of India, but excluding the Straits and Aden, and the Ports of British Burmah.		To Ports within the Territory of British Burmah, including the Ports of the Andaman Islands and their dependencies.		Total by Sea to all Ports.		Total by Land.		Total quantity of Grain and Timber.	Total value of Grain and Timber.	REMARKS.
Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.			
Tons.	Rupees.	Tons.	Rupees.	Tons.	Rupees.	Tons.	Rupees.	Tons.	Rupees.	
11,267	7,12,750	5	376	2,53,792	1,49,34,040	...	...	...	...
2,223	60,709	2	85	5,478	1,50,793	...	...	...	...
18,503	10,45,998	300	17,534	26,252	14,56,889	...	...	...	...
283	7,186	32	1,362	61,824	26,06,962	...	...	...	...
2,332	61,300	...	...	2,401	65,860	...	...	...	...
...	...	121	7,956	121	7,956	...	...	...	...
11,550	7,19,936	37	1,738	3,15,616	1,75,41,002	...	...	...	...
4,555	1,25,000	2	85	7,879	2,16,653	...	...	...	...
18,503	10,45,998	421	25,490	26,373	14,64,845	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	7,172	3,41,602	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	52,407	13,11,389	...	...
...	
...	
...	
...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	7,172	3,41,602	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	52,407	13,11,389	...	...
...	
11,550	7,19,936	37	1,738	3,15,616	1,75,41,002	7,172	3,41,602	3,22,788	1,78,82,604	
4,555	1,25,000	2	85	7,879	2,16,653	52,407	13,11,389	60,286	15,28,042	
18,503	10,45,998	421	25,490	26,373	14,64,845	...	...	26,373	14,64,845	
1,353	68,493	569	21,895	19,032	8,40,759	...	...	...	...
2,388	49,952	146	2,920	2,535	52,916	...	...	...	...
55,561	30,43,302	3,649	2,07,952	1,14,364	68,37,942	...	...	...	...
...	...	2	89	3,033	1,28,325	...	...	...	...
...	...	41	878	59	1,420	...	...	...	...
...	...	249	4,572	249	4,572	...	...	...	...
...	...	25	1,075	297	14,497	...	...	...	...
...	...	19	1,003	90	2,475	...	...	...	...
...	
1,353	68,493	569	23,059	22,362	9,83,581	...	...	22,362	9,83,581	
2,388	49,952	206	4,801	2,684	56,811	...	...	2,684	56,811	
55,561	30,43,302	3,898	2,12,524	1,14,613	68,42,514	...	...	1,14,613	68,42,514	
10,150	2,98,093	...	...	1,10,577	50,64,495	...	...	...	...
...	
1,035	65,545	...	...	1,035	65,545	...	...	...	...
160	8,070	24	1,125	707	34,168	...	...	...	...
703	20,118	...	...	703	20,118	...	...	...	...
...	
10,319	3,07,063	24	1,125	1,20,374	56,98,663	...	...	1,20,374	56,98,663	
703	20,118	...	...	703	20,118	...	...	703	20,118	
1,035	65,545	...	...	1,035	65,545	...	...	1,035	65,545	
23,222	10,90,492	657	25,922	4,58,352	2,42,23,240	7,172	3,41,602	4,65,521	2,45,61,848	
7,646	1,95,079	208	4,886	11,266	2,93,582	52,407	13,11,389	63,673	16,04,971	
75,099	41,54,845	4,319	2,38,014	1,42,021	83,72,904	...	...	1,42,021	83,72,904	

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

Plate-laying in the Punjab Railway.

Progress Report of Plate-laying for the month ending May 1865.

	Miles.	Chains.		Plate-laying required.	PREVIOUSLY		THIS MONTH		TOTAL		REMARKS.
					Linked in.	Completed.	Linked in.	Completed.	Linked in.	Completed.	
From ...	72		DISTRICT No. 1.								
To ...	31	65	Main Line at Lahore Station	M. C.							
			Umrutaur Station ...	30 73	30 73 0	30 73 0	.....	.....	30 73 0	30 73 0	
From ...	72		DISTRICT No. 2.								
To ...	54		Main Line at Lahore Station	53 8	53 8 0	53 8 0	.....	.....	53 8 0	53 8 0	
			" towards Mooltan								
From ...	54		DISTRICT No. 3.								
To ...	110		Main Line ...	56 0	56 0 0	14 4 0	.....	3 0 0	56 0 0	17 4 0	
			" towards Mooltan								
From ...	110		DISTRICT No. 4.								
To ...	166		Main Line ...	58 0	58 0 0	58 0 0	.....	.....	58 0 0	58 0 0	
			" towards Mooltan								
From ...	166		DISTRICT No. 5.								
To ...	220	30	Main Line ...	54 30	54 50 0	54 50 0	.....	.....	54 50 0	54 50 0	
			Sher Shah Terminus, 11½ miles beyond Mooltan Station...								
			Total for Main Line ...	250 31	250 51 0	208 55 0	.....	3 0 0	250 51 0	211 55 0	
			Station Yards and Sidings ...	30 67	17 16 97	16 13 97	.....	0 10 0	17 16 97	16 28 97	
			Total ...	281 18	267 67 97	224 68 97	.....	3 10 0	267 67 97	227 78 97	

LAHORE,
27th June 1865.(Signed) J. HARRISON,
Chief Engineer.Dhurrumsallas near Railway Stations between
Bombay and Goozerat.Memorandum by MR. ELLIS, Revenue Commissioner,
N. D., regarding Dhurrumsallas near Stations
on the line of Railway from Bombay to Goozerat.

The Bombay, Baroda, and Central India Railway Company are about to open the line through from Bombay. Owing to the Engineers having selected the line which gave the easiest gradients and cost the least, the large villages are often at some distance from the Stations. At other Stations where the towns are close to the Railway Line, there is no accommodation near enough to the Stations for Native travellers who have to leave by an early train, or who arrive by a late one.

2. European travellers, being few probably, find shelter for a night in the Railway waiting rooms, but for the numerous Native travellers no such opportunity offers. Even if the Railway subordinates allow them to stay (which they probably would not) still there are no means of cooking, and though the mass of Native travellers are content with little, yet they certainly do not find even that little at Railway Stations.

3. The want of good Dhurrumsallas is therefore urgent at the Stations on the line already open, and it will be still more severely felt when the Railway through the Konkan is opened for traffic, as the towns in this part of the line are, with hardly an exception, at some distance from the stations.

4. The Committees for the administration of the Local Funds, recently organized by Government, have fully recognized this necessity, and several projects have been forwarded for Dhur-

rumsallas on the Railway Line. But the Committees have so many calls on their limited funds that they cannot build at once all the Dhurrumsallas required, and the sums they are able to allot are wholly inadequate, at present prices, for raising buildings of proper appearance or of sufficient size.

5. It has therefore occurred to me that many wealthy Native gentlemen connected by trade or birth with the country traversed by the Bombay, Baroda, and Central India Railway, might be disposed, if the facts were made known to them, to come forward and supply the funds for Dhurrumsallas thus urgently needed.

6. In this country it has always been properly considered an act of true charity to build Dhurrumsallas or Serais for poor travellers, and it is unnecessary therefore to urge on general grounds that money may be well bestowed on such an object.

7. A list is appended of the Stations at which Dhurrumsallas are required. It is proposed that each Dhurrumsalla be built by funds contributed by a single individual. The design will be prepared by Officers of the Public Works Department in consultation with the Local Committee or Municipal body, who will be responsible for the future maintenance of the Dhurrumsallas. For the ground, application will be made to Government; at many stations it is already available. It is further proposed that in each Dhurrumsalla a tablet be erected to record the name of the donor. The cost of this and of a well which will be required near each Dhurrumsalla, it is proposed to charge to the Local Funds.

8. With these remarks I beg to circulate the list of which Mr. Vinayakrao Wassodeo has kindly consented to take charge.

Dhurrumsallas required near the Railway Stations between Bombay and Goozerat.

Name of Station.	Amount.	Name of Contributor.
	Rs.	
Grant Road - - -	1,00,000	The Hon'ble Rustomjee Jamsetjee Jeejeebhoy.
Bandora - - -	10,000	Sir Jamsetjee Jeejeebhoy, Baronet.
Bhurodie in Mouje Paharee - - -	5,000	Framjee Nussurwanjee.
Dysur for Ghore Bunder - - -	8,000	Mrs. C. Furdonjee.
Manickpoor for Bassein - - -	15,000	Mr. Sorabjee Pestonjee Framjee.
Verar for Agaseh - - -	8,000	Roychund Deepchund by Premchund Roychund.
Nowlee Palghur for Kelwa Mahim - - -	8,000	
Boysur for Tarapoor Chinchnee - - -	10,000	
Mullianee for Dhanoo - - -	10,000	
Sunjan - - -	8,000	
Wapee for Demaun - - -	8,000	Roychund Deepchund by Premchund Roychund.
Balda Pardi, 10,000	37,000	Lady Jamsetjee Jeejeebhoy.
Oodwada 25,000		
Also for Maintenance 2,000		
Bulsar - - -	15,000	Byramjee Manickjee Wadia of Surat.
Umulsar - - -	8,000	
Vejulpoor for Nowsaree - - -	10,000	Sir Jamsetjee Jeejeebhoy, Baronet.
Surat - - -	- - -	Already provided by Cursetjee Furdonjee, Esquire.
Saen - - -	12,000	Merbye, daughter of the late Furdonjee Sorabjee Paruck by Cursetjee Furdonjee, Esquire.
Keem - - -	10,000	
Panolee - - -	5,000	
Unklesur - - -	15,000	
Broach - - -	20,000	The Hon'ble Rustomjee Jamsetjee Jeejeebhoy.
Chumargaum - - -	5,000	
Palej - - -	5,000	
Wassud - - -	10,000	
Anuund - - -	15,000	Roychund Deepchund by Premchand Roychund.
Neriad - - -	12,000	
Mehmoodabad - - -	15,000	
Barejree - - -	5,000	
Ahmedabad - - -		
One @ - - -	25,000	
One @ - - -	20,000	
One @ - - -	20,000	



The Gazette of India.

Published by Authority.

SIMLA, SATURDAY, AUGUST 5, 1865.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

LEGISLATIVE.

The following Act of the Governor General of India in Council received the assent of His Excellency the Governor General on the 14th July 1865, and is hereby promulgated for general information :

ACT No. XXIV. of 1865.

An Act to give effect to certain Warrants of Attorney and Cognovits.

WHEREAS it is expedient to give effect to Warrants of Attorney to confess judgment in suits in the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, which were executed on the first day of July 1862, being the date of the establishment of the said Court, or on the date of the passing of this Act, or on any intermediate day, and to Cognovits executed or given on any of the days abovementioned by any defendant in any suit pending in the same Court: And whereas it is also expedient to render valid judgments which have been signed on such Warrants of Attorney and Cognovits respectively, and executions and subsequent proceedings which have been sued out and taken thereon; It is enacted as follows:—

1. Judgment may be signed in the said High Court upon every Warrant of Attorney and Cognovit *actionem* executed or given in or relating to proceedings in the same Court on the said first day of July 1862, or on the date of the passing of this Act, or on any intermediate day, in the same manner as judgments were signed in the late Supreme Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, upon Warrants of Attorney and Cognovits executed or given in or relating to proceedings in such Court; and all such Warrants of Attorney and Cognovits shall be subject, as nearly as circumstances permit, to all rules of Court and provisions of Acts of Parliament which were in force at the time when

the said High Court was established, and to which Warrants of Attorney and Cognovits given in or relating to proceedings in the said Supreme Court were then subject.

2. A judgment entered up or signed on any Warrant of Attorney or Cognovit to which this Act extends, shall be deemed a decree of the said High Court, and may be executed and enforced accordingly.

Judgments on such Warrants or Cognovits to be deemed decrees of the High Court.

3. Any judgment which has been signed on any such Warrant or Cognovit in the said High Court shall be deemed to be and always to have been as valid and effectual as if the same had been signed in the said Supreme Court upon a Warrant of Attorney or Cognovit given in that Court; and every writ of execution which has been sued out thereon, and every execution of any such writ, and all proceedings taken thereon, shall for all purposes be deemed and taken to be and always to have been as valid and effectual as if the same had been sued out of the said Supreme Court upon a judgment signed in the same Court upon a Warrant of Attorney or Cognovit given in or relating to proceedings in that Court; and no suit or other proceeding shall be commenced, prosecuted or carried on against any person for any thing done under or in pursuance of such judgment or execution which could not have been maintained if such judgment had been entered up in the said Supreme Court upon a Warrant of Attorney or Cognovit executed or given in or relating to proceedings in that Court, and the execution had been issued on such judgment.

4. The said High Court shall have the same powers to set aside or annul any such Warrant or Cognovit, and any judgment signed thereon and any execution issued upon such judgment, as the said Supreme Court exercised with respect to Warrants of Attorney or Cognovits executed or given in or relating to proceedings in that Court, and to judgments entered up thereon and to executions upon such judgments.

Power to High Court to set aside or annul Warrants and Cognovits.

6. This Act may be extended, *mutatis mutandis*, to the High Court of Judicature at Bombay, by an order of the Governor in Council to be published in the Local Government Gazette.

Secy. to the Govt. of India.

ACT No. XXV. OF 1865.

WHEREAS it is expedient to amend the Law relating to Customs duties; It is enacted as follows:—

- imported or exported by land from certain Foreign Territories into or from the Presidencies of Madras and Bombay, respectively), Act X. of 1860 (to amend Act VII., 1859, to alter the duties of Customs on goods imported or exported by Sea), Act XI. of 1862 (to amend Act X. of 1860, to amend Act VII. of 1859), Act XXIII. of 1862 (to amend Act XI. of 1862), and Act XXIII. of 1864 (to amend the Law relating to the Customs duties on goods imported by Sea), there shall be levied and collected the duties specified in the two Schedules A. and B. annexed to this Act. Provided always that nothing herein contained shall be deemed to alter the existing duties upon Salt and Opium, or to authorize the levy of duties in any free Port, or to affect the provisions of Act VI. of 1848 (for equalizing the duties on goods imported and exported on Foreign and British bottoms, and for abolishing duties on goods carried from Port to Port in the Territories subject to the Government of the East India Company), or to affect the provisions of the Consolidated Customs' Act.*

4. This Act shall be cited as "The Indian
Short title. "Customs Duties' Act of 1865."

Rates of Duty to be charged on the following goods imported by Sea into any Port in British India, not being a Free Port :—

	Free.
1. Bullion and Coin	Free.
2. Precious Stones and Pearls	33
3. Grain and Pulse	33
4. Horses and other living Animals	33
5. Ice	33
6. Coal, Coke, Bricks, Chalk, and Stones	33
7. Cotton Wool	33
8. Wool	33
9. Flax	33
10. Hemp	33
11. Jute	33
12. Hides and Skins, raw	33
13. Books	33
14. Paper	33
15. Maps, Prints, Music, and Works of Art	33
16. Seeds when imported by any Public Society for gratuitous distribution	33
17. Agricultural Implements	33

18. Firewood	...	Free.
19. Machinery used exclusively for purposes of Agriculture, Navigation, Mining, or Manufacture, or for Railway purposes, and materials forming necessary component parts of such machinery	...	"
And the Officer in charge of the Custom House, subject to the orders of the Local Government, acting under the general instructions of the Government of India, shall decide what articles come within the definition of such machinery, or materials forming component parts thereof, and such decision shall be final in law.		
20. Military and other Regulation Uniforms and Accoutrements when imported for private use by persons in the Public Service	...	"
21. Guano and manures of all kinds	...	"
22. Bottles	...	"
23. Wines and Liqueurs	...	"
24. Porter, Ale, Beer, Cider, and other similar fermented liquors	...	One Rupee the imperial gallon.
25. Spirits	...	One Anna the imperial gallon.
Provided that ten per cent. <i>ad valorem</i> shall be charged on all spirits used exclusively in Arts and Manufactures, or in Chemistry, subject to such Rules as the Local Governments shall from time to time prescribe for ascertaining that such spirits are unfit for use as a beverage, and incapable of being converted to that purpose. And the Officer in charge of the Custom House, subject to the general instructions of the Local Government, shall decide what spirits fall within the proviso, and his decision thereon shall be final in law.		
26. Iron (which shall not be taken to include iron-mongery, cutlery, or hardware)	...	Three Rupees the imperial gallon, and the duty to be rateably increased as the strength exceeds London Proof.
27. Hops	...	One per cent. <i>ad valorem</i> .
28. Tobacco, whether manufactured or not manufactured	...	One per cent. <i>ad valorem</i> .
29. Piece Goods	...	Ten per cent. <i>ad valorem</i> .
30. Twist	...	Five per cent. <i>ad valorem</i> .
31. All other articles not included in the above enumeration	...	Three and a half per cent. <i>ad valorem</i> .
	...	Seven and a half per cent. <i>ad valorem</i> .

SCHEDULE B.

Rates of Duty to be charged upon goods exported by Sea to any Foreign Port, as defined in the Consolidated Customs' Act, from any Port in British India:—

1. Bullion and Coin	...	Free.
2. Precious Stones and Pearls	...	"
3. Horses and other living Animals	...	"
4. Rum	...	"
5. Spirits	...	"
6. Tobacco, and all preparations thereof	...	"
7. Cotton Wool	...	"
8. Flax	...	"
9. Hemp	...	"
10. Books	...	"
11. Maps, Prints, and Works of Art	...	"
12. Teak Timber	...	"
13. Coal	...	"
14. Iron	...	"
15. Jute	...	"
16. Coffee	...	"
17. Tea	...	"

18. Sugar ...	...	Free.
19. Wool ...	...	"
20. Hides and Skins, raw	...	"
21. Raw Silk and Silk Chussum ...	...	"
22. Grain and Pulse of all sorts ...	Two Annas the Indian maund	} Of forty seers, of eighty tolas to the seer.
23. Saltpetre ...	One Rupee the Indian maund	
24. Indigo ...	Three Rupees the Indian maund	
25. Lac Dye and Shell Lac ...	Four per cent. <i>ad valorem</i> .	
26. All country articles not enu- merated or named above ...	Three per cent. <i>ad valorem</i> .	

E. C. BAYLEY,

Secy. to the Govt. of India.

The following Act of the Governor General of India in Council received the assent of His Excellency, the Governor General on the 3rd August 1865, and is hereby promulgated for general information:—

ACT No. XXVI of 1865.

An Act to amend Act XXIX. of 1861 (to consolidate and amend the Articles of War for the government of the Native Officers and Soldiers in Her Majesty's Indian Army).

WHEREAS it is expedient to amend the 83rd Article of War enacted in the said Act XXIX. of 1861; it is enacted as follows:—

I. The Article of War numbered 83 in the said Act XXIX. of 1861, is hereby repealed, and in lieu thereof, the following Article of War shall be read and taken as Article 83 of the said Act XXIX. of 1861:—

ARTICLE 83.

The Commander-in-Chief in India shall, under the authority of the Governor General in Council, prescribe the minor punishments to which Non-Commissioned Officers and Soldiers shall, for light offences, be liable, without the intervention of a Court Martial; and shall specify the Officer or Officers by whom such minor punishment, and the extent thereof, may be awarded. But no such minor punishment shall be awarded by a Court Martial.

II. This Act shall be read and taken as part of the said Act XXIX. of 1861.

E. C. BAYLEY,

Secy. to the Govt. of India.

The following Bill was introduced into the Council of the Governor General of India for the purpose of making Laws and Regulations on the 2nd of August 1865:—

A Bill to make temporary provision for the decision of Civil Appeals in the Districts within the Lieutenant Governorship of the Punjab.

WHEREAS it is necessary, pending the establishment of the Chief Court in the Punjab under

Act XXIII. of 1865, to make special provision for the decision of such Appeals as previously to the passing of Act XIX. of 1865 were heard by the Financial Commissioner: It is enacted

I. Until such time as Act XXIII. of 1865 shall come into operation, the Government of the Punjab may invest the Financial Commissioner of the Punjab with the powers of Judicial Commissioner, for the purpose of trying generally Appeals in respect of suits regarding land, or the rent, revenue or produce of land, anything in Act XIX. of 1865 to the contrary notwithstanding.

STATEMENT OF OBJECTS AND REASONS.

WHEN Act XIX. of 1865 was passed, it was expected that a Chief Court of Judicature, consisting of two or more Judges, would immediately be established in the Punjab, under Act XXIII. of 1865.

Circumstances have, however, arisen to delay the establishment of such a Court, and the Judicial Commissioner alone being unequal to the disposal of the additional Appellate work thrown upon him by the operation of Act XIX. of 1865, the Lieutenant Governor of the Punjab has recommended a temporary suspension of the provisions of that Act, so far as they prohibit the cognizance of suits connected with land by the Revenue Courts of the Province.

It seems sufficient, in order to effect the object in view, to pass a short Act enabling the Financial Commissioner as heretofore, and until the establishment of a Chief Court, to hear Appeals in suits connected with land, and this it is proposed to do by empowering the Lieutenant Governor to invest him with the powers of Judicial Commissioner.

SIMLA,
The 2nd August 1865.

W. GREY.

E. C. BAYLEY,

Secy. to the Govt. of India.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

No. 566.

Simla, the 31st July 1865.

Notifications.—Doctor P. Cullen, Civil Surgeon, Wurda District, is placed in charge of the Wurda District Jail, and is invested with the powers of a Magistrate to be exercised within the precincts of that Jail.

No. 575.

The Governor General in Council is pleased to appoint Lieutenant-Colonel J. E. Gastrell, Boundary Commissioner, to officiate as Deputy Surveyor General of India, with the superintendence of the Revenue Surveys, from the date on which he may receive charge of those duties from Lieutenant-Colonel D. G. Robinson.

No. 610.

The 1st August 1865.

Lieutenant M. O. Poole, Assistant Superintendent of Police, British Burmah, is granted preparatory leave for thirty days commencing from the 1st July, to proceed to Calcutta for the purpose of appearing before a Medical Board.

Lieutenant Poole made over charge of his Office to Captain M. B. S. Lloyd, Deputy Commissioner, Tougoo, on the afternoon of the same date.

No. 622.

The 2nd August 1865.

Under the provisions of the Act of Parliament XXIV. and XXV. Vic., Cap. 104, Section 7, the Governor General in Council has been pleased to appoint the Hon'ble Charles Binny Trevor to officiate as the Chief Justice of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, during the absence of the Hon'ble Sir Barnes Peacock, or until further orders.

No. 628.

The 3rd August 1865.

The Governor General in Council has been pleased to appoint Mr. Whitley Stokes to be Assistant Secretary to the Government of India in the Home Department, Legislative Branch, from the 23rd May last.

No. 630.

Under Section 12 of Act II. of 1857, the Governor General in Council is pleased to authorize the affiliation of the Presidency College (Calcutta) in Engineering to the Calcutta University, with effect from the 1st of January last.

No. 633.

Mr. Baden H. Powell is appointed to officiate as Post Master General of the Punjab and Sindh, during the absence on privilege leave of Mr. F. R. Hogg, or until further orders.

No. 636.

Doctor A. N. E. Riddell, Civil Surgeon of Chanda in the Central Provinces, is permitted to resign the appointment, and his services are replaced at disposal of the Government of Bombay.

No. 646.

Mr. H. H. Butts, Extra Assistant Commissioner in Oudh, is invested with the full powers of a Magistrate described in Section 22 of Act XXV. of 1861.

No. 648.

Ragho Myral, Naib Tehseeldar of Omrair in the Nagpore District in the Central Provinces, is invested with the powers described in Section 6 of Act XIV. of 1865, to be exercised within the limits of the Omrair Tehseel.

E. C. BAYLEY,

Secy. to the Govt. of India.

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

No. 1570.

GENERAL.

Simla, the 31st July 1865.

Notifications.—Major F. E. A. Chamier, Settlement Officer of Durriabad in Oudh, is granted privilege leave of absence for two months, under the Rules applicable to Military Officers in Civil employ, from the 20th August 1865, or from the subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it.

No. 1572.

Mr. W. Glynn, Deputy Commissioner of Oonao in Oudh, returned to his duty on the forenoon of the 13th July, from the leave granted him in G. O. No. 1250, dated 10th June 1865.

No. 1574.

Mr. H. B. Harington, Assistant Settlement Officer of Durriabad in Oudh, obtained privilege leave of absence for one month from the 19th May 1865.

No. 1576.

Mr. T. Shepherd, Deputy Commissioner in British Burmah, reported his arrival in India on the 13th July, from the leave granted to him in Notification No. 290, dated 31st May 1864.

No. 1578.

Captain J. G. Bell, Deputy Commissioner of Mehkur, Hyderabad Assigned Districts, returned to his duty on the forenoon of the 15th June, from the privilege leave granted him in G. O. No. 1116, dated 22nd May last.

No. 1588.

The 2nd August 1865.

Lieutenant E. S. Ludlow, 25th Madras Native Infantry, and Probationary Assistant in Mysore, has passed the examination in Canarese prescribed for Officers attached to the Mysore Commission.

No. 1595.

The services of Messrs. F. Venning and F. D. Bullock, of the Civil Service, are placed at the disposal of the Punjab Government for employment in that Province.

No. 1600.

The 3rd August 1865.

The Governor General in Council is pleased to cancel the Notification No. 101, dated 22nd March, extending the provisions of Act XXII. of 1864 to the Cantonments of Mysore and Bangalore.

No. 1604.

Lieutenant G. G. Young, Officiating Settlement Officer of Seetapore, is granted, under the rules applicable to Military Officers in Civil employ, twenty days' leave from the 15th ultimo, or from the subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it, to proceed to Calcutta preparatory to applying for leave to Europe on medical certificate.

Mr. O. Wood, Assistant Settlement Officer of Hurdai, will officiate as Settlement Officer of Seetapore until further orders.

No. 1606.

Lieutenant T. A. Scott, Assistant Commissioner of Hoshungabad in the Central Provinces, has obtained privilege leave of absence for three months from the 1st instant, or from the date on which he may avail himself of it.

No. 1608.

Captain E. F. H. Armstrong, Assistant Superintendent, 3rd Class, Mysore, returned to his duty on the 7th July from the privilege leave granted him in G. O. No. 1361, dated 26th June 1865.

No. 1610.

Major A. R. E. Hutchinson, Political Agent at Gwalior, returned to his duty on the 14th July from the leave granted him in G. O. No. 1127, dated 22nd May 1865.

A. COLVIN,

*Offg. Under-Secy. to the Govt. of India.***PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.**

No. 274.

ESTABLISHMENT.

Simla, the 29th July 1865.

Notifications.—Sergeant J. Edmunds, Accountant, 3rd Grade, attached to the Office of the Accountant General, Public Works Department, having, at his own request, been remanded to the 24th

Brigade, Royal Artillery, in G. O. C. C. of the 10th July 1865, is struck off the list of Public Works Accountants.

No. 275.

The 31st July 1865.

Sergeant W. Jenkins, Supervisor, 2nd Grade, Central Provinces, is allowed twelve months' leave of absence on medical certificate, with effect from the 21st January 1865.

No. 276.

Errata.—The following alterations are directed to be made in Public Works Department Notification No. 132 of the 7th April 1865:—

Substitute *Rajpoolana* for the words "Central Provinces" after the name of Sergeant T. J. Jennings. Omit the word "temporary" after the name of Corporal P. Barrow. Omit the name of "2nd Corporal T. Walton, &c."

No. 277.

The 1st August 1865.

Public Works Department Notification No. 171, dated 13th May 1865, bringing the undermentioned subordinates of the Madras Presidency on the Public Works Establishment under the Government of India, and posting them to Mysore, is hereby cancelled:—

Mr. W. H. Walton, Supervisor, 2nd Grade.

Sergeant J. Cairns, Supervisor, 2nd Grade.

No. 278.

The 3rd August 1865.

The Governor General in Council is pleased to make the following *special* promotions of Officers and Subordinates attached to the Lighthouses Divisions, with effect from the dates specified:—

Lieutenant J. M. McNeile, R. E., Executive Engineer, 4th Grade (with local rank of Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade), to be Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade, from the 1st November 1863.

Mr. C. W. Hope, Assistant Engineer, 1st Grade, to be Executive Engineer, 4th Grade, from the 20th May 1865.

Mr. J. H. White, temporary Supervisor, 1st Grade, to be a permanent Supervisor, 2nd Grade, from 1st April 1865, with local rank of 1st Grade.

Mr. T. Nelson, temporary Supervisor, 2nd Grade, is appointed a permanent Supervisor, 2nd Grade, from 1st April 1865.

No. 279.

The following transfers have been made in the Public Works Department of the Central Provinces, with effect from the 1st June 1865:—

Lieutenant P. Montgomerie, R. E., Executive Engineer, 4th Grade, from the Upper Godavery Circle to the Eastern Division.

Mr. W. Tyndall, C. E., Executive Engineer, 4th Grade, from the Upper Godavery Circle to the 2nd Division, Great Northern Road.

Lieutenant E. M. Harvey, R. E., Assistant Engineer, 2nd Grade, from the Upper Godavery Circle to the 1st Division, Great Northern Road.

Conductor W. Phillips, Supervisor, 1st Grade, from the Irrigation Division to the 1st Division, Great Northern Road.

No. 280.

Mr. D. A. Gantzer, Accountant, 1st Grade, Public Works Department, British Burmah, and at present officiating as Deputy Controller in Hyderabad, is transferred in his substantive grade to Bengal, to fill an existing vacancy.

Mr. Gantzer will continue to officiate in his present post until the return of Mr. Nuttall from deputation.

Mr. G. Carpenter, Accountant, 2nd Grade, Public Works Department, Mysore, is promoted to Accountant, 1st Grade, and transferred to the Central Provinces, *vice* Mr. W. Billings, appointed to act as a Deputy Controller, Public Works Accounts, Punjab.

Mr. G. A. James, Accountant, 4th Grade, Public Works Department, Bengal, is promoted to Accountant, 3rd Grade, and transferred to the Straits Settlement.

No. 281.

The following transfers and changes in the Public Works Department, British Burmah, are confirmed:—

Lieutenant W. P. Tomkins, R. E., Assistant Engineer, 2nd Grade, at present attached to the Chief Engineer's Office, is transferred to the Rangoon Division.

Mr. E. Clementson, Assistant Engineer, 2nd Grade, is transferred from the Thayetmyo Division to the Rangoon Division.

Mr. R. Gordon, Assistant Engineer, 2nd Grade, Rangoon Division, is appointed to officiate temporarily as Executive Engineer, Upper Pegu and Arracan Roads Division. He will proceed to take over charge from Mr. Magrath, Sub-Engineer, 2nd Grade, as soon as he can be relieved from his present duties.

Mr. P. Magrath, Sub-Engineer, 2nd Grade, is transferred from the officiating charge of the Upper Pegu and Arracan Roads Division, and placed under the orders of the Executive Engineer, Rangoon Division. Mr. Magrath will make over charge of his Division to Mr. R. Gordon, Assistant Engineer, 2nd Grade, Rangoon Division.

No. 14F.

REVENUE.—FORESTS.

The 2nd August 1865.

Erratum.—In Public Works Department Notification No. 219, dated 18th August 1864, replacing the services of Major C. H. Strutt, R. A., at the disposal of the Military Department, for, "with effect from the date of joining," read, "with effect from the date of his being relieved of his duties in the Forest Department."

With reference to the above, it is notified that Major Strutt was relieved from duty in the Forest Department on the 31st December 1864.

C. H. DICKENS, *Lieut.-Col., R. A.*

Secy. to the Govt. of India.

FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT.

No. 1644.

Simla, the 28th July 1865.

Notification.—The following Home Accounts of the Government of India for 1863-64 and an Estimated Account for 1864-65, together with other Statements connected therewith, are published for general information:—

No. 1.

AN ACCOUNT of the RECEIPTS and DISBURSEMENTS of the HOME

RECEIPTS.				£.	s.	d.
Balance, 1st May 1863				5,248,910	7	7
India 4 per cent. Stock, created in exchange for a like amount of Debentures paid off				2,441,000	0	0
Amount received for Bills of Exchange on India				8,979,521	7	1
Miscellaneous Home Receipts:						
In reduction of Civil Charges:						
Interest realized from investment of Cash Balance, &c.	£.	s.	d.			
	124,405	5	7			
Fees, subscriptions to widows' funds, &c.	11,728	10	11			
On account of maintenance of lunatics	346	16	1			
Passage and outfit	49	0	6			
Her Majesty's Treasury on account of Malta and Alexandria Telegraph	8,391	6	4			
The War Office, for two years' rent of Warley Barracks	3,000	0	0			
Sale proceeds of surplus books, un-serviceable stores, stamps, &c.	942	7	3			
				148,863	6	8
Value of stores at the late dépôt at Warley taken by the War Department	33,163	7	9			
Proceeds of sale of Newstreet Warehouse	6,523	10	0			
Balance of proceeds of the sale of the Indian Navy frigates <i>Punjab</i> and <i>Assaye</i>	22,499	14	4			
				62,186	12	1
In reduction of Military charges:						
Amount recovered from the War Office in respect of dépôt and recruiting charges, &c., of Her Majesty's regiments serving in India, for the years 1855-56 to 1860-61				213,483	9	0
Passage of Officers and Troops				278	8	1
				213,709	17	1
Amount received from Her Majesty's Treasury and other public Departments:						
In repayment of advances in India on account of the emigration of coolies..				16,285	2	8
Do. expenses of Madras Troops employed at Labuan				4,916	10	0
Do. pensions paid in India to out-pensioners of Chelsea Hospital				8,734	14	11
Do. Naval supplies				30,295	4	9
Miscellaneous receipts on account of India						
Subscriptions on account of the Civil, Military, and other provident Funds of India						
				60,231	12	4
				153,736	13	1
				60,157	19	2
Carried forward				£.	17,368,317	15 1

No. 1.

TREASURY of the GOVERNMENT of India, from 1st May 1863 to 30th April 1864.

DISBURSEMENTS.

£. s. d.

India 4 per cent. Debentures paid off	7,968,500	0	0
---------------------------------------	-----------	---	---

CHARGES ON THE REVENUES OF INDIA:

DEBT:

	£.	s.	d.	£.	s.	d.	£.	s.	d.
Dividends to Proprietors of East India Stock				629,970	1	6			
Interest on Loans contracted in England:									
East India Bonds	124,599	17	0						
India 4 per cent. Debentures	413,174	1	11						
India 5 per cent. Stock	786,005	0	0						
India 4 per cent. Stock	48,820	0	0						

CIVIL CHARGES:

1,372,598 18 11

2,002,569 0 5

Home Establishment:

Salaries of the Secretary of State, Under-Secretaries of State, Members of the Council of India, Secretaries and Officers of the Secretary of State for India in Council, Assistant Military Secretary to His Royal Highness the Field Marshal Commanding-in-Chief, and Clerk	117,107	12	8						
Auditor and Assistants under Act 21 & 22 Viet., c. 106, s. 52	2,151	18	11						
Stores Department: Wages of Labourers, Cartage, Lighterage, Dock Dues, &c.	11,489	18	11						
Law charges	5,287	12	9						
Bank of England for management of debt	9,444	3	9						
Postage of despatches to and from India	2,807	7	11						
Office Contingencies:									
Rent, rates, taxes, coals, gas, candles, furniture and repairs, books, maps and charts, printing, stationery, stamps, book-binding, advertisements, postage, and various petty charges	22,881	4	6						
Amount paid under postal arrangement with the Lords of Her Majesty's Treasury				171,119	19	5			
Persian Gulf Telegraph Cable				51,860	1	6			
Telegraph land Lines through Turkey				306,006	15	8			
Ditto ditto through Persia				22,983	4	9			
Subsidy to the Euphrates and Tigris Steam Navigation Company, on account of the mail service between Basrah and Bagdad				10,675	18	3			
On account of Red Sea and India Telegraph				2,100	0	0			
Ditto Mission to the Court of Persia				18,027	0	0			
Pensions and retired allowances				15,000	0	0			
Compensation pensions to Officers and petty Officers, &c., of the Maritime Service of the East India Company				228,449	18	6			
Furlough and absentee allowances				18,468	9	7			
New India Office				72,091	13	10			
				46,534	19	7			
Carried forward	£.			953,317	16		12,002,569	0	5

No. 1.—AN ACCOUNT of the Receipts and Disbursements of the Home

	£.	s.	d.
Brought forward ...	17,368,317	15	1
RECEIPTS,—continued.			
Indian Railway and other Guaranteed Companies :			
Instalments of capital, &c., under their respective Deeds of Contract :	£.	s.	d.
Bombay, Baroda, and Central India Railway Company ...	665,273	0	0
East Indian Railway Company ...	2,116,627	0	0
Great Indian Peninsula Railway Company ...	1,461,272	0	0
Great Southern of India Railway Company ...	233,000	0	0
Madras Railway Company ...	531,946	0	0
Scinde Railway Company (including Indus Flotilla, and Punjab and Delhi Railways) ...	1,064,510	10	0
Madras Irrigation and Canal Company ...	63,177	0	0
		6,135,805	10 0
Carried forward ...	£.	23,504,123	5 1

Treasury of the Government of India, from 1st May 1863 to 30th April 1864,—continued.

	£.	s.	d.	£.	s.	d.	£.	s.	d.
Brought forward ...	963,317	16	1	2,002,509	0	5	7,968,500	0	0
DISBURSEMENTS,—continued.									
CHARGES ON THE REVENUES OF INDIA,—continued.									
CIVIL CHARGES,—continued.									
New Stores Warehouses ...	19,613	15	0						
East India Company, for expenses in respect of their capital stock, and dividends ...	3,039	18	0						
Poplar Fund: Pensions and expenses of Hospital ...	4,167	6	2						
Annual donation to Bengal Civil Fund ...	2,500	0	0						
Gratuities, subscriptions to charities, and relief to distressed natives of India ...	1,164	12	10						
Maintenance of lunatics from India ...	7,600	2	1						
Transport of convicts from India to Western Australia ...	323	4	10						
Passage and outfit of the Governor General of India, Judge of the High Court of Judicature at Calcutta, Chaplains, Professors, School-masters, Civil Engineers, &c. ...	8,135	0	0						
Examination expenses, and allowances of candidates for the Civil Service of India, and Civil Engineers ...	8,912	7	10						
Expenses on account of Officers acquiring scientific knowledge ...	633	12	10						
Agents at the outposts and abroad, salaries and expenses ...	2,205	19	2						
Expenses in connection with the introduction of Cinchona Plants into India ...	2,062	19	6						
Medals ...	10,529	17	4						
Indian Law Commission ...	3,000	0	0						
Indian Sanitary Commission ...	3,250	0	0						
Indian Accounts Commission ...	4,968	2	0						
Expenses connected with the International Exhibition of 1862 ...	1,255	2	10						
Allowances to Officers for special services; expenses of Commission of Inquiry to consider memorials of Indian Officers, &c. ...	2,354	3	7						
				1,049,037	0	1			
MILITARY CHARGES:									
<i>Effective.</i>									
Cost of education of Officers and Cadets at Chatham and Sandhurst, and of Assistant Surgeons at Chatham ...	12,230	10	1						
Passage of Officers and Troops ...	174,357	3	9						
The Imperial Government, for troops serving in India ...	550,000	0	0						
Furlough allowances ...	161,410	5	2						
Miscellaneous ...	10	6	0						
				898,007	19	0			
<i>Non-effective.</i>									
The Imperial Government on account of retired pay, &c., of troops serving or having served in India; Act 25 & 26 Viet., c. 27 ...	245,000	0	0						
Retired pay, including Colonels' allowances ...	768,071	14	4						
Pensions, Lord Clive's Fund ...	151,971	5	0						
				1,165,043	0	1			
MARINE CHARGES:									
Furlough and absentee allowances ...	2,654	0	4						
Pensions and retired allowances ...	58,950	10	11						
Commutation of pensions of Officers of the late Indian Navy ...	30,896	3	5						
Passage from India of Officers of the late Indian Navy on abolition of that service ...	232	0	0						
				87,732	14	8			
							5,202,389	14	3
Carried forward ...							13,170,889	14	3

No. 1.—AN ACCOUNT of the Receipts and Disbursements of the Hon

	£.	s.
Brought forward	23,504,128	5
RECEIPTS,—continued.		

£.	23,504,128	5	1
----	------------	---	---

Having examined the account of the Receipts and Disbursements of the Home Treasury of the Government, Viet., cap. 100, that all sums of money, stores, and property specified therein, as received and disbursed by the the vouchers, documents, and authorities connected therewith are complete and satisfactory.

India Audit Office, 14 December 1864.

Treasury of the Government of *India*, from 1st May 1863 to 30th April 1864,—*continued*.

Brought forward			£.	s.	d.
			18,170,889	14	3
DISBURSEMENTS,— <i>continued</i> .					
PAYMENTS IN ENGLAND INCLUDED AS CHARGES IN THE INDIAN ESTIMATES AND ACCOUNTS:					
	£.	s.	d.		
Military and other stores	388,128	7	4		
On account of contract for constructing pier at Madras...	5,507	11	2		
Do. do. Carwar (Sedashagar) pier ...	5,396	12	10		
Freight of stores	6,488	5	6		
				405,520	16 10
Dividends on the Indian Transfer Loan				75,833	13 3
Guaranteed interest on the capital of Railway and other Companies under their respective Deeds of Contract, including interest on Debenture Bonds:					
Bombay, Baroda, and Central India Railway Company	206,091	10	7		
Calcutta and South-Eastern Railway Company ...	18,869	13	8		
Eastern Bengal Railway Company	69,662	0	0		
East Indian Railway Company	1,005,064	11	6		
Great Indian Peninsula Railway Company ...	512,878	14	0		
Great Southern of India Railway Company ...	35,162	13	11		
Madras Railway Company	336,009	0	9		
Scinde Railway Company (including Indus Flotilla, and Punjab and Delhi Railways) ...	238,687	18	7		
Madras Irrigation and Canal Company	34,649	2	1		
				2,457,075	5 1
MISCELLANEOUS:					
Interest of India debt paid by Bills on London ...	1,229	19	9		
Purchase of horses	5,338	6	11		
Burmah and Persian Donation Batta	311	19	6		
Payments to His Highness Maharaja Duleep Sing ...	136,440	14	8		
Annuities of the Madras Civil Fund of 1818 ...	5,157	17	1		
Admiralty Claims for Naval supplies, &c.	80,374	13	10		
Advances on account of Indian pay, &c.	6,735	16	3		
				235,589	6 0
					3,174,019 3 2
DISBURSEMENTS IN ENGLAND IN RESPECT OF SUMS RECEIVED OR RECOVERABLE IN INDIA:					
Advances to the Civil, Military, and other Provident Funds of India ...	531,539	8	7		
Annuities paid in England chargeable to the Indian Civil Annuity Funds	257,508	4	4		
Her Majesty's Post-master General on account of postage collected in India	39,705	4	10		
Family remittances, remittances by Administrators General, soldiers' deposits, &c.	256,259	8	6		
Prize money	27,715	14	0		
					1,112,728 0 3
Indian Railway and other Guaranteed Companies on account of Stores, Establishment Charges, &c.:					
Bombay, Baroda, and Central India Railway Company	287,250	18	8		
Calcutta and South-Eastern Railway Company ...	3,489	7	9		
Eastern Bengal Railway Company	20,614	18	2		
East Indian Railway Company	514,389	6	8		
Great Indian Peninsula Railway Company ...	196,187	3	1		
Great Southern of India Railway Company ...	14,062	17	2		
Madras Railway Company	223,861	12	7		
Scinde Railway Company (including Indus Flotilla, and Punjab and Delhi Railways) ...	177,104	11	1		
Madras Irrigation and Canal Company	13,251	9	3		
				1,450,212	4 5
					18,907,849 2 1
Balance on 30th April 1864				4,596,274	3 0
				£.	23,404,123 5 1

George Friend, Accountant General.

of India, from 1st May 1863 to 30th April 1864, I beg to report, in terms of the 52nd Section of the 21 & 22 Officers of the Right Honourable the Secretary of State for India in Council, have been duly accounted for, and that

G. I. Jameson, Major-General,
Auditor.

No. 2.

AN ESTIMATED ACCOUNT of the RECEIPTS and DISBURSEMENTS of the HOME

RECEIPTS.				£.
Balance, 1st May 1864				4,596,274
Amount received for Bills of Exchange on India				6,780,473
* MISCELLANEOUS HOME RECEIPTS :				
In reduction of Civil Charges :				
	£.	£.	£.	
Interest realized from investment of Cash Balance, &c.	124,326			
Fees, subscriptions to Widows' Funds, &c.	11,432			
On account of maintenance of lunatics	354			
Her Majesty's Treasury on account of Malta and Alexandria Telegraph	6,439			
The War Office for one and a half years' rent of Warley Barracks	2,250			
On account of Stamps, Fines, &c.	4,716			
		149,517		
Balance of proceeds of the sale of Stores Warehouses in Leadenhall Street		38,283		
			187,800	
In reduction of Military Charges :				
Passage of Officers and Troops			7,294	
				195,004
Amount received from Her Majesty's Treasury and other public Departments :				
In repayment of advances in India on account of the emigration of coolies			44,673	
Do. expenses of Madras troops employed at Labuan			2,869	
Do. pensions paid in India to out-pensioners of Chelsea Hospital			7,972	
Do. Naval supplies			51,367	
				106,881
Miscellaneous receipts on account of India				82,631
Subscriptions on account of the Civil, Military, and other Provident Funds of India				62,878
Carried forward			£.	11,832,731

No. 2.

TREASURY of the GOVERNMENT of India, from 1st May 1864 to 30th April 1865.

DISBURSEMENTS.		£.	£.
East India Bonds paid off	...	20,000	
India 4 per cent. Debentures paid off	...	166,500	
CHARGES ON THE REVENUES OF INDIA:			186,500
DEBT:		£.	
Dividends to proprietors of East India Stock	...	629,970	
Interest on Loans contracted in England:	£.		
East India Bonds	139,999		
India 4 per cent. Debentures	197,480		
India 5 per cent. Stock	786,005		
India 4 per cent. Stock	97,640		
	1,221,124		
CIVIL CHARGES:			1,851,094
Home Establishment:			
Salaries of the Secretary of State, Under-Secretaries of State, Members of the Council of India, Secretaries and Officers of the Secretary of State for India in Council, Assistant Military Secretary to His Royal Highness the Field Marshal Commanding-in-Chief and Clerk, Assistant to Director of Transports at the Admiralty, and Member of the London Medical Board	117,795		
Auditor and Assistants, under Act 21 & 22 Vict., c. 106, s. 52	2,152		
Stores Department: Wages of Labourers, Cartage, Lighterage, Dock Dues, &c.	13,434		
Law charges	3,714		
Bank of England and Bank of Ireland for management of debt	10,313		
Postage of despatches to and from India	4,647		
Office Contingencies:			
Rent, rates, taxes, coals, gas, candles, furniture and repairs, books, maps and charts, printing, stationery, stamps, book-binding, advertisements, postage, and various petty charges	21,049		
	173,104		
Amount paid under postal arrangement with the Lords of Her Majesty's Treasury	46,795		
Indo-European Telegraph	9,132		
Telegraph land Lines through Turkey	1,530		
Ditto ditto through Persia	428		
Subsidy to the Euphrates and Tigris Steam Navigation Company, on account of the mail service between Bussorah and Bagdad	2,400		
On account of Red Sea and India Telegraph	18,027		
Ditto Mission to the Court of Persia	12,000		
Ditto Her Majesty's Establishments in China	33,843		
Pensions and retired allowances	220,649		
Compensation pensions to Officers and petty Officers, &c., of the Maritime Service of the East India Company	16,482		
Carried forward	534,339	1,851,094	186,500

No. 2.—AN ESTIMATED ACCOUNT of the Receipts and Disbursements of the Home

	£.
Brought forward	11,832,731
RECEIPTS,—continued.	
Indian Railway and other Guaranteed Companies:	
Instalments of capital, &c., under their respective Deeds of Contract:	£.
Bombay, Baroda and Central India Railway Company	721,041
Calcutta and South-Eastern Railway Company	54,000
Eastern Bengal Railway Company	200,000
East Indian Railway Company	1,974,908
Great Indian Peninsula Railway Company	281,844
Great Southern of India Railway Company	2,500
Madras Railway Company	555,952
Scinde Railway Company (including Indus Flotilla, and Punjab and Delhi Railways)	30,525
Madras Irrigation and Canal Company	117,405
	3,938,175
Carried forward	£. 15,770,906

Treasury of the Government of India, from 1st May 1864 to 30th April 1865,—continued.

Brought forward	£.	£.	£.
	534,339	1,851,094	186,500
DISBURSEMENTS,—continued.			
CHARGES ON THE REVENUES OF INDIA,—continued.			
CIVIL CHARGES,—continued.			
Furlough and absentee allowances	68,020		
New India Office	118,797		
Purchase of land for improving the site of the India Office and the approaches thereto	13,371		
New Stores Warehouses	15,586		
East India Company, for expenses in respect of their capital stock and dividends	2,840		
Poplar Fund, pensions, and expenses of Hospital	3,554		
Annual donation to Bengal Civil Fund	2,500		
Gratuities, subscriptions to charities, and relief to distressed natives of India	2,097		
Gratuities to families of Officers killed in action	345		
Maintenance of lunatics from India	7,596		
Transport of convicts from India to Western Australia	676		
Passage and outfit of Commander-in-Chief at Madras, Member of the Council of the Governor General of India, Puisne Judge of the High Court of Judicature at Calcutta, Chaplains, Professors, School-masters, Civil Engineers, &c.	8,658		
Examination expenses and allowances of candidates for the Civil Service of India, and Civil Engineers	7,069		
Expenses on account of Officers acquiring scientific knowledge	1,080		
Agents at the outports and abroad: salaries and expenses	2,290		
Expenses in connexion with the introduction of Cinchona Plants into India	371		
Medals	1,500		
Indian Law Commission	3,986		
Indian Accounts Commission	4,276		
Allowances to Officers under special circumstances, cost of manufacture, and printing stock certificates, &c.	8,525		
		802,476	
MILITARY CHARGES:			
<i>Effective.</i>			
Cost of education of Officers and Cadets at Chatham and Sandhurst	9,914		
Passage of Officers and Troops	182,244		
The Imperial Government for troops serving in India	805,000		
Furlough allowances	169,413		
Miscellaneous	24		
		1,166,595	
<i>Non-Effective.</i>			
The Imperial Government on account of retired pay, &c., of troops serving or having served in India—Act 25 & 26 Vict., c. 27	217,750		
Retired pay, including Colonels' allowances	775,209		
Pensions, Lord Clive's Fund	127,759		
		1,120,718	
MARINE CHARGES:			
Furlough and absentee allowances	1,467		
Pensions and retired allowances	54,084		
Commutation of pensions of Officers of the late Indian Navy	941		
Passage from India of Officers of the late India Navy, on abolition of that service	120		
		56,612	
			4,997,495
Carried forward	£.		5,183,095

No. 2.—AN ESTIMATED ACCOUNT of the Receipts and Disbursements of the Home

Treasury of the Government of India, from 1st May 1864 to 30th April 1865,—continued.

Brought forward		£.
		5,183,995
DISBURSEMENTS,—continued.		
PAYMENTS IN ENGLAND INCLUDED AS CHARGES IN THE INDIAN ESTIMATES AND ACCOUNTS:		
Military and other stores	£.	£.
On account of contract for constructing Carwar (Sedashagar) Pier	701,579	
Freight of stores	1,197	
	9,941	
Dividends on the Indian Transfer Loan		712,717
		72,837
Guaranteed Interest on the capital of Railway and other Companies, under their respective Deeds of Contract, including Interest on Debenture Bonds:		
Bombay, Baroda, and Central India Railway Company	£.	
Calcutta and South-Eastern Railway Company	233,859	
Eastern Bengal Railway Company	19,019	
East Indian Railway Company	73,104	
Great Indian Peninsula Railway Company	1,089,762	
Great Southern of India Railway Company	573,965	
Madras Railway Company	42,302	
Scinde Railway Company (including Indus Flotilla, and Punjab and Delhi Railways)	355,232	
Madras Irrigation and Canal Company	261,765	
	37,861	
		2,686,869
MISCELLANEOUS:		
Interest of India debt paid by Bills on London	1,190	
Purchase of horses and sheep	6,662	
Burmah and Persian donation batta	226	
Payments to His Highness Maharajah Duleep Sing	20,600	
Annuities of the Madras Civil Fund of 1818	8,787	
Amount of Bills drawn from Persia for disbursements on account of the Government of India	7,827	
Kurrachee Harbour engineering expenses	737	
Advances on account of Indian Pay, &c.	7,153	
		48,182
		3,520,605
DISBURSEMENTS IN ENGLAND IN RESPECT OF SUMS RECEIVED OR RECOVERABLE IN INDIA:		
Advances to the Civil, Military, and other provident Funds of India		537,555
Annuities paid in England, chargeable to the Indian Civil Annuity Funds		247,664
Her Majesty's Post-master General on account of postage collected in India		41,501
Family remittances, remittances by Administrators General, soldiers' deposits, &c.		232,236
Prize money		56,609
		1,115,565
Indian Railway and other Guaranteed Companies on account of Stores, Establishment Charges, &c.:		
Bombay, Baroda and Central India Railway Company		222,596
Calcutta and South-Eastern Railway Company		2,346
Eastern Bengal Railway Company		80,175
East Indian Railway Company		489,116
Great Indian Peninsula Railway Company		390,310
Great Southern of India Railway Company		59,196
Madras Railway Company		541,867
Scinde Railway Company (including Indus Flotilla, and Punjab and Delhi Railways)		245,028
Madras Irrigation and Canal Company		5,116
		2,035,850
Balance on 30th April 1865		11,856,015
		3,914,891
		£.
		15,770,906

No. 3.

AN ACCOUNT of the DEBTS and CREDITS in *England* of the GOVERNMENT of *India*, on the 1st May 1865.

DEBTS.		
East India Bonds :	£.	£.
Bonds bearing interest at 5 per cent. per annum	3,096,000	
Bonds not bearing interest	20,917	3,116,917
Four per cent. debenture loan, capital of the loan		4,868,000
Five per cent. stock, capital of the stock		15,720,100
Four per cent. stock, ditto		2,441,000
Dividends on the capital stock of the East India Company, unclaimed		10,991
Amount owing for export stores and miscellaneous claims		91,954
Imperial Government: Admiralty and War Office claims		122,376
Unclaimed prize money, applicable to Lord Clive's Fund (Acts 1 & 2 Geo. 4, c. 61, and 9 Geo. 4, c. 50)		48,146
	£.	
Poplar fund, including unclaimed wages of seamen, &c.	226,244	
Unclaimed prize money, applicable to Poplar fund (Acts 1 & 2, Geo. 4, c. 61, and 9 Geo. 4, c. 50)	27,450	253,694
Bills of Exchange from India, unpaid		4,238
Indian Railway and other Guaranteed Companies: amount remaining in the Home Treasury to the credit of the following Companies, after deducting sums drawn in India (partly estimated) in excess of capital paid into the Indian Treasuries :—		
Bombay, Baroda and Central India Railway Company	32,069	
Eastern Bengal Railway Company	1,688	
East Indian Railway Company	1,124,467	
Great Indian Peninsula Railway Company	297,397	
Great Southern of India Railway Company	74,443	
Madras Railway Company	415,032	
Scinde Railway Company, including Indus Flotilla, and Punjab and Delhi Railways	728,657	
Madras Irrigation and Canal Company	57,187	
	2,730,940	
Deduct,—due by the Calcutta and South-Eastern Railway Company, amount of payments in excess of receipts in England and in India (partly estimated)	10,819	2,720,121
	£.	29,397,537

No. 3.—AN ACCOUNT of the Debts and Credits in England, &c.,—continued.

C R E D I T S.		£.
Cash and securities	...	3,914,891
Military and other public stores remaining unshipped	...	61,835
Computed value of buildings and lands, viz.,—	£.	
Warley Barracks, near Brentwood, Essex	60,000	
Store Warehouse, Belvidere Road, Lambeth	60,000	
New India Office	218,800	
Land for improving the site of the India Office and the approaches thereto	15,000	
		353,800
Indian Railways, &c.: amount of interest paid in England and in India on capital of Railway and other Guaranteed Companies, under their respective Deeds of Contract, deducting therefrom amount received in India (partly estimated) applicable to the repayment, of such interest	...	10,228,345
	£.	14,558,871
Brought down amount of Debts	...	£. 29,397,537
Ditto ditto Credits	...	14,558,871
	Debts in excess	£. 14,838,666

The above, on the one hand, is exclusive of the amount owing to Proprietors of India Stock for their capital; and on the other hand, of the Guarantee or Security Fund formed under the provisions of the Act 3 and 4 Will. 4, c. 85.

No. 4.

A LIST of the ESTABLISHMENT of the SECRETARY OF STATE IN COUNCIL of India, and the SALARIES and ALLOWANCES payable in respect thereof, on 1st May 1865.

	Number.	Salaries and Allowances.
		£.
Secretary of State, Under-Secretaries of State, Assistant Under-Secretary of State, and Members of Council	19	28,450
Correspondence Department: consisting of eighty-seven officers and clerks	87	44,042
Accountant General's Department: consisting of twenty-six officers and clerks..	26	12,968
Director General of Stores Department: consisting of twenty officers and clerks, and fifteen Examiners and Assistant Examiners of Stores	35	11,752
Official Director of Indian Railway Companies, Standing Counsel, Solicitor, Clerk of the Works and Draughtsman, Geographer, Librarian and Clerk, Reporter of the Products of India and Clerk, Keeper of the Museum and Assistant, and Examining Physician	13	7,850
Office-keepers, hall porters, and messengers	50	5,695
Superintendent of charwomen, and seven charwomen	8	370
Portion of the former Establishment of the Board of Control, retained at the Office in Cannon Row, in charge of records and papers, consisting of one officer and one clerk, messengers, house-keeper, and female servants	8	976
	246	112,103
Labourers in the Department of the Director General of Stores	96	6,198
	342	118,301
Allowances payable to clerks, messengers, charwomen, and labourers temporarily employed	...	4,863

No. 5.

AN ACCOUNT of new or increased SALARIES, ESTABLISHMENTS, or PENSIONS granted or created in *Great Britain*, between 1st May 1864 and 30th April 1865.

SALARIES AND ESTABLISHMENTS.	AMOUNT PER ANNUM.		
	£.	s.	d.
Nil.			
PENSIONS.			
Acting Master George Aers, late Indian Navy, special compassionate allowance in consideration of his services	150	0	0
B. H. Bodington, labourer in the Department of the Director General of Stores, incapacitated for further service by an accident whilst on duty	10	8	0
Four children of the late H. G. Baylis, Mate Pilot, Bengal Establishment, pensions to which they had been admitted in India, made payable in this country	62	2	0
Mrs. Ellen Curnin, widow of Mr. J. Curnin, Assay Master in the Bengal Mint, in consideration of her necessitous condition	30	0	0
Mrs. E. Clifford, mother of Lieutenant R. Clifford, 1st Punjab Cavalry, killed at the Umbeyla Pass in 1863	40	0	0
Mr. H. T. Carmichael, late Lieutenant of Her Majesty's 108th Foot, a compassionate allowance	30	0	0
Mrs. A. Davidson, widow of John Davidson, late 1st class Engineer, Indian Navy, pension to which she had been admitted in India, made payable in this country	75	0	0
The Countess of Elgin and Kincardine, as a mark of the high sense entertained by the Secretary of State for India in Council, of the valuable services of the late Earl of Elgin and Kincardine, Viceroy and Governor General of India, and in consideration of his premature death	1,000	0	0
Mrs. Rebecca Filby, widow of Branch Pilot J. B. Filby, pension to which she had been admitted in India, made payable in this country	115	0	0
Mrs. Ann Fenwick, widow of Andrew Fenwick, formerly a messenger at the East India House, in consideration of her necessitous condition	13	0	0
Mrs. J. L. H. Gillies, widow of Lieutenant W. A. B. Gillies, Bengal Royal Artillery, killed in action at the Umbeyla Pass in 1863, for herself and daughter	74	0	0
Adeline Mary Harding and Elizabeth Fanny Harding, children of Major G. W. Harding, Bombay Staff Corps, killed at the Umbeyla Pass (£20 per annum each) in 1863	40	0	0
Mr. B. B. Hennington, formerly Book-binder to the Office, under the peculiar circumstances of his case	80	0	0
Mrs. G. M. Harris, widow of the late Assistant Chaplain J. P. Harris, Bengal Establishment, in consideration of the important and peculiar nature of the services rendered by her and her late husband, during the siege of Lucknow	100	0	0
Mrs. M. A. Higgins, widow of Branch Pilot J. Higgins, Bengal Establishment, for herself and five children, pension to which she had been admitted in India, made payable in this country	187	7	0
Sir Henry Hayes Lawrence, Bart., as a mark of the sense entertained by the Secretary of State for India in Council, of the eminent services of his grandfather, the late Sir Henry Lawrence, K. C. B., during his long career in India, and especially in the defence of the Residency of Lucknow	1,000	0	0
Lieutenant W. H. Mackenzie, late 5th Bombay Native Infantry, in consideration of the state of his mind, and as an addition to the pension he receives under the Regulations, so as to raise the total amount to £100 per annum	54	7	6
E. G. Purchase, labourer in the Department of the Director General of Stores, incapacitated for further service by an accident whilst on duty	31	4	0
Mrs. Stewart, widow of Lieutenant-Colonel Patrick Stewart, C. B., Royal Bengal Engineers, in consideration of the highly meritorious services of her late husband	250	0	0
Carried forward £.	3,342	8	6

No. 5.—AN ACCOUNT of new or increased SALARIES, &c.,—continued.

						AMOUNT PER ANNUM.		
						£.	s.	d.
PENSIONS,—continued.						3,342	8	6
Brought forward ...								
The undermentioned discharged soldiers who have held the rank of Serjeant during the period prescribed by the Regulations, granted pensions in addition to their pensions from the Military Fund:—								
BENGAL.						£.	s.	d.
Serjeant Major John Browne ...	...	...	...	...	...	27	7	6
Conductor William Barker ...	...	...	...	...	...	27	7	6
Conductor Daniel McKay ...	...	...	...	...	...	27	7	6
Sub-Conductor William Collar ...	...	...	...	...	...	27	7	6
Sub-Conductor George Vernie ...	...	...	...	...	...	18	5	0
MADRAS.								
Serjeant Major James Bond ...	...	...	...	...	...	27	7	6
Serjeant Philip Brown ...	...	...	...	...	...	18	5	0
Serjeant Duncan Clark ...	...	...	...	...	...	18	5	0
Serjeant Thomas Fast ...	...	...	...	...	...	18	5	0
Serjeant Clarence Linden ...	...	...	...	...	...	18	5	0
BOMBAY.								
Sub-Conductor Thomas Hughes..	...	...	...	...	...	27	7	6
Sub-Conductor John Vickers ...	...	...	...	...	...	18	5	0
Sub-Conductor Robert Law ...	...	...	...	...	...	18	5	0
Serjeant William Ryan ...	...	...	...	...	...	18	5	0
Serjeant John Thompson ...	...	...	...	...	...	18	5	0
						328	10	0
						£.	3,670	18 6

No. 6.

ALLOWANCES, COMPENSATIONS, and SUPERANNUATIONS granted between the 1st May 1864 and the 30th April 1865, under Act 21 and 22 Vict., c. 106.

NAME.	OFFICE.	Period of service.	Age.	Salary and Allowances.			Annual Pension.		
		Years.	Years.	£.	s.	d.	£.	s.	d.
Robert William Husband ...	Messenger ...	20	37	97	6	8	64	17	9
Robert Gibbs ...	Labourer ...	46	69	59	6	0	39	17	4
W. Burrowes ...	Ditto ...	42	55	54	12	0	36	8	0
T. Hollis ...	Ditto ...	44	76	62	8	0	41	12	0
E. Powell ...	Ditto ...	40	74	54	12	0	36	8	0

INDIA OFFICE,
The 12th May 1865. }

GEORGE FRIEND,
Accountant General.

No. 1687.

The 31st July 1865.

Notifications.—The following Statement of the Silver received and coined in the Mints of Calcutta, Madras, and Bombay, in June 1865, is published for general information :—

	CALCUTTA.			MADRAS.			BOMBAY.		
	Bullion or Coin received during the month, valued in Rupees.		Coined and examined during the month, valued in Rupees.	Bullion or Coin received during the month, valued in Rupees.		Coined and examined during the month, valued in Rupees.	Bullion or Coin received during the month, valued in Rupees.		Coined and examined during the month, valued in Rupees.
	Govt.	Merchants.		Govt.	Merchants.		Govt.	Merchants.	
In June 1865	96,390	51,77,893	34,88,610	10,095	40,415	8,11,000	...	79,485	10,03,765

No. 1787.

The 4th August 1865.

To prevent inconvenience to travellers, the Governor General in Council has been pleased to authorize all Railway Companies to receive Currency Notes of other Circles of Issue than the one in which the Notes are tendered, if they be *bond fide* tendered by travellers in payment of Railway fares and charges for baggage, but not if they be tendered in payment for carriage of merchandize.

Published by Order of the Governor General in Council,

E. H. LUSHINGTON,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.*The 31st July 1865.*

No. 738 of 1865.—The services of Lieutenant W. F. Trotter, of Her Majesty's 34th Regiment, a candidate for the Staff Corps, are placed at the disposal of the Government of Bengal.

No. 739 of 1865.—Veterinary Surgeon J. S. Woods, of the Stud Department, is allowed leave of absence on private affairs, to visit the hills north of Deyrah, from the 16th July 1865 to 16th January 1866, under the new Regulations.

No. 740 of 1865.—His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to make the following appointment :—

Stud Department.

Veterinary Surgeon J. Quallett, F. Battery, F. Brigade, Royal Horse Artillery, to officiate in Veterinary charge of the Saharanpoor Stud Depot, during the absence on leave of Veterinary Surgeon Woods, or until further orders.

No. 741 of 1865.—The undermentioned Officer is permitted to proceed to Europe on leave of absence on sick certificate :—

Lieutenant Matthew Conway }
Poole, of the 5th Regiment, } For fifteen
Madras Native Infantry, As- } months, under
sistant Superintendent of Po- } the new Regu-
lice, Toungoo, British Bur- } lations.
mah.

No. 742 of 1865.—The undermentioned Officer is permitted to proceed to Europe on leave of absence on sick certificate :—

Lieutenant-Colonel Charles }
Douglas, Royal Artillery, Di- } For twenty
rector General of Electric Te- } months, under
legraphs in India. } the new Regu-
lations.

No. 743 of 1865.—The undermentioned Officer is permitted to proceed to Europe on urgent private affairs :—

Lieutenant William Brereton }
Birch, of the late 21st Re- } For six months,
giment, Native Infantry, Dis- } without pay.
trict Superintendent, Ben- }
gal Police, Nuddea.

No. 744 of 1865.—The leave of absence on medical certificate granted to Captain G. N. Kelsall, Royal Engineers, attached to the Bhootan Field Force, in G. G. O. No. 619 of the 20th ultimo, is extended to the 19th October 1865.

No. 745 of 1865.—The following Regimental Order issued to the Calcutta Volunteer Rifle Corps, is confirmed :—

Dated the 17th July. Notifying the following appointment, subject to his passing the prescribed examination in drill :—

No. 3 Company.—Lieutenant F. G. Teale, to be Captain, *vice* Captain J. H. DeSalis, resigned.

No. 746 of 1865.—The undermentioned out-pensioners of the Royal Hospital at Chelsea having been permitted to reside and draw their stipends in India, payment of pensions is to be made and charged accordingly :—

	<i>Rate of pension per diem.</i>
Gunner James Brown, of B. Battery, 19th Brigade, Royal Artillery.	1s. (one shilling), from the date on which they cease to receive Regimental pay.
Gunner William Turnbull, of E. Battery, F. Brigade, Royal Horse Artillery.	

No. 747 of 1865.—His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to sanction an exchange of appointments between Lieutenant W. H. Unwin, Quarter Master, 1st Infantry, Punjab Irregular Force, and Lieutenant A. P. Broome, Quarter Master, 5th Goorkha Regiment.

No. 748 of 1865.—The services of Captain F. R. N. Fortescue, late 73rd Regiment, Native Infantry, are placed at the disposal of the Government of the North-Western Provinces.

No. 749 of 1865.—Subadar Ally Bux, of the 28th (Punjab) Regiment, Native Infantry, is permitted to resign the service from the date of publication of this order at the Head Quarters of the Corps.

The 1st August 1865.

No. 750 of 1865.—Woordie Major Secunder Khan (Supernumerary), 15th Bengal Cavalry, transferred to the 9th Bengal Cavalry, is promoted to the rank of Ressaidar in that Regiment, with effect from the date on which the transfer may be effected.

The 2nd August 1865.

No. 751 of 1865.—With reference to the Notification from the Home Department, No. 440 of the 26th July 1865, the services of Assistant Surgeon F. J. Pettingal, Civil Assistant Surgeon of Gonda, Oudh, are placed at the disposal of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief.

No. 752 of 1865.—The undermentioned Officers have reported their departure on the dates specified opposite to their respective names :—

Lieutenant C. F. Battye, of the Bengal Staff Corps, Adjutant, 22nd (Punjab) Regiment, Native Infantry, on leave for twenty months, G. G. O. No. 639 of the 26th June 1865.	Golconda, 25th June 1865.
Lieutenant T. J. Quin, of the General List, Infantry, Doing-duty Officer, 29th (Punjab) Regiment, Native Infantry, on leave for fifteen months, G. G. O. No. 649 of the 28th June 1865.	

Captain H. F. Bolton, of the Bombay Staff Corps, on leave for twenty months, G. G. O. No. 658 of the 3rd July 1865. } *Teruli, 10th July 1865.*

Surgeon D. Young, M. D., F. R. C. S. E., of the Medical Department, in medical charge, 39th (the Allyghur) Regiment, Native Infantry, on leave for one year, G. G. O. No. 656 of the 3rd July 1865.

Lieutenant-Colonel R. R. Mainwaring, late 6th European Regiment, on leave for six months, G. G. O. No. 674 of the 10th July 1865.

Surgeon Major H. B. Hinton, of the Bengal Medical Establishment, attached to the 11th Regiment, Native Infantry, on leave for twenty months, G. G. O. No. 681 of the 10th July 1865.

Lieutenant-Colonel J. C. Haughton, of the Bengal Staff Corps, Commissioner of Cooch Behar, on leave for twenty months, G. G. O. No. 682 of the 10th July 1865.

Nemesis, 10th July 1865.

Lieutenant R. E. Boyle, of the late 46th Regiment, Native Infantry, Officiating Adjutant, 12th Bengal Cavalry, on leave for twenty months, G. G. O. No. 687 of the 12th July 1865.

Lieutenant G. Logan, of the late 4th European Regiment, Quarter Master, 29th (Punjab) Regiment, Native Infantry, on leave for twenty months, G. G. O. No. 689 of the 12th July 1865.

Major C. W. Nightingale, of the Bengal Staff Corps, permitted to retire from the service, G. G. O. No. 696 of the 17th July 1865.

No. 753 of 1865.—The undermentioned Officer having completed twenty-six years' service, eight years of which were on permanent staff employ, to be Lieutenant-Colonel from the date specified opposite to his name, under the Royal Warrant of the 16th January 1861, subject to Her Majesty's approval :—

Bengal Staff Corps.

Major R. N. Tronson ... 24th July 1865.

No. 754 of 1865.—The undermentioned Officer having completed twenty years' service, six years of which were on permanent staff employ, to be Major from the date specified opposite to his name, under the Royal Warrant of the 16th January 1861, subject to Her Majesty's approval :—

Bengal Staff Corps.

Captain W. J. P. Barlow ... 22nd July 1865

The 3rd August 1865.

No. 755 of 1865.—The following Regulations on the subject of the appointment of Interpreters, are laid down for information and guidance:—

British Troops.

An Interpreter will be allowed, as at present, in each Regiment of Her Majesty's British Cavalry and Infantry, on the allowances noted in the margin. He must have passed the old Interpreter's or P. Examination, or the tests under the second standard, as notified in G. G. O. No. 734 of 9th September 1864.

Per Mensem.	
Staff Salary ...	Rs. 60
Stationery ...	" 10
Total ...	70

When no Officer who has passed either of these tests is available, one who has passed the old P. H. Examination, or the first standard under the General Order of the 9th September 1864, may be appointed temporarily to act, receiving the stationery allowance, and half the staff allowance.

A Moonshee on Rs. 30 per mensem will be allowed on the Establishment of each British Regiment of Cavalry or Infantry.

Native Troops.

The appointment of Interpreters to Native Regiments under the new organization is not considered necessary, as every Officer now on the regular Establishment of such a Corps, must at least have passed the P. H. Examination, and eventually all will have qualified under the second standard above referred to.

Station or Garrison duties.

Formerly the duties of interpreting at Courts Martial, Courts of Inquiry, Courts of Inquest, and Courts of Requests, &c., convened by Officers Commanding Stations, were performed in turn by the Regimental Interpreters.

To provide for these and all other duties hitherto appertaining to Interpreters that may be *extra regimental*, the following Rules are laid down:—

In the event of the assembly in a station of a Court Martial or any other Court at which the services of an Interpreter may be considered essential, the Brigadier General or other Officer Commanding should nominate an Officer for the duty. This Officer, who should always be selected with reference to his qualifications as an Interpreter, must at least have passed either the P. H. Examination or that under the present second standard.

The Officer so appointed may be a regimental Officer, or an Officer doing general duty; but if the former, such occasional employment should not remove him from his Regiment, or exempt him from any regimental duty with which the special duty does not necessarily interfere.

For the duties above indicated, an allowance will be passed at the following rates:—

For all Station or District Courts, Rupees 5.

For all General Courts Martial or other Special Courts held by order of the Commander-in-Chief or of Government, Rupees 10.

Should the Courts sit more than one day, the above allowance of Rs. 5 and 10 respectively, will

be passed for each day during which the Interpreter's attendance may be actually necessary.

All appointments of Station Interpreters will cease from the 1st proximo, from which date the foregoing rules will come into operation.

No. 756 of 1865.—The following paragraphs of a Military letter from the Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India, No. 212, dated 22nd June 1865, are published for general information:—

1. The undermentioned Officers have been permitted to return to their duty, viz.:—

Lieutenant R. A. Dobbin.

Do. M. P. Ricketts.

2. The undermentioned Officers have been granted extensions of leave for the periods specified, viz.:—

Major J. C. Bonamy ...	6 months.
Captain M. M. Prendergast ...	2 do.
Do. W. F. Leicester ...	6 do.
Do. J. A. Grant ...	5 do.
Do. A. Combe ...	4 do.
Do. W. S. Young ..	2 do.
Lieutenant H. Cowper ...	6 do.
Do. R. G. Armstrong ...	6 do.
Surgeon G. Barnard ...	4 do.

3. Captain J. C. Miller, Staff Corps, has been permitted to resign the service from the 12th May 1865.

4. Veterinary Surgeon M. J. Marshall, who arrived in this country with the "C." Brigade, Royal Horse Artillery, has, at his own request, been allowed to cancel his volunteering for general service, and has been admitted to furlough from the 8th May 1865.

No. 757 of 1865.—The following paragraphs of a Military letter from the Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India, No. 219, dated 30th June 1865, are published for general information:—

Para. 3. * * * * *
* * * I shall not object to modify the decision conveyed in my Despatch dated 9th December 1864, No. 397, to the extent recommended by your Government, and allow to Officers, during the time they are on probation, the option of entering the Staff Corps from the day following their Cadre promotion, instead of from the prior date of their appointment on probation. Under this view, a Lieutenant appointed to the Staff Corps on probation on 1st January 1865, who obtains Cadre promotion on 1st July 1865 and completes his course of probation on 31st December 1865, will be appointed to the Staff Corps as a Captain from 2nd July 1865, instead of from 1st January 1865.

4. The promotion of an Officer during probation will thus go on in the Regiment or Cadre to which he belongs. The Officer who, during his period of probation, obtains no regimental or Cadre promotion, will enter the Staff Corps from the date of his appointment on probation.

No. 758 of 1865.—The services of Lieutenants K. C. Pye and J. A. Armstrong, of the Royal Engineers, are placed at the disposal of the Public Works Department.

The 4th August 1865.

No. 759 of 1865.—His Excellency the Governor General in Council has been pleased to sanction the formation of a Volunteer Corps in Cachar, to be designated the "Cachar Mounted Volunteers," and to make the following appointment to the Corps:—

To be Commandant.

Captain R. Stewart, of the Bengal Staff Corps.

No. 700 of 1865.—The undermentioned Officer is admitted to the Bengal Staff Corps, with effect from the date specified opposite to his name, subject to the confirmation of the Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India:—

Lieutenant Clayton Turner Lane, of the late 16th Regiment, Native Infantry, District Superintendent of Police, 3rd Grade, Bunnoo District, Punjab.	From the 14th April 1862.
--	------------------------------

No. 761 of 1865.—The following promotions are made in the undermentioned Corps of the Native Army:—

Corps.	Rank and Names.	To what rank promoted.	From what date.	In whose room.
15th Bengal Cavalry...	Ressaidar Sirbillund Khan ...	Ressaidar ...	1st February 1865 ...	Door Mahomed Khan, "Bahadoor," resigned.
	Jemadar Emaum Buksh Khan..	Ressaidar ...	Ditto ...	Sirbillund Khan, promoted.
4th Goorkha Regt. ...	Havildar Roop Sing Lama ...	Jemadar ...	1st May 1865 ..	Keemah Negee, invalided.
45th (Rattray's Sikhs) Regt., N. I. ...	Jemadar Abbas Alli Shah ...	Subadar ...	Ditto ...	Kadir Alli, invalided.
	Havildar Mokum Doen ...	Jemadar ...	Ditto ...	Abbas Alli Shah, promoted.

No. 762 of 1865.—His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to make the following appointment:—

PUNJAB IRREGULAR FORCE.

2nd Infantry.

Lieutenant W. S. Nugent, of the 103rd Royal Bombay Fusiliers, a candidate for the Staff Corps, to be Doing-duty Officer, *vice* Lieutenant Jones, appointed Quarter Master.

No. 763 of 1865.—In continuation of para. 2 of the General Order by His Excellency the Governor General, No. 156A. of the 13th October 1863, the following rates of allowance are fixed to cover all charges for Office expenses of the Officers referred to in para. 13 of the Despatch from the Secretary of State, published in the above-quoted order:—

	Per Mensem.
Assistant Adjutant General of Division	Rs. 135
Major of Brigade ...	„ 135
Fort Adjutant, Fort William ...	„ 115
Deputy Judge Advocate General ...	„ 45

2. A special additional Office Allowance of Rs. 30 per mensem will be allowed to the Majors of Brigade at Allahabad, Cawnpore, Lucknow, Agra, Umballa, and Meer Meer, where the duties are unusually heavy.

3. The foregoing Rules will come into effect from the 1st proximo.

No. 764 of 1865.—The admission to the Bengal Staff Corps of Lieutenant A. Vallings, of Her Majesty's 108th Foot, Adjutant, 1st Punjab Infantry, announced in G. G. O. No. 481 of the 11th May 1865, is to be held to have effect from the 5th December 1864, instead of the date previously notified.

H. W. NORMAN, Col.,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

Orders by the Vice-Chancellor and Syndicate of the Calcutta University.

The undermentioned Students have passed the Examination for a Licence in Civil Engineering:—

SECOND DIVISION.

In order of Merit.

A. T. Atkinson, Presidency College, (C. E. Department).

Poorno Chunder Sircar, Presidency College, (C. E. Department).

CALCUTTA UNIVERSITY, } J. SUTCLIFFE, M. A.
The 24th July 1865. } Registrar.

Quarterly Report for the Quarter ending 30th June 1865.

Report on the Examination of the Junior Unpassed Civil Servants in Persian, Urdu, Hindi and Bengali, held in April 1865.

PERSIAN.

Nos.	Names.	Division of Presidency.	Date of arrival at Calcutta.	Date of Initiatory Examination.	REMARKS.
1	Lister	N. W. P.	<i>Sandheads.</i> 11th Dec. 1862	17th Dec. 1862	Leave on Medical Certificate to Europe. Passed in Hindi on 1st April 1863.

URDU.

1	Ellison	N. W. P.	19th Oct. 1864	1st Nov. 1864	Passed in Hindi on 1st March 1865.
2	Beachcroft	Ditto	12th Nov. 1864	17th Nov. 1864	Passed on the 1st instant. Qualified for the Public Service, having passed in Hindi on 3rd January last. Gained a donation of Rs. 800 for passing in two languages in four months.
3	Stogdon	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Passed with "marked proficiency" on the 1st instant. Entitled to a Medal of Merit. Qualified for the Public Service, having passed in Hindi on 1st March last. Gained a donation of Rs. 800 for passing in two languages in four months.
4	Gordon	B.	Ditto	Ditto	Passed on the 1st instant. Qualified for the Public Service, having passed in Bengali on 1st February last. Gained a donation of Rs. 800 for passing in two languages in four months. Studying for Honors in the Bengali language.
5	Manson	B.	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto ditto.
6	Huddleston	N. W. P.	16th Nov. 1864	Ditto	Passed on the 1st instant. Has to pass in a second language.
7	Hodgkinson	B.	25th Nov. 1864	28th Nov. 1864	Ditto ditto.
8	Venning	N. W. P.	26th Nov. 1864	1st Dec. 1864	Ditto ditto.
9	Nicholls	Ditto	29th Nov. 1864	Ditto	Not passed in any language.
10	Meres	B.	Ditto	Ditto	Passed in Bengali on 1st March 1865.
11	Trafford	N. W. P.	Ditto	Ditto	Passed in Hindi on 1st March 1865.
12	Pears	B.	30th Nov. 1864	Ditto	Not passed in any language.
13	Bullock	N. W. P.	12th Jan. 1865	16th Jan. 1865	Passed on the 1st instant. Has to pass in a second language.

Report on the Examination of the Junior Unpassed Civil Servants in Persian, Urdu, Hindi and Bengali, held in April 1865,—concluded.

HINDI.

Nos.	Names.	Division of Presidency.	Date of arrival at Calcutta.	Date of Initiatory Examination.	REMARKS.
1	Gardiner ...	N. W. P.	25th Nov. 1864	23th Nov. 1864	Passed on the 1st instant. Qualified for the Public Service, having passed in Urdu on 1st February last. Gained a donation of Rs. 800 for passing in two languages in four months.
2	Thorburn .	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ditto.
3	Fryer ...	Ditto ...	29th Nov. 1864	1st Dec. 1864	Passed on the 1st instant. Qualified for the Public Service, having passed in Urdu on 1st March last. Gained a donation of Rs. 800 for passing in two languages in four months.
4	Neill ...	Ditto ...	25th Nov. 1864	28th Nov. 1864	Passed in Hindi on 1st March last. Qualified for the Public Service, having passed in Urdu on 1st February 1865. Gained a donation of Rs. 800 for passing in two languages in three months. Studying for Honors in the Hindi language.

BENGALI.

			<i>Sandheads.</i>		
1	Dalton ...	B. ...	8th Jan. 1864	18th Jan. 1864	Passed on the 1st instant. Qualified for the Public Service, having passed in Urdu on 1st September 1864.
			<i>Sandheads.</i>		
2	Bovell * ...	B. ...	12th March 1864	21st March 1864	Passed in Urdu on 1st July 1864.
3	Smeaton ...	B. ...	19th Oct. 1864	1st Nov. 1864	Passed in Bengali on 1st March last. Qualified for the Public Service, having passed in Urdu on 1st February last. Gained a donation of Rs. 800 for passing in two languages in four months. Studying for Honors in the Bengali language.
4	Hallett ...	B. ...	Ditto ...	24th Oct. 1864	Passed in Urdu on 3rd January last. Qualified for the Public Service, having passed in Bengali on 1st December 1864. Gained a donation of Rs. 800 for passing in two languages in two months. Discontinued his studies for Honors in the Bengali language.
5	Rampini ...	B. ...	29th Nov. 1864	1st Dec. 1864	Passed in Bengali on 1st March last. Qualified for the Public Service, having passed in Urdu on 3rd January last. Gained a donation of Rs. 800 for passing in two languages in three months. Studying for Honors in the Bengali language.

* Was drowned on the 14th April near Chandernagore while attempting to cross the River Hooghly during a squall.

Report on the Examination of the Junior Unpassed Civil Servants in Persian, Urdu, Hindi and Bengali, held in May 1865.

PERSIAN.

Nos.	Names.	Division of Presidency.	Date of arrival at Calcutta.	Date of Initiatory Examination.	REMARKS.
1	Lister	N. W. P.	<i>Sandheads.</i> 11th Dec. 1862	17th Dec. 1862	Leave on Medical Certificate to Europe. Passed in Hindi on 1st April 1863.

URDU.

1	Ellison	N. W. P.	19th Oct. 1864	1st Nov. 1864	Passed on the 1st instant. Qualified for the Public Service, having passed in Hindi on 1st March 1865.
2	Nicholls	Ditto	29th Nov. 1864	1st Dec. 1864	Not passed in any language.
3	Meres	B.	Ditto	Ditto	Passed in Bengali on 1st March 1865.
4	Trafford	N. W. P.	Ditto	Ditto	Passed in Hindi on 1st March 1865.
5	Pears	B.	30th Nov. 1864	Ditto	Passed "with marked proficiency" on the 1st instant. But not entitled to a Medal of Merit, this being his sixth examination. Has to pass in a second language.

HINDI.

1	Huddleston	N. W. P.	16th Nov. 1864	17th Nov. 1864	Passed in Urdu on 1st April 1865.
2	Venning	Ditto	26th Nov. 1864	1st Dec. 1864	Passed on the 1st instant. Qualified for the Public Service, having passed in Urdu on 1st April 1865.
3	Bullock	Ditto	12th Jan. 1865	16th Jan. 1865	Passed on the 1st instant. Qualified for the Public Service, having passed in Urdu on 1st April 1865. Gained a donation of Rs. 800 for passing in two languages in three months.
4	Neill	Ditto	25th Nov. 1864	28th Nov. 1864	Passed for a Certificate of High Proficiency in Hindi on the 1st instant. Qualified for the Public Service, having passed in Urdu on 1st February, and in Hindi on 1st March last. Gained a donation of Rs. 800 for passing in two languages in three months. Studying for Honors in the Urdu language.

Report on the Examination of the Junior Unpassed Civil Servants in Persian, Urdu, Hindi and Bengali, held in May 1865,—concluded.

BENGALI.

Nos.	Names.	Division. of Presidency.	Date of arrival at Calcutta.	Date of Initia- tory Exami- nation.	REMARKS.
1	Hodgkinson ...	B. ...	25th Nov. 1864	28th Nov. 1864	Passed in Urdu on 1st April 1865.
2	Smeaton ...	B. ...	19th Oct. 1864	1st Nov. 1864	Passed in Bengali on 1st March last. Qualified for the Public Service, having passed in Urdu on 1st February last. Gained a donation of Rs. 800 for passing in two languages in four months. Studying for Honors in the Bengali language.
3	Gordon ...	B. ...	12th Nov. 1864	17th Nov. 1864	Passed in Urdu on 1st April last. Qualified for the Public Service, having passed in Bengali on 1st February last. Gained a donation of Rs. 800 for passing in two languages in four months. Studying for Honors in the Bengali language.
4	Manson ...	B. ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ..	Ditto ditto.
5	Rampini ...	B. ...	29th Nov. 1864	1st Dec. 1864	Passed for a Certificate of High Proficiency in Bengali on the 1st instant. Qualified for the Public Service, having passed in Urdu on 3rd January, and in Bengali on 1st March last. Gained a donation of Rs. 800 for passing in two languages in three months. Studying for Honors in the Urdu language.

Report on the Examination of the Junior Unpassed Civil Servants in Persian, Urdu, Hindi and Bengali, held in June 1865.

PERSIAN

Nos.	Names.	Division. of Presidency.	Date of arrival at Calcutta.	Date of Initia- tory Exami- nation.	REMARKS.
1	Lister ...	N. W. P.	<i>Sandheads.</i> 11th Dec. 1862	17th Dec. 1862	Leave on Medical Certificate to Europe. Passed in Hindi on 1st April 1863.

URDU.

1	Trafford ...	N. W. P.	29th Nov. 1864	1st Dec. 1864	Passed on the 1st instant. Qualified for the Public Service, having passed in Hindi on 1st March 1865.
2	Meres ...	B. ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	Absent on Medical Certificate. Passed in Bengali on 1st March 1865.
3	Nicholls ...	N. W. P.	29th Nov. 1864	Ditto ...	Passed on the 1st instant. Has to pass in a second language.

Report on the Examination of the Junior Unpassed Civil Servants in Persian, Urdu, Hindi and Bengali, held in June 1865,—continued.

URDU,—concluded.

No.	Names.	Division of Presidency.	Date of arrival at Calcutta.	Date of Initiatory Examination.	REMARKS.
4	Neill	N. W. P.	25th Nov. 1864	28th Nov. 1864	Passed for a Certificate of High Proficiency in Hindi on 1st May last. Qualified for the Public Service, having passed in Urdu on 1st February, and in Hindi on 1st March last. Gained a donation of Rs. 800 for passing in two languages in three months. Studying for Honors in the Urdu language.
5	Rampini	B.	29th Nov. 1864	1st Dec. 1864	Passed for a Certificate of High Proficiency in Bengali on 1st May last. Qualified for the Public Service, having passed in Urdu on 9th January, and in Bengali on 1st March last. Gained a donation of Rs. 800 for passing in two languages in three months. Studying for Honors in the Urdu language.

HINDI.

1	Huddleston	N. W. P.	16th Nov. 1864	17th Nov. 1864	Passed on the 1st instant. Qualified for the Public Service, having passed in Urdu on 1st April 1865.
---	------------	----------	----------------	----------------	---

BENGALI.

1	Hodgkinson	B.	25th Nov. 1864	28th Nov. 1864	Passed in Urdu on 1st April 1865.
2	Pears	B.	30th Nov. 1864	1st Dec. 1864	Passed with "marked proficiency" in Urdu on 1st May last, but not entitled to a Medal of Merit, this being his sixth examination.
3	Smcaton	B.	19th Oct. 1864	1st Nov. 1864	Passed for a Certificate of High Proficiency in Bengali on the 1st instant. Qualified for the Public Service, having passed in Urdu on 1st February, and in Bengali on 1st March last. Gained a donation of Rs. 800 for passing in two languages in four months. Studying for Honors in the Urdu language.
4	Gordon	B.	12th Nov. 1864	17th Nov. 1864	Absent on Medical Certificate. Passed in Urdu on 1st April last. Qualified for the Public Service, having passed in Bengali on 1st February last. Gained a donation of Rs. 800 for passing in two languages in four months. Studying for Honors in the Bengali language.

Report on the Examination of the Junior Unpassed Civil Servants in Persian, Urdu, Hindia and Bengali, held in June 1865,—concluded.

BENGALI.—concluded.

No.	Name.	Division of Presidency.	Date of arrival at Calcutta.	Date of Initiatory Examination.	REMARKS.
5	Manson ...	B. ...	12th Nov. 1864	17th Nov. 1864	Passed in Urdu on 1st April last. Qualified for the Public Service, having passed in Bengali on 1st February last. Gained a donation of Rs. 800 for passing in two languages in four months. Studying for Honors in the Bengali language.

By Order of the Board of Examiners,

FORT WILLIAM,
The 13th July 1865.

W. N. LEES,
Secy. to the Board of Examiners.

No. 535.

By Order of His Excellency the Governor General in Council,

SIMLA;
HOME DEPARTMENT,
The 28th July 1865.

ARTHUR HOWELL,
Under-Secy. to the Government of India.

No. 1

ANNUAL STATEMENT.

Abstract of operations of the Government Savings' Bank, from 1st May 1864 to 29th April 1865.

	Rs.	As.	P.	Rs.	As.	P.
Balance due to Depositors in 1863-64 ...	...	...	...	9,57,028	6	2
Deposits in 1864-65 ...	6,63,063	9	8			
Interest allowed to Depositors in 1864-65 ...	33,989	1	11	6,97,052	11	7
Deduct—				16,54,081	1	9
Withdrawals in 1864-65 ...	6,37,874	5	10			
Investment in Government Loans ...	79,695	0	7	7,17,569	6	5
	Balance Rs.			9,36,511	11	4
Liabilities.						
Balance due to Depositors in 1864-65 ...	...	...	...	9,36,511	11	4
Assets.						
Due by General Books ...	9,02,522	9	5			
Interest allowed to Depositors in 1864-65 ...	33,989	1	11	9,36,511	11	4

BANK OF BENGAL,
GOVT. SAVINGS' BANK;
Calcutta, 26th July 1865.

GEO. DICKSON,
Secretary,
Govt. Savings' Bank.

BANK OF BENGAL,

Calcutta, 30th June 1865.

MR. FRANCIS HALSEY has been appointed Acting Agent for the Bank at Cawnpore, in room of Mr. Donald Kennedy; and Mr. Donald Kennedy has been appointed Acting Agent for the Bank at Rangoon, in room of Mr. Alexander Watson, resigned.

By Order of the Directors,

GEO. DICKSON,
Secretary and Treasurer.

**Department of Issue of Paper Currency,
Calcutta Mint.**

The following Currency Notes are this day available for coin at this Office.

These Notes are payable on presentation at the Offices of the Deputy Commissioners of Paper Currency where they have been issued.

To avoid delay, parties should not apply under sealed letters to the Head Commissioner, but personally with coin:—

Allahabad Circle Notes for Rupees	2,14,750
Lahore ditto ditto ...	5,70,850
Nagpore ditto ditto ...	8,16,090

(Signed) H. HYDE,

The 29th July 1865.

Head Commissioner.

Statement of Government Promissory Notes enforced for payment of Interest in London, shewing the total amount outstanding according to the Registers received in this Office up to 21st July 1865.

	4 PER CENT.		4 per cent. of 1828-29.	4 per cent. of 1832-33.	4 per cent. of 1835-36.	4 per cent. of 1842-43.	4 per cent. of 1854-55.	5 per cent. Public Works of 1854-55.	5 per cent. of 1856-57.	5½ per cent. of 1859-60.	3½ per cent. of 1853-54.	4½ per cent. of 1856-57.	TOTAL RUPEES.
	Transfer of 1855.	Transfer of 1824-25.											
Amount brought forward from Statement dated 12th July 1865	4,43,100	53,000	300	26,28,300	25,24,600	1,10,10,100	80,12,000	85,29,400	5,11,79,800	2,85,12,600	27,600	16,000	10,79,37,300
<i>Add—</i>	...	...	...	16,500	...	47,800	29,100	...	31,500	35,000	...	...	1,59,900
Amount enforced at Madras, as per Registers received up to date	...	...	...	...	...	...	32,500	51,300	70,500	71,500	...	...	2,35,900
Amount enforced at Bombay, as per Registers received up to date	...	...	...	1,48,300	...	6,000	20,200	...	3,23,000	1,37,600	...	...	7,33,000
Amount enforced at Calcutta up to date	95,900	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	5,39,000	53,000	300	27,99,100	25,24,600	1,10,65,900	80,93,800	35,80,700	5,16,04,300	3,87,57,700	27,600	16,000	10,90,56,000
<i>Deduct—</i>	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Amount removed from the London Books, as per Registers received up to date	10,000	...	...	...	...	10,000	20,000	...	1,000	...	...	...	41,000
Total	5,29,000	53,000	300	27,99,100	25,24,600	1,10,55,900	80,73,800	35,80,700	5,16,03,300	2,87,57,700	27,600	16,000	10,90,15,000

FORT WILLIAM;

LOAN OFFICE,

The 27th July 1865.

R. P. HARRISON,

Acctt. Genl. to the Govt. of India.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

REPORT

BY THE

DIRECTORS OF THE BANK OF BENGAL,

FOR

Half-year ended 30th June 1865.

THE buoyant demand for money, which marked the close of the Bank's transactions for the half-year ended on 31st December last, was still more actively developed in the two following months. While the efflux of silver to the rice ports, and to the cotton growing districts in the interior, was unusually heavy, local requirements were increased by large demands on the part of constituents who had a close business connection with Bombay. Early in January the Directors deemed it expedient to raise the rates of interest and discount two per cent. all round; and on the 12th of the same month, an additional rate of one per cent. was imposed. The advances outstanding at Head Office and Branches on 31st January, compared with those of the 27th December preceding, show an increase of fifty-four lacs. Within the same period the Cash Balance was diminished by thirty-five lacs.

Throughout February the demand for accommodation was fully sustained, and the private deposits at same time exhibited a marked decline. Not only did silver go forward to the rice ports on an unprecedented scale, but provision had to be made for payment of calls on several local undertakings projected under the Limited Liability Acts. On the 9th, and again on the 25th February, the rates of interest and discount were successively raised one per cent.

Although the shipments of silver for Rangoon and Akyab were very considerable in March, the flow of the precious metals into this port, during the same period, was not less than one crore and twenty lacs, of which amount Bombay alone contributed thirty-four lacs.

The demand from the interior having slackened in the early part of March, and the Bank's advances generally, in like manner, having shewn a decided downward tendency, the Directors, on the 16th of that month, reduced the rates one per cent. all round, and to a similar extent on the following Board day.

Throughout April the import of specie continued to be very heavy, and as Home advices reported a further decided fall in prices and depressed markets, consequent on the probability of peace being speedily established in America, the public requirements very materially declined, and unemployed capital out-of-doors became abundant. As the Bank's cash-reserve from week to week exhibited a steady increase, the Directors, by successive steps during April, May, and June, assimilated the Bank's rates more closely to those prevailing in the open market, until a fall of six per cent. has

been reached, as compared with the maximum rates charged in March preceding. The half-year closes with an unprecedentedly heavy Cash Balance, and, although the value of imports continues to be large, the trade of Calcutta with the interior remains in a very depressed condition.

The commercial relations of Calcutta with Bombay being very intimate, the attention of the Directors was early attracted to the late extraordinary development in the latter city, of Banking, Financial, and other Joint Stock Associations. Abuse of credit, accompanied by excessive speculation, and the diversion of capital from its legitimate purposes, were the inevitable results which followed the undue expansion of Companies having, in too many instances, unsound foundations.

Precautionary measures for averting loss at the Head Office and Branches were, in consequence, timely adopted. When at length the long impending monetary crisis overtook Bombay, many serious failures followed on this side; but the Directors have the satisfaction of informing the Proprietors, that the actual loss sustained through bad and doubtful debts during the past six months, does not exceed Rs. 6,500 at the Head Office, and Rs. 5,000 at the Branches.

In former Reports, the Directors have, from time to time, set forth, that the losses at the Bank's Branches were unimportant. Before the close of the books for the half-year just ended, provision to the extent of Rs. 11,600 was made for sundry doubtful balances, which had not been previously written off. The aggregate amount of bad debts at the Branches, is thus brought up to Rs. 16,600. That sum is sufficient to meet every irrecoverable claim at the ten Branches, since the establishment of the first Agency on 2nd December of 1861, down to 30th June 1865. The progress of the Branches in every respect continues to be satisfactory. Exclusive of loans on Government Securities, the gross amount of Bills which has been under discount by the Branches is nearly nine crores. Of that sum, upwards of three crores and fifty-three lacs have been discounted during the last twelve months.

The net profits of the past half-year, after deducting Income Tax, and writing off Rs. 23,100 for all bad and doubtful debts, at the Head Office and Branches, amount to Rs. 13,27,797-2-8, out of which the Directors have appropriated Rs. 13,20,000 in payment of dividend at the rate of 12 per cent. per annum on the Bank's entire capital. The balance, amounting to Rs. 7,797-2-8, is carried forward to next half-year's account.

The Directors have further to inform the Shareholders, that negotiations initiated in 1863, have been recently resumed for transferring to the Bank the duties connected with the management of the registered public debt at Calcutta, now performed by the Accountant General to the Government of India, and for extending the agreement between Government and the Bank for seven years, subsequent to March 1867.

Several modifications in the terms of the existing agreement are still under consideration. So soon as the proposed arrangements shall have been definitely settled, the Directors will take an early opportunity of submitting the modified agreement to a general Meeting of the proprietors, for their formal approval.

Statement of the affairs of the Bank of Bengal as at 30th June 1865.

LIABILITIES.				ASSETS.			
Proprietor's Capital paid up	2,20,00,000	0	0	Government Securities, Investment No. 1	31,59,992	0	0
Reserve Fund	17,44,962	9	7	Loans on Government Securities at Head Office and Branches	1,09,94,950	0	0
General Treasury Balance at Head Office,	69,39,190	7	4	Accounts of Credit on Government Securities at Head Office and Branches	12,59,194	14	8
General Treasury Balance at Branches	95,09,713	4	3	Mercantile Bills discounted at Head Office and Branches	57,99,262	12	1
	1,64,48,903	11	7	Dead Stock	3,98,396	4	8
Other Deposits at Head Office and Branches	2,78,95,877	8	10	Stamps	9,996	6	0
Bank Post Bills, &c.	1,37,533	10	0	Balances with other Banks	4,06,568	9	4
Bank Notes Outstanding	2,71,200	0	0	Sundries	5,51,539	2	10
Sundries	15,61,287	7	4		2,29,73,810	1	2
				Cash and Currency Notes at Head Office	3,19,33,831	7	0
				Cash and Currency Notes including Treasury Balance at Branches	1,52,55,123	6	8
					4,71,88,954	14	2
Rupces	7,00,62,764	15	4	Rupces	7,00,62,764	15	4

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT.

RECEIPTS.							
Amount received in Discount, Interest, and Commission at Head Office and Branches						16,33,171	12 6
DISBURSEMENTS.							
Establishment at Head Office and Branches	1,98,832	2	0				
Pensions	2,900	0	0				
Directors' Fees	11,089	0	0				
Law Charges	4,518	12	6				
CONTINGENCIES—Stationery	8,386	5	5				
Lighting	2,186	15	8				
Printing	4,481	2	11				
Advertisements	647	5	3				
Office Rent, Assessments, and Miscellaneous							
Charges at Head Office and Branches	26,824	5	8				
Cheque and Pass Books	565	15	4				
Allowance for Wear and Tear of Bank Property	7,919	10	0				
	51,011	11	10			2,67,851	10 4
						13,65,321	2 2
DEDUCT—							
Income Tax	14,422	15	6				
Amount set aside to meet bad and doubtful debts at Head Office and Branches	22,100	0	0				
						87,522	15 6
Net Profit						13,27,797	2 8
Amount of Dividend declared at 12 per cent. per annum						13,20,000	0 0
Surplus carried forward to next Half-year's Accounts						7,797	2 8
RESERVE FUND.							
Reserve Fund at 31st December 1864						17,67,132	0 4
To old Outstanding Bank of Bengal Notes paid during the half-year	19,842	10	8				
To Sundries	2,326	12	1			22,109	6 9
Balance of Reserve Fund,						17,44,962	9 7

BOARD OF DIRECTORS (IN THE ORDER OF ROTATION).

Govt. Directors	R. P. HARRISON, Esq., Accountant and Auditor General to the Government of India, <i>President of the Board.</i>
	ARTHUR GROTE, Esq., Member of the Board of Revenue.
	HUGH SANDEMAN, Esq., Accountant General, Bengal.
	HENRY DUNDAS, Esq., of MESSRS. SHAND, FAIRLIE and Co.
	JAMES ROME, Esq., of MESSRS. CROOKE, ROME and Co.
	The HON'BLE JOHN N. BULLEN, of MESSRS. KETTLEWELL, BULLEN and Co.
	JOHN SKINNER, Esq., of MESSRS. JARDINE, SKINNER and Co.
	The HON'BLE DAVID COWIE, of MESSRS. COLVIN, COWIE and Co.
	ALEXANDER WALKER, Esq., of MESSRS. GIBBORNE and Co.

By Order of the Board,

Geo. DICKSON,

Secretary and Treasurer.

BANK OF BENGAL,
Calcutta, 13th July 1865.

BENGAL CIVIL FUND.

At a Half-yearly General Meeting of Subscribers to the Bengal Civil Fund, held at the Town Hall on Wednesday the 28th July 1865.

PRESENT:

R. P. HARRISON, Esq.	E. F. HARRISON, Esq.
R. N. SHORE, Esq.	R. B. CHAPMAN, Esq.
V. H. SCHALCH, Esq.	T. BRUCE LANE, Esq.
THE HON'BLE W. S. SETON-KARR.	S. C. BAYLEY, Esq.
THE HON'BLE G. CAMPBELL.	H. BEVERLY, Esq.
H. D. SANDEMAN, Esq.	

R. N. SHORE, Esq., in the Chair.

Read the following Report submitted by the Managers:—

"The Managers submit their proceedings for the past half-year for the consideration and sanction of the Meeting.

"Subject to the approval of the Subscribers, they have admitted to the benefits of the Fund the following families:—

"The three children (one daughter and two sons) of the late Sir G. F. Edmonstone, Annuitant of 1863, who died on the 24th September last in England.

Six children, yearly allowance	£ 430 0 0	of the late Mr. D. B. Morrieson, Annuitant of 1855, who died on the 11th October last in England.
--------------------------------	-----------	---

"The widow and two sons of the late Mr. F. Gouldsbury, Annuitant of 1863, who died in England on the 22nd December last.

Mrs. Gouldsbury	£ 300 0 0	"The widow of the late Mr. W. C. Bovell, who died at Chander-nagore on the 4th April last.
Two children	200 0 0	
Yearly allowance	£ 500 0 0	

Mrs. Bovell	£ 300 0 0	"The widow and seven children (two daughters and five sons) of the late Mr. E. Sandys, who died at Dinagapore on the 14th May last.
Loss 1/4th under Rule 7	50 0 0	
Yearly allowance	£ 250 0 0	

Mrs. Sandys	£ 300 0 0	"The Managers are unable as yet to report on the realization of subscriptions on account of the Fund, under the new system of account experimentally introduced in the Bengal Division of the Presidency, and referred to in the Report laid before the last Meeting. The four Statements, viz., those from December 1864 to March 1865, which have been furnished by the Bengal Accountant show, on the whole, that deductions have been made accurately, and the Managers are inclined to think it will work favorably. The system has, since the 1st May last, been extended by Government to the other Provinces of the Presidency.
Seven children	500 0 0	
Loss 1/4th under Rule 7	133 6 8	

"The above change in the system of accounts will require a revision of Articles IX. and XXI. of the Rules of the Fund, and the Managers propose to advertize the amendments under Article XVIII. of the Rules.

"In consequence of an inquiry addressed to the Managers by an Annuitant under the Old Rules, asking whether the savings which she has been able to make from her own and her daughter's annuities, would be regarded as subsequent acquisitions within the meaning of Articles XXII. and XXIV. of the Old Rules, so as on her death to deprive the members of her family of the benefit otherwise derivable from them, it was unanimously resolved by the Managers to propose the following addition to Article XXIV. of the Old Rules:—

"*Bond fide* savings from the pensions assigned to any family from the Fund under the Old Rules, are not subsequent acquisitions within the meaning of Articles XXII. and XXIV., and such savings may be enjoyed by any member or members of the family without any deductions from the pensions assigned."

"The Managers beg to lay before the Meeting the Report of the professional Actuary whose opinion was asked on certain special questions connected with the Fund and on the financial state of the Institution generally. The Managers will take an early opportunity of informing the Subscribers of any steps which it may appear necessary to take with reference to the Actuary's Report, and meantime printed copies thereof will be distributed to all Subscribers."

Resolved unanimously that the proceedings of the Managers as above reported, be approved.

Resolved unanimously that the following amendment to Article XXIV. of the Old Rules of the Civil Fund, be adopted, viz.:—

"*Bond fide* savings from the pensions assigned to any family from the Fund under the Old Rules are not subsequent acquisitions within the meaning of Articles XXII. and XXIV., and such savings may be enjoyed by any member or members of the family without any deductions from the pensions assigned."

A vote of thanks was passed to the Chairman.

BENGAL CIVIL FUND OFFICE, } R. N. SHORE,
The 28th July 1865. } Chairman.

PRELIMINARY ANNOUNCEMENT.

IMPORTANT INDIGO FACTORIES FOR SALE.

To be sold by Public Auction on or about the 20th instant (unless previously disposed of by private contract)—

By order of the Mortgagees,

The well-known Indigo Factories called the Allumehund Concern, at Allahabad, with valuable Talook property attached thereto and Koontee crop now in the ground;

also,

The Koorsun Factory, Allahabad, with Koontee crop, both lately the property of N. Flouest, Esq., deceased. Further particulars and conditions of sale will be published, and in the mean while applications to be made to Messrs. W. Moran and Co., Old Mint Mart, Calcutta, and Messrs. Barrow, Sen, and Watson, Old Post Office Street, Calcutta.

The Sarawuk, Jaeneo, Hindustan Banking and Trading Company "Limited."

Registered under Act XIX. of 1857 and Act VII. of 1860 of the Legislative Council of India.

CAPITAL—Rs. 2,50,00,000.

In 2,50,000 Shares of Rs. 100 each, of which more than half have been taken up.

FIRST CALL RS. 10 ON EACH SHARE.

No further Call will be made this year.

Intending Subscribers are requested to send in their applications *forthwith* with remittances.

TEMPORARY HEAD OFFICE:

CALCUTTA, NO. 186, OLD CHINA BAZAR.

DIRECTORS:

PUNDIT ROW CHUNDER, of Delhi, Banker.
LALLAH CHERRUNJEE LALL, of Delhi, Banker.
LALLAH DOYARAM DOSS SARAWUK CHOWDRY, of Furrucknagar and Calcutta, Banker and Merchant.
LALLAH MOOLCHUND CHOWDRY, of Furrucknagar, Banker.
LALLAH CHIMUN LOLL, of Jeypore and Agra, Banker.
LALLAH MOHUN LOLL, Deputy Magistrate of Noker, Saharunpore.
LALLAH BARROOMULL, of Saharunpore, Zemindar.
PUNDIT SEETARAM, of Gwalior, Zemindar.

BRANCHES:

Delhi, Rawaroe, Bhowanee, Lahore, Umritsar, Mooltan, Rawal Pindoe, Peshawar, Jamboe, Cashmore, Agra, Gwalior, Allyghur, Meerut, Saharunpore, Furruckabad, Cawnpore, Lucknow, Benares, Mirzapore, Bombay, Hyderabad, Ahmedabad, Nagpore, Indore, Jeypore, Joudpore, Ajmeer, Kurrachee, and Roribhuckar.

BANKERS:

THE BANK OF BENGAL
AND

THE AGRA AND MASTERNAN'S BANK LIMITED.

DRAFTS.

The Company will grant and negotiate Drafts on its Agencies.

RATES OF INTEREST ALLOWED.

On floating Deposits payable on demand, if not less than Rs. 500 and not more than Rs. 50,000,—unless special arrangements are made,—2 per cent. per annum.

At 3 months' notice,	3 per cent.
6 do.	4 per cent.
12 do.	5 per cent.

The Bank will not honor Cheques under Rs. 25.

COMMISSION.

The Bank takes charge of Government Securities, Shares in Banks, and other Joint Stock Companies, without charge, and realizes Interest and Dividends thereon in the following terms:—

If to be remitted by the Bank's own Drafts on its Agencies, no Commission will be charged, otherwise the rate of Commission will be 4 per cent.

On delivering up Securities from safe custody, and on the sale and purchase of Government Securities, Shares, &c., 4 per cent. will be charged.

As a Trading Company the Bank undertakes to purchase and sell all articles of merchandize, and will charge Commission on the net amount paid for them, or realized, at the following rates:—

On Gold, Silver and Sovereigns, 4 per cent.

Jewellery, Cloth, Twist, Cotton and other articles of merchandize, 2 per cent.

The above rates will be applicable to orders from places within the limits of Hindustan; but on those from other quarters a different or increased charge will be made.

Goods when purchased will be transmitted to the address of the parties with due care either by the Railway, or by Steamers, or otherwise as may be requested, but at the risk of the purchasers.

Insurances if desired will be procured by the Company.

All orders for purchase should be accompanied by remittances.

Any further information as to rules of business may be obtained on application to the Manager.

All Drafts, Cheques, &c., sent for collection, are to be made payable to the undermentioned.

Hours of business, from 10 A. M. to 3 P. M.

On Saturdays, from 10 A. M. to 1 P. M.

LALLAH DOYARAM DOSS SARAWUK CHOWDRY,
Managing Director and Secretary.

Just published—Price Five Rupees.

VOLUME II.

OF

SELECTIONS

FROM

CALCUTTA GAZETTES

OF THE

Years 1789 to 1797.

SHOWING THE POLITICAL AND SOCIAL CONDITION
OF THE ENGLISH IN INDIA.

SEVENTY YEARS AGO.

BY

W. S. SETON-KARR, C. S.,

Judge of the High Court of Judicature and President of the Record Commission.

Copies of Volume I. are still available, Price Rs. 3.

Apply to O. T. CUTTER, Military Orphan Press, Calcutta, or J. L. KINGHAM, Government Press, Simla.



The Gazette of India.

Published by Authority.

SIMLA, SATURDAY, AUGUST 12, 1865.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

LEGISLATIVE.

The following Act of the Governor General of India in Council received the assent of His Excellency the Governor General on the 3rd August 1865, and is hereby promulgated for general information:—

ACT No. XXVI. of 1865.

An Act to amend Act XXIX. of 1861 (to consolidate and amend the Articles of War for the government of the Native Officers and Soldiers in Her Majesty's Indian Army).

WHEREAS it is expedient to amend the 83rd Article of War enacted in the said Act XXIX. of 1861; it is enacted as follows:—

I. The Article of War numbered 83 in the said Act XXIX. of 1861, is hereby repealed, and in lieu thereof, the following Article of War shall be read and taken as Article 83 of the said Act XXIX. of 1861:—

ARTICLE 83.

The Commander-in-Chief in India shall, under the authority of the Governor General in Council, prescribe the minor punishments to which Non-Commissioned Officers and Soldiers shall, for light offences, be liable, without the intervention of a Court Martial; and shall specify the Officer or Officers by whom such minor punishment, and the extent thereof, may be awarded. But no such minor punishment shall be awarded by a Court Martial.

II. This Act shall be read and taken as part of the said Act XXIX. of 1861.

E. C. BAYLEY,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

The following Bill was introduced into the Council of the Governor General of India for the purpose of making Laws and Regulations on the 2nd of August 1865:—

A Bill to make temporary provision for the decision of Civil Appeals in the Districts within the Lieutenant Governorship of the Punjab.

WHEREAS it is necessary, pending the establishment of the Chief Court in the Punjab under Act XXIII. of 1865, to make special provision for the decision of such Appeals as previously to the passing of Act XIX. of 1865, were heard by the Financial Commissioner: It is enacted—

I. Until such time as Act XXIII. of 1865 shall come into operation, the Government of the Punjab may invest the Financial Commissioner of the Punjab with the powers of Judicial Commissioner, for the purpose of trying generally Appeals in respect of suits regarding land, or the rent, revenue or produce of land, anything in Act XIX. of 1865 to the contrary notwithstanding.

STATEMENT OF OBJECTS AND REASONS.

WHEN Act XIX. of 1865 was passed, it was expected that a Chief Court of Judicature, consisting of two or more Judges, would immediately be established in the Punjab, under Act XXIII. of 1865.

Circumstances have, however, arisen to delay the establishment of such a Court, and the Judicial Commissioner alone being unequal to the disposal of the additional Appellate work thrown upon him by the operation of Act XIX. of 1865, the Lieutenant Governor of the Punjab has recommended a temporary suspension of the provisions of that Act, so far as they prohibit the cognizance of suits connected with land by the Revenue Courts of the Province.

It seems sufficient, in order to effect the object in view, to pass a short Act enabling the Financial Commissioner as heretofore, and until the establishment of a Chief Court, to hear Appeals in suits connected with land, and this it is proposed

to do by empowering the Lieutenant Governor to invest him with the powers of Judicial Commissioner.

SIMLA, } W. GREY.
The 2nd August 1865.

E. C. BAYLEY,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

No. 722.

Simla, the 5th August 1865.

Notifications.—Mr. Francis Macnaghten, of the Civil Service, is permitted to proceed to Europe on furlough for a period of two years, from the date of embarkation.

No. 723.

The 7th August 1865.

Mr. J. H. Condon, Civil Assistant Surgeon of Baraitch, is granted three months' privilege leave, under the rules applicable to Military Officers in Civil employ, from the 28th July, or such subsequent date as he may avail himself of the same.

No. 725.

Leave of absence for forty-three days is granted to the Reverend J. Clough, Junior Chaplain of 'Toung-hoo, to enable him to proceed to Calcutta preparatory to availing himself of the leave on urgent affairs granted to him on the 5th June.

No. 728.

Mr. A. Thomas, in medical charge of the station of Kyook Phyoo in British Burmah, has obtained an extension of leave of absence on medical certificate for six months, from the 12th June 1865.

No. 730.

The undermentioned First Class Native Doctors are appointed to do duty in British Burmah :—

Abdoolla Khan.
Syed Oolfuth Ali.
Ushruff Khan.
Meer Wajid Ali.

No. 786.

The 8th August 1865.

Mr. A. Wrixon, Head Quarters Inspector of Police, Jubbulpore, is appointed to officiate for Captain F. A. Dickens, District Superintendent, during the absence of that Officer on the leave granted to him in Orders No. 2019, dated 3rd July.

No. 788.

Mr. H. W. Bowen, Assistant Superintendent of Police, Oamraotee District, has been granted one month's privilege leave from the 13th ultimo.

No. 790.

Lieutenant R. W. E. Burrowes, Officiating Assistant District Superintendent of Police, Mundla, is deputed to officiate as District Superintendent of Police, Mundla, from the date on which he took charge from Mr. Higgins.

No. 792.

Mr. W. B. Jones, Deputy Commissioner of Wurda in the Central Provinces, is invested with the powers described in Section 1 of Act XV. of 1862.

No. 838.

The 9th August 1865.

Zorawur Sing, Honorary Magistrate of Rehlee in the Saugor District, is invested with the powers of a subordinate Magistrate of the 1st Class, described in Section 22 of Act XXV. of 1861, to be exercised within the limits of the Rehlee Tehseel.

No. 840.

The Right Honorable the Secretary of State for India has permitted Mr. H. S. Mackenzie to resign the Civil Service from the 24th June 1864.

No. 843.

The Honorable Elphinstone Jackson and the Honorable Arthur George Macpherson took their seats as Puisne Judges of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William, on the 1st instant.

No. 844.

Appointment.—Lieutenant G. A. Strover, Supernumerary Assistant Commissioner of the 2nd Grade, in British Burmah, to be Cantonment Magistrate of Rangoon, vice Captain Bennet.

No. 861.

The 10th August 1865.

Notifications.—The following Act of Parliament XXVIII. Vict., Cap. 17, is published for general information :—

CAP. XVII.

An Act to enlarge the Powers of the Governor General of India in Council at Meetings for making Laws and Regulations, and to amend the Law respecting the Territorial Limits of the several Presidencies and Lieutenant Governorships in India.

9th May 1865.

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the Session holden in the Twenty-fourth and Twenty-fifth Years of the Reign of Her present Majesty, Chapter Sixty-seven, it was, among other things, enacted that the Governor General of India in Council shall have Power, at Meetings for the Purpose of making Laws and Regulations, to make Laws and Regulations for all Persons, whether British or Native, Foreigners or others within the

Indian Territories under the Dominion of Her Majesty, and for all Servants of the Government of *India* within the Dominions of Princes and States in alliance with Her Majesty: And whereas it is expedient to enlarge the said Power by authorizing the Governor General of *India* in Council to make Laws and Regulations for all *British* Subjects of Her Majesty within the Dominions of such Princes and States: Be it enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, as follows:—

1. The Governor General of *India* shall have Power, at Meetings for the Purpose of making Laws and Regulations, to make Laws and Regulations for all *British* Subjects of Her Majesty within the Dominions of Princes and States in *India* in alliance with Her Majesty, whether in the Service of the Government of *India* or otherwise.

2. The preceding Section shall be read with and taken as Part of Section Twenty-two of the said Act of the Twenty-fourth and Twenty-fifth Years of Her Majesty, Chapter Sixty-seven.

3. And whereas it is expedient to amend the Law respecting the Territorial Limits of the several Presidencies and Lieutenant Governorships in *India*: Section Eighteen of the Act of the Sixteenth and Seventeenth Years of the Reign of Her present Majesty, Chapter Ninety-five, intituled *An Act to provide for the Government of India*, is hereby repealed.

4. It shall be lawful for the Governor General of *India* in Council from Time to Time to declare and appoint, by Proclamation, what Part or Parts of the *Indian Territories* for the Time being under the Dominion of Her Majesty shall be or continue subject to each of the Presidencies and Lieutenant Governorships for the Time being subsisting in such Territories, and to make such Distribution and Arrangement, or new Distribution and Arrangement, of such Territories into or among such Presidencies and Lieutenant Governorships as to the said Governor General in Council may seem expedient.

5. Provided always, That it shall be lawful for the Secretary of State in Council to signify to the said Governor General in Council his Disallowance of any such Proclamation: And provided further, that no such Proclamation for the Purpose of transferring an entire Zillah or District from one Presidency to another, or from one Lieutenant Governorship to another, shall have any Force or Validity until the Sanction of Her Majesty to the same shall have been previously signified by the Secretary of State in Council to the Governor General.

By Order of the Governor General in Council.

No. 893.

The undermentioned specifications of inventions have been filed under the provisions of Act XV. of 1859, in the Office of the Secretary to the Government of India in the Home Department; copies have been sent to one of the Secretaries to each of the Governments of Bengal, Fort St. George, Bombay and the North-Western Provinces. A copy of every specification is open, at all reasonable hours, at the Office of the Secretary to the Government of India in the Home Department at the Presidency, to public inspection, upon payment of a fee of one Rupee. A certified copy of any specification will be given to any person requiring the same, upon payment of the expense of copying:—

No. 245.—Mr. John Paul Baugh Le Patourel, of Her Majesty's Service, Hon'ble Company's Marine, No. 11, Garden Reach, Calcutta, in the Province of Bengal, and of Piatti House, Guernsey, for "improvements in Ventilators."

No. 254.—Messrs. Robert Luke Howard, of No. 85, Upper White Cross Street, in the County of Middlesex, Engineer; and John Danglish, M. D., of Reading, in the County of Berks, England, for "improvements in apparatus for making Aerated Bread."

No. 894.

Doctor J. Reid, Civil Surgeon of Bhundara in the Central Provinces, has obtained two months' leave on medical certificate, from the 11th June.

No. 896.

The following Officers are appointed to officiate as Assistant District Superintendents of Police in Oudh, in the room of Lieutenant Ward, District Superintendent, and Lieutenant Noble, Assistant District Superintendent, absent on sick leave to Europe:—

Mr. J. W. Anderson, *vice* Lieutenant Ward.

Mr. H. A. F. Smith, *vice* Lieutenant Noble.

No. 898.

The Governor General in Council is pleased to sanction the following promotions in the Police of the Central Provinces:—

Captain J. D. Vallance, District Superintendent, 5th Class, to be District Superintendent, 4th Class, in the room of Captain W. F. Ireland, deceased.

Lieutenant H. A. Hammond, Assistant District Superintendent, 1st Class, to be District Superintendent, 5th Class, in the room of Captain Vallance.

Rai Dabee Persad, Assistant District Superintendent, 2nd Class, to be Assistant District Superintendent, 1st Class, in the room of Lieutenant Hammond.

Mr. W. R. Baillie, Officiating District Superintendent, to be Assistant District Superintendent, 2nd Class.

Lieutenant H. Martin, Officiating Assistant District Superintendent of Police, Jubbulpore, to officiate temporarily as District Superintendent of Police, Nursingpore.

No. 900.

Lieutenant-Colonel C. Douglas, B. A., Director General of Telegraphs in India, availed himself of leave, preparatory to applying for furlough to Europe in the Military Department, on the 24th July 1865.

Lieutenant-Colonel D. G. Robinson, B. E., received charge of the Office of Director General of Telegraphs in India, from Lieutenant-Colonel C. Douglas, on the forenoon of the 24th July 1865.

E. C. BAYLEY,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

No. 1652.

GENERAL.

Simla, the 10th August 1865.

Notification.—His Excellency the Governor General in Council has been pleased to appoint Mr. R. H. Davies to officiate as Chief Commissioner of Oudh, during the absence on leave of Mr. C. J. Wingfield, C. B., in addition to his duties as Financial Commissioner.

W. MUIR,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

No. 302.

MILITARY.

The 9th August 1865.

Notification.—Lieutenant J. Jacob, appointed under G. O. No. 254, dated 3rd July, to be Adjutant of the Erinpore Irregular Force, assumed charge of the office on the 14th July.

No. 1634.

GENERAL.

The 8th August 1865.

Notification.—Lieutenant G. G. Young, Officiating Settlement Officer of Seetapore, availed himself, on the afternoon of the 25th July, of the preparatory leave granted to him in G. O. No. 1604, dated 3rd August, and made over charge of his Office to Mr. O. Wood.

No. 1636.

Lieutenant A. N. Bruce, Assistant to the Governor General's Agent in Rajpootana, officiated as Political Agent in Meywar from the 3rd April to the 3rd May 1865, inclusive.

Lieutenant W. J. W. Muir, Assistant to the Governor General's Agent in Rajpootana, officiated as Political Agent in Joudhpore from the 24th April to the 8th May 1865, inclusive.

No. 1638.

Assistant Surgeon M. W. Mott, M. D., in medical charge of the Bhutpore Agency, returned to his duty on the 14th ultimo from the privilege leave granted him in G. O. No. 570, dated 13th March 1865.

No. 1650.

The 10th August 1865.

Mr. W. C. Capper, C. S., Deputy Commissioner and Settlement Officer of Lucknow, is granted fifteen months' leave to Europe on medical certificate, under Section 3 of the New Civil Service Absentee Rules, from the 23rd July 1865.

Mr. Capper availed himself, on the afternoon of the 15th July, of the preparatory leave granted to him in G. O. No. 1542, dated the 22nd ultimo.

A. COLVIN,
Offg. Under-Secy. to the Govt. of India.

FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT.

No. 1796.

Simla, the 10th August 1865.

Notification.—Read the following Despatch from the Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India:—

FINANCIAL.

INDIA OFFICE;

No. 139.

London, the 16th June 1865.

To His Excellency the Right Hon'ble the Governor General of India in Council.

SIR,—I have considered in Council your Financial letter dated the 3rd February last, in which you bring to notice that that portion of Rule 3 of the Revised Civil Absentee Rules, which regulates the allowance to be drawn by Civilians on return from leave, is inapplicable to the cases of Civilians returning from furlough, and recommend the continuance of the rules hitherto in force, under which a Civilian draws the subsistence allowance of his rank from the date of his return from furlough to the date of assuming charge of an acting appointment, or to the date of his receiving a permanent appointment, when he is at once admitted to the full salary thereof.

2. I see no objection to the continuance of the Rules recommended by you, and you will therefore cause the necessary alteration to be made accordingly.

I have, &c.,
(Signed) C. Wood.

In accordance with the instructions conveyed in the foregoing Despatch, the Governor General in Council is pleased to alter Rule 3 of the Civil Service Furlough and Absentee Rules, as follows:—

“For the interval elapsing between departure from station and the commencement of reckoning absence on furlough, and between the end of reckoning absence on furlough and re-arrival at station, the absentee shall be allowed special leave calculated at the rate of one day for every ten miles to be travelled, except when Railways or steam-boats are available, when one day for every 100 miles only will be allowed (or the time actually occupied in the voyage, when its duration exceeds the time calculated at the rate of 100 miles a day), with seven days at the port of embarkation, provided that a period of three months shall in no case be exceeded, and that

"the time claimed shall have been spent *bonâ fide* in progress between the place of departure and the place of destination."

During the interval between departure from station and the commencement of reckoning absence on furlough, the absentee will be entitled to draw a moiety of his allowance; and from the date of his return from furlough, to the date of assuming charge of an acting appointment, or to the date of his receiving a permanent appointment, he will draw the subsistence allowance of his rank.

Published by Order of the Governor General in Council,

E. H. LUSHINGTON,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

Simla, the 5th August 1865.

No. 765 of 1865.—His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to make the following appointment:—

Major General Colin Troup, c. b., of the Bengal Infantry, to the Divisional Staff of the Army, in succession to Major General Sir S. Corbett, k. c. b., deceased.

The 8th August 1865.

No. 766 of 1865.—With reference to the Notification issued by the Government of Bengal, dated 27th July 1865, the services of Assistant Surgeon J. M. Cameron, Civil Assistant Surgeon of Monghyr, and of Assistant Surgeon S. Delpratt, Civil Assistant Surgeon of Hazareebaugh, are placed

temporarily at the disposal of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief.

No. 767 of 1865.—The following extract from the *London Gazette* of the 16th June 1865, is published for general information:—

WAR OFFICE;

Pall Mall, the 16th June 1865.

The Field Marshal Commanding-in-Chief has been pleased to appoint Lieutenant-Colonel and Brevet-Colonel Edwin Beaumont Johnson, c. b., Royal (late Bengal) Artillery, to be His Royal Highness' Assistant Military Secretary, dated 10th July 1865.

No. 768 of 1865.—The following order issued by the Resident at Hyderabad, is confirmed:—

No. 105, dated 12th July 1865.—Directing the following transfers in the Hyderabad Contingent:—

4th Infantry, Hyderabad Contingent.

Captain A. Drury, paid Doing-duty Officer, 5th Infantry, temporarily doing duty, 4th Infantry, to be paid Doing-duty Officer.

5th Infantry, Hyderabad Contingent.

Lieutenant R. J. McGhee, paid Doing-duty Officer, 4th Infantry, Officiating Adjutant, 2nd Infantry, to be paid Doing-duty Officer.

The 9th August 1865.

No. 769 of 1865.—The undermentioned Warrant Officer is permitted to proceed to Europe on leave of absence on sick certificate:—

Conductor Michael O'Loughlin, } For twenty
of the Army Commissariat } months.
Department.

No. 770 of 1865.—The following promotions are made, subject to Her Majesty's approval:—

Corps.	Rank and Names.	To what rank promoted.	From what date.	In succession to.
Cadre of the late 15th Regiment, N. I.	Lieutenant John George Campbell	Captain ...	2nd June 1865	Captain H. Philpotts, Staff Corps, deceased.
Cadre of the late 6th European Regiment	Lieutenant William Edward Delves Broughton	Ditto ...	6th July 1865	Captain J. C. Hamilton, deceased.
Cadre of the late 25th Regiment, N. I.	Lieutenant Henry Doyle Metcalfe	Ditto ...	7th July 1865	Captain W. F. Ireland, deceased.

No. 771 of 1865.—The following promotion is made, subject to Her Majesty's approval:—

Corps.	Rank and Name.	To what rank promoted.	From what date.	In succession to.
Cadre of the late 1st European Light Cavalry	Lieutenant Arthur George Webster, 19th Hussars	Captain ...	16th May 1865	Captain (Brevet Major) H. H. Gough, v. c., 19th Hussars, exchanged to the Bengal Staff Corps.

No. 772 of 1865.—The undermentioned Surgeon of the Bengal Medical Department is promoted to the rank of Surgeon Major, under the provisions of G. G. O. No. 507 of the 20th June 1864, subject to Her Majesty's approval:—

Rank and Name.	From what date.
Surgeon James Tyrell Carter Barr, F. R. C. S.	26th July 1865.

No. 773 of 1865.—With reference to G. G. O. No. 165 of the 2nd March 1863, the name of the undermentioned Officer who retired from the service under the Annuity Scheme of 1861, is removed from the list of Regimental Lieutenant-Colonels of Infantry:—

Rank and Name.	REMARKS.
Lieutenant-Colonel (Major General, Retired List) John Craigie Halkett, C. B.	By death of General John Truscott, Bengal Infantry.

No. 774 of 1865.—The following promotions by brevet are made under the operation of G. G. O. No. 632 of the 4th August 1864, subject to Her Majesty's approval:—

B R E V E T.

Corps.	Rank and Names.	Date from which entitled to the rank of Lieutenant-Colonel.
	<i>To be Lieutenant-Colonel.</i>	
Late 27th Native Infantry ...	Major Thomas Whittaker Seager ...	28th July 1865.
	<i>To be Majors.</i>	<i>Date from which entitled to the rank of Major.</i>
Late 10th Native Infantry ...	Captain Charles Armstrong...	22nd July 1865.
Late 60th Native Infantry ...	Captain Jonathan Keer ...	26th July 1865.
	<i>To be Captain.</i>	<i>Date from which entitled to the rank of Captain:</i>
Staff Corps ...	Lieutenant William George Cubitt, v.c.	26th July 1865.

No. 775 of 1865.—The undermentioned Officer is permitted to proceed to Europe on leave of absence on sick certificate:—

Surgeon John White, M. D., of } For twenty
the Medical Department, } months, under
attached to the 8th Bengal } the new Re-
Cavalry. } gulations.

No. 776 of 1865.—The undermentioned Officer having completed twenty-six years' service, eight years of which were on permanent staff employ, to be Lieutenant-Colonel from the date specified opposite to his name, under the Royal Warrant of the 16th January 1861, subject to Her Majesty's approval:—

Bengal Staff Corps.

Major Reginald Ouseley ... 29th July 1865.

The 10th August 1865.

No. 777 of 1865.—The undermentioned Officers have reported their return from England:—

	Date of arrival at Port William.
Lieutenant F. H. Conolly, Bengal Staff Corps, Superintendent of Police, British Burmah.	28th July 1865.
Lieutenant M. P. Ricketts, Bengal Staff Corps, Assistant Commissioner, Jubbulpore.	

No. 778 of 1865.—His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to notify, for general information, the following appointments in the—

ODDH VOLUNTEER RIFLE CORPS.

Commandant.

Lieutenant-Colonel L. Barrow, C. B., Madras Staff Corps.

Staff.

Major A. E. Wilkinson.

Adjutant, Lieutenant R. H. de Montmorency.

* Lieutenant and Quarter Master B. L. Freeman.

OFFICERS OF COMPANIES.

Sirmoor or Lucknow Company.

* Captain Mathew Rutland Joyce.

* Lieutenant Thomas Davis.

* Ensign D. Burgess.

Martiniere or Cadet Company.

* Lieutenant Henry Stobart.

The nomination of the Officers with an asterisk before their names has been made subject to their passing an examination in drill before the Inspecting Officer.

No. 779 of 1865.—His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to notify for general information, the following appointments in the—

BEHAR MOUNTED RIFLE CORPS.

Commandant.

Major James Furlong (on leave).

Officers of Troops.

- Captain John Charles Campbell Daunt, v. c.
 * Captain Frederick Collingridge.
 * Captain Russell Morland Skinner.
 Lieutenant Henry Leadbithe Hollway.
 * Lieutenant Charles Venables Agles.
 * Cornet Alexander Shaw Urquhart.
 * Cornet John Minden Wilson.
 * Cornet George William Llewellyn.
 * Cornet Frederick Halliday.

The nomination of the Officers with an asterisk before their names has been made subject to their passing an examination in drill before the Inspecting Officer.

The 11th August 1865.

No. 780 of 1865.—His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to make the following appointment:—

PUNJAB IRREGULAR FORCE.

3rd Punjab Infantry.

Ensign H. Wood, Her Majesty's 35th Foot, a candidate for the Staff Corps, to be Doing-duty Officer on probation, *vice* Lieutenant Roberts, appointed Quarter Master.

H. W. NORMAN, Col.,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

No. 282.

ESTABLISHMENT.

Simla, the 5th August 1865.

Notifications.—C. V. Vanoo Gopaul Sawmy Moodilliar is appointed to the Public Works Department, as an Accountant of the 4th Grade, and posted to British Burmah, with effect from the 28th February 1865.

No. 283.

The 7th August 1865.

Mr. E. C. Smyth, Supervisor, 2nd Grade, Central Provinces, is permitted, at his own request, to resign his appointment in the Public Works Department, from the 4th August 1865.

No. 284.

The undermentioned men are appointed to the Public Works Department as Overseers of the 3rd Grade, and posted to Mysore:—

Corporal J. C. Johnson.
 Teeromal Row.
 D. O'Dogherty.
 L. M. Morrell.

No. 285.

The 9th August 1865.

Sergeant C. Collogher, Her Majesty's 77th Foot, is appointed to the Public Works Department, as an Overseer of the 1st Grade, on probation, and posted to Rajpootana. Sergeant Collogher is for the present temporarily attached to the North-Western Provinces.

No. 286.

Mr. W. H. Pigott, Accountant, 2nd Grade, Public Works Department, Central Provinces, is reduced to the rank of Accountant, 3rd Grade, and transferred to the Rajpootana Office of Account.

No. 287.

The 10th August 1865.

A. Ram Rao, B. C. E., is appointed an Engineer Apprentice in the Public Works Department, and posted to Mysore.

No. 15F.

REVENUE.—FORESTS.

The 2nd August 1865.

Notification.—The following Rules for the better management and preservation of the Government Forests in British Burmah, drawn up under Act VII. of 1865, have been confirmed by the Viceroy and Governor General in Council, and are, in accordance with Section 6 of the Act, published in the *Gazette of India*:—

British Burmah.—Forest Rules.

CHAPTER I.

INTRODUCTION.

The following Rules are published for the administration of the Government Forests in British Burmah, and for the management of foreign and drift timber:—

II. The Government Forests of British Burmah are bounded and limited as follows:—

FIRST.—Forests between the Irrawaddie River and the range of hills East of the Sittang River.

These forests comprise the hills and valleys of the Pegu Yomah range, and are bounded as follows:—

On the West by a line passing from the station of Meaday through the points of junction of the following streams:—

Boolay and Pudday,
 North and middle Nawing;

thence to the head waters of the Meimakah River East of Prome, and along that river to the mouth of the Meoungdagah Khyoung in the Rangoon District.

On the South by a line drawn from the mouth of the Meoungdagah Khyoung across to Pegu town.

On the East by a line drawn from Pegu town to Bonee village, thence to Kanyinokdoh village between the Binedah and Yainway streams, thence to the junction of the Woon and Koon streams, and thence across the Sittang River to Kyoukee town, and to the hills between the Sittang and Salween Rivers, and along the line of water-shed between the Sittang and Salween Rivers, to the Northern frontier line.

SECOND.—*The Forests in the Tenasserim Division of British Burmah.*

1. The Beeling Forests above the village Phawota on the Beeling River.
2. The Yoonzaleen Forests above the village of Kadinetit on the Yoonzaleen River.
3. The Domdamee Forests above the junction of the Domdamee stream with the Salween River.
4. The Thoungyeen Forests between the hills bounding the Thoungyeen valley on the South-West, and the Siamese boundary line.
5. The Attaran Forests above the junction of the Zimmay and Winyeo streams.

Officers appointed to carry out these Rules. III. The Officers appointed for the administration of the forests are—

1. The Conservator of Forests.
2. His Assistants, *viz.*, the Deputy and Assistant Conservators, and the Native Forest Assistants.
3. The Subordinate Officers, *viz.*, Goungs, Goungways, and Peons both in the forests and at the timber stations.

The administration of the forests throughout the whole Province of British Burmah, shall be vested in the Conservator of Forests.

The administration of one division or sub-division of the forests, shall be vested in a Deputy or Assistant Conservator.

IV. There will be a Subordinate Forest Officer in charge of every Government Forest District. He must live within or close to the forest. He will be expected to be thoroughly acquainted with every part of the forest, and whatever happens therein. In cases of unauthorized felling or other breach of the Forest Rules, it will be his duty to report the occurrence immediately. It will further be his duty to prevent, by all means in his power, the continuance or repetition of the acts constituting the breach. He will seize all wood, or other forest produce, unlawfully cut or removed, which he may find in the forests. He will use every lawful means for the defence of the property entrusted to his charge. He will be held responsible that no Teak trees, but those selected by the Conservator or his Assistants, are felled.

V. No Forest Officer shall engage in any employment or office whatever, other than his duties under these Rules, unless expressly permitted to do so, in writing, by the Conservator of Forests.

CHAPTER II.

OF TEAK TREES AND TREES OF OTHER KINDS.

VI. No person is permitted, without orders from the Conservator or his Assistants, to mark, girdle, or fell any Teak trees, large or small, to cut or to break off branches from Teak trees, or to injure them in any way.

VII. The felling and dragging of timber must be done in such a manner as not to break or injure any Teak trees. Owners of elephants are responsible for any injury done by their animals.

VIII. No Government Teak Forests may be

Sanction of Government of India required for sale and lease of forests. sold, and no grant of land may be given within the limits of a Government Teak Forest, without the special sanction, in every instance, of the Government of India, with the exception mentioned below. Nor shall any lease be given for any Government Teak Forest, which includes the permission to girdle or otherwise to kill or fell green Teak trees, without the special sanction, in every instance, of the Government of India. In forests thus leased, grants of waste land may be given without the special sanction of the Government of India. But the grantee will be bound, over and above the price of the land, to pay to the lessee of the forests, an indemnification for every tree above a certain size standing on the land at the time the grant is made. The rate of this indemnification to be the same as the rate paid to Government by the lessee for the timber under his lease.

IX. No Toungya is to be formed on any spot on which stand Teak trees, large or small, green or seasoned, without the permission of the Officer in charge of the Forest District. It shall be lawful for the Chief Commissioner to exempt certain Forest Districts from the operation of this rule, and also to cancel the order of exemption at any time.

X. All Teak timber which may be lying in a place selected for a Toungya, must be protected against destruction by fire. The cultivators of the Toungya will be held responsible for all injury done to such Teak timber by fire.

XI. Whoever sets fire to any Teak Forest, or causes the conflagration of a Teak Forest, is liable to punishment under the Indian Penal Code. Travellers will be held responsible for the extinction of their camp fires, and Toungya cultivators must, to the best of their ability, prevent the spread of Toungya fires into Teak localities.

XII. All trees (except Teak) as also bamboos are free. But it shall be lawful for the Chief Commissioner to authorize the levying of duty on the felling, cutting, or otherwise using of trees of other kinds; as also of prohibiting these being felled, cut, tapped, or in any way made use of, if they are below a certain size. It shall also be lawful for the Conservator of Forests or his Assistants to prohibit the felling, cutting, or otherwise using of any trees which they may have marked or girdled.

CHAPTER III.

OF RESERVED FORESTS.

XIII. Certain tracts of forest land or waste will be reserved as the exclusive property of the State. Such waste or forest lands will be termed "Government Reserved Forests." Unauthorized felling, cutting, marking, killing or injury of trees, shrubs or bamboos, or the collection of leaves, wood-oil, resin or other forest produce within the limits of the Government Reserved

Forests, or any act which violates the rights of the State as proprietor of these forest lands, will be punished. Toungya cultivation, and interference of any kind with the ground or its produce, without the special permission of the Officers in charge of the Government Reserved Forests, is prohibited. The right of using existing roads through the Government Reserved Forests, will be free if compatible with the conservancy of the forests. But the Conservator of Forests, with the sanction of the Chief Commissioner, shall be at liberty to close any existing roads through a Reserved Government Forest, wherever he may deem it requisite to do so.

XIV. The boundaries of each Government Reserved Forest will be marked off as the Chief Commissioner may direct. Where the boundary is not an established road, the bed of a river or other line easily traced, a path at least six feet wide must be cleared through the jungle along the whole boundary line, and the marks should not be more than 200 yards apart. A proclamation must be issued and published in the nearest villages within a month of the final demarcation of the forest, stating in a general way the boundaries of the forest, and warning against trespass, theft or mischief. It shall ordinarily be the duty of the Deputy Commissioner of the District to issue this proclamation. A copy of it is to be deposited in the Office of the Deputy Conservator of the District.

The Officer in charge of a Government Reserved Forest must, twice a year, after the close and before the commencement of the rains, go along the whole of his boundary lines and state in his report the state of the boundary lines and marks.

It is the duty of the Officer in charge of a "Government Reserved Forest" to report immediately every encroachment of the boundaries of his forest.

XV. Should villages be situated so as to be surrounded on all sides by a Government Reserved Forest, the boundaries around their lands must be demarcated in the same manner as the boundaries of a Government Reserved Forest; or should the villages be merely temporary settlements, they may be allowed to remain for a period not exceeding three years, under such conditions as the Conservator of Forests and the Deputy Commissioner of the District may determine under approval of the Chief Commissioner.

But no cultivation, by clearing or burning the jungle, is, on any account, to be permitted within the boundaries of a Government Reserved Forest.

XVI. The Conservator of Forests, or any Deputy Conservator in charge of a Forest Division, may reserve any tract in the forests not exceeding one hundred acres, provided such tract do not contain houses or cultivation. Forests of a larger size can only be reserved by the Chief Commissioner. The procedure to be observed in the reservation of forest tracts is described in Schedule I. The Chief Commissioner may at any time sanction alterations in the rules of this Schedule.

CHAPTER IV.

OF THE USE OF STREAMS AND CANALS, OF MARKING HAMMERS AND MANAGEMENT OF DRIFT TIMBER.

XVII. The right of floating timber by natural Streams and streams and artificial canals in British Burmah is reserved in all cases, subject to the control of the District Officer and other Government authorities. A list of streams in each district which may not be closed, nor blocked up, neither partially nor entirely, neither for fisheries, irrigation, nor for other purposes, is given in Schedule II. The Chief Commissioner may at any time add streams to this list. The throwing in of Toungya refuse into these streams is prohibited.

XVIII. The Chief Commissioner may prohibit the poisoning of streams for the purpose of fishing in any division of the forests.

XIX. No Teak timber which is subject to the control of the Forest Department, or found adrift in the creeks and rivers of the country, shall be marked, neither shall any mark on it be effaced. It shall not be converted, cut into pieces, nor burnt; neither shall it be concealed, removed, nor disposed of by sale or otherwise without orders from the Conservator of Forests or his Assistants.

XX. The use of marking hammers, except by an order of an Officer of the Forest Department, on the rivers enumerated in Schedule III., and on such other rivers as the Chief Commissioner may direct, is prohibited.

XXI. The disposal of timber from the Government Forests of British Burmah, either by sale or gratuitously for the common public benefit, will take place according to the regulations of Schedule IV. The Chief Commissioner may, from time to time, amend these regulations.

XXII. All timber disposed of by the Forest Department will be stamped with such mark or marks as the Conservator of Forests may, from time to time, direct; and the purchasers or grantees will, on application, receive a Pass in the form exhibited in Schedule V.

XXIII. Foreign Teak timber when brought across the frontier on the Irrawaddee and Sittang rivers, must be reported at such stations as the Chief Commissioner may, from time to time, direct. Such timber will receive a Pass in the form exhibited in Schedule VI.

XXIV. All Teak timber which is brought down the Salween, Beeling, Attaran, or any other rivers to Moulmein, whether from beyond the frontier or from the forests in British Territory, must be reported and passed in the manner described in Schedule VII.

XXV. All Teak timber which is brought to Rangoon or Bassein will be examined at the river stations named in Schedule VIII. No

rafts of timber shall leave or pass these stations without an order from the Forest Department.

XXVI. All drift and unclaimed Teak timber with-
Drift timber—the property of Govern-ment. in the Province of British Burmah, will be considered the property of Government, unless proof of ownership be given according to Rules XXXI., XXXII. and the provisions of Schedule VII.

XXVII. Scales of salvage for the different parts
Scales of salvage for drift timber. of the country are given in Schedule IX. They may be altered by the Chief Commissioner. Notifications exhibiting these rates will, from time to time, be published for general information.

XXVIII. Permission to parties wishing to col-
Permission to save drift timber—how given. lect their own timber which may have gone adrift, will be granted on application at the discretion of the Conservator of Forests, or such Assistants as he may authorize to give this permission. The Permit will be made out according to form in Schedule X. These Permits must show the marks which should be on the timber, and the holders will only be permitted to take away such logs as bear these marks.

XXIX. Parties who have saved Teak timber are
Parties who have saved drift timber—how to act. bound to deliver the same, on receipt of salvage money, to such persons as are authorized by the Conservator of Forests to receive it.

XXX. At the stations of Rangoon, Prome,
Monthly notices of drift timber brought in, to be issued. Tounghoo and Moulmein, and at such other stations as the Conservator of Forests may direct, notices shall be published on the last day of every month, stating the number and description of pieces of drift timber brought in during the month.

XXXI. Not less than thirty days' notice will
Notices inviting claimants to come forward. be given for the reception of claims to the ownership of drift timber by the office from which the notice was issued, after which, no claimant appearing, the timber, with such exceptions as are provided for in Schedule VII., will be sold on account of Government. Claims for drift timber must be sent in with full particulars and according to form given in Schedule XI.

XXXII. All such claims will be decided by the
Claims to drift timber—how decided. Conservator of Forests, or such Officers as he may authorize so to do, provided however that they shall be at liberty to decline to arbitrate regarding such timber, in case they may see fit so to do, and refer claimants to the Civil Courts.

XXXIII. Timber awarded to claimants must be
Claimed timber—how redeemed. redeemed by payment of the salvage and other expenses which may have been incurred on account of such timber.

CHAPTER V.

PROCEDURE AND PENALTIES IN CASE OF A BREACH OF THESE RULES.

XXXIV. It is the duty of the Forest Goungs,
Duty of Forest Department Subordinates to report breach of these Rules. Goungways, and Peons of the Department, and of all Police Officers, to see that these Rules are not violated; and should they in any case be infringed, to report the same without delay to the Forest Officer in charge of the division or sub-division in which the offence took place; and it shall be lawful for any Forest or Police Officer to take into custody, without a warrant, any person who hinders or obstructs him in the discharge of his duties under these Rules, provided that the person thus apprehended be brought before a Magistrate within three days from the date of his apprehension.

XXXV. Any person who infringes any provi-
Penalty for breach of Forest Rules. sions of the Forest Rules, or any subordinate of the Forest Department who wilfully neglects his duty, will be liable to imprisonment without labor for a term not exceeding six months, or to a fine not exceeding two hundred Rupees, commutable, if not paid, to imprisonment for a term not exceeding six months without labor. In cases where the infringement involves fraud or theft, or any other offence provided in the Penal Code, the offender will be liable to be proceeded against in a Criminal Court, under the provisions of the Penal Code.

XXXVI. Any axes, dahs, marking hammers, or
Tools, timber, and other articles may be confiscated. other tools or implements used in an act which constitutes an offence against these Rules, and all timber that has been marked or obtained in a manner contrary to these Rules, or that has not been reported and passed in accordance with Rules XXI. to XXIV., and Schedules V. to VIII., whether entire or cut up or sawn up, may be seized by any Officer of the Forest Department or Police Officer, and such tools or implements and timber may be confiscated by the orders of the Magistrate of the District, or any Forest Officer exercising the powers of a Magistrate, or a Subordinate Magistrate.

XXXVII. The Conservator of Forests shall have
Powers of the Conservator of Forests under these Rules. the powers of a Subordinate Magistrate of the 1st Class, but shall exercise those powers subject to such limitations as may, from time to time, be imposed by the Chief Commissioner.

XXXVIII. The Chief Commissioner may vest
Powers of the Deputy and Assistant Conservators. any Deputy or Assistant Conservator of Forests with the powers of a Subordinate Magistrate of the 1st Class, subject to such limitation as he may deem proper.

XXXIX. All cases of violation of these Rules may
Procedure in cases of violation of these Rules. be tried and determined by the Magistrate of the District, by the Conservator of Forests, or any Deputy or Assistant Conservator who may have been vested with the powers of a Magistrate, or a Subordinate Magistrate. The mode of procedure in the trial of forest cases will be that provided in Act XXV. of 1861.

XL. The appeals against the decision of the Conservator of Forests while exercising the powers of a Magistrate under these Rules, will lie to the Court of the Commissioner of the Division where the offence was committed. And the appeal against any decision of a Deputy or Assistant Conservator of Forests acting as a Magistrate under these Rules, will lie to the Court of the Deputy Commissioner of the District.

A monthly Register of all cases tried and determined by each Forest Officer in any Division or District of a Deputy Commissioner, is to be submitted to the Appellate Court. The Register is to be kept in the form given in Schedule XII.

SCHEDULE I.

On the procedure to be observed in setting apart Reserved Forests.

1. Whenever a Forest Officer proposes to reserve a forest tract, he shall personally go round and through it to ascertain its natural boundaries, and hold a valuation survey of it.

2. A report containing full particulars regarding the tract, whether any inhabitants are included within it, and the reasons for reservation, together with a map of the district shewing the exact situation of the tract in question (a sketch map two miles to the inch if no district map exists), shall be forwarded to the Deputy Commissioner of the District, who will attach his opinion to the report and forward it through the Commissioner to the Conservator of Forests, who will submit it to the Chief Commissioner for his final orders, after attaching any remarks he may have to make.

3. The Deputy Commissioner, should he see no objection to such reservation, will, on receipt of the report from the Forest Officer, issue immediate instructions to prevent the cutting of Gardens and Toungyas within the locality which it is proposed to reserve, pending the final orders of the Chief Commissioner.

4. The Chief Commissioner will pass orders on the report, and if he approve of the tract being reserved, the Forest Officer will proceed finally to demarcate it in accordance with Rule XIV.

SCHEDULE II.

STREAMS WHICH ARE TO BE KEPT OPEN UNDER RULE XVII.

Rangoon District.

The Pegu or Zamayee River down to Pegu town, and all its tributaries.

Pounglin and all its tributaries.

Mayzel and all tributaries.

Thayet ditto.

Thabew ditto.

Magayee ditto.

Okkan ditto.

Thounzai ditto.

Myanoung District.

Beeling and all tributaries.

Wayhla ditto.

Tanapo ditto.

Mokkha ditto.

Minhla ditto.

Tsapoke ditto.

Tyemyoke ditto.

Myoung ditto.

Kadet ditto.

Gamoong ditto.

Toung Khyoung ditto.

Boben ditto.

Mimboo ditto.

Tounyoh ditto.

Shway-lay ditto.

Meimakah or Hline River from Tsan-youay up to Engmah.

Prome District.

Nawing and all its tributaries.

Boolay, including the Choung Goungyee, the Pudday, and all their tributaries.

Keenee and all its tributaries.

Partly Rangoon District and partly Tounghoo District.

Kawleyah and all its tributaries.

Binedah ditto.

Pyoontazah and

Yainway ditto.

Tounghoo District.

Koon and all its tributaries.

Phyoo ditto.

Ngagyat ditto.

Kwaymathay ditto.

Khaboung ditto.

Swah ditto.

Myolah ditto.

Bimbyay ditto.

Gwaythay ditto.

Koonoong or

Swoaydoyah ditto.

Kannee ditto.

Thoukyaghat ditto.

Youkthawah ditto.

Moong ditto.

Padah ditto.

The Sittang River above Tounghoo town.

SCHEDULE III.

Names of rivers on which the use of Marking Hammers is prohibited within the British Territory.

The Salween River.

The Sittang River.

The Pegu River at and below Pegu town.

The Puzzoondoung River below Kyoongalay village.

The Meimakah, Hline, and Rangoon Rivers.

The Irrawaddce River and its branches, including the Bassein River.

SCHEDULE IV.

Exhibiting the Rules under which Government timber in the Province of British Burmah, may be disposed of—

1. By public auction sales at stations or in the forests. At all public sales one portion of the payment (not less than twenty per cent. on the amount) is to be made on the day of sale, either in cash, public securities, or promissory notes, and the balance within a term not exceeding three months after the day of sale. No timber to be delivered before payment in full shall have been received; but the timber to be at the risk of the purchaser from the moment it is knocked down.

2. By private sales on indent approved of by the Conservator of Forests or the chief Forest Officer at the station, or in the division where the sale is held.

Private sales shall not be effected at the rates below the average rates realized at the public sales of the preceding year, unless by special order from the Conservator of Forests.

No private sale of Government timber is to be considered as concluded, and no timber is to be delivered on account of the same, unless the full amount of the purchase money is paid to the Forest Officer conducting the sale.

3. By sale of the seasoned timber standing or lying in a certain Forest District, to Permit or Lease-holders. This timber remains the property of Government until the full amount of purchase money is adjusted. These sales hold good for a certain period. Timber not brought out within the time fixed, whether paid for or not, remains the property of Government. Sales of timber under this Rule are not ordinarily to be concluded for a longer period than three years.

4. By grant gratuitously to parties residing in the district near the forests, and at a distance from the principal rivers, for the erection of buildings for the common benefit of the public, as Christian churches or chapels, schools, kyoungs, zayats, bridges, &c. Applications for the timber under this Rule may be made to the Conservator of Forests, or his Assistants. Final orders regarding such applications granting timber for these purposes or otherwise, will be issued by the Conservator of Forests, or by such Assistants as he may specially empower so to do. Timber granted under this Rule will be pointed out to the grantees by the Forest Goungways. The grantees must fell and remove the same to the place where the timber is to be used, within a fixed time.

Timber for these purposes will be given gratuitously, but on a certain date, which will be mentioned on the grant, this document must be returned to the Assistant or Deputy Conservator of Forests in charge of the division, with an account showing how it has been used. Should it not have been expended for the purposes specified in the application, the timber will revert to Government; and the parties who received the grant, will, if they should have applied the timber to other purposes, be liable to punishment under the Forest Rules.

SCHEDULE V.

Form of Pass for Timber sold by the Forest Department.

No.	Date.	Owner or Consignee.	Place of Destination.	Description of Timber.	Timber marks.	No. of logs or pieces.	Total.	REMARKS.

SCHEDULE VII.

Rules for the management of the Kuddo Revenue Station.

1. All timber passing down the Salween and Attaran Rivers must be reported at the Kuddo Revenue Station, within seven days of its arrival, failing which, on discovery, it will be liable to pay double duty before the timber is cleared.
All timber to be reported at Kuddo within seven days.
 2. Attaran timber to be declared for duty at the Nantay Station where it will be passed, all other timber to be declared for duty at Kuddo.
Attaran timber declared for duty at Nantay.
 3. The report must contain full particulars regarding the timber, its position at the station, number and description of logs, their marks, and other particulars. Owners of timber or their agents who give incomplete or incorrect reports, render themselves liable to punishment under the rules for the administration of forests.
Report to contain full particulars.
 4. The reports will be open to public inspection for seven days, before a certificate of registry will be granted. Copies of the reports will be forwarded daily to the Moulmein Office for public inspection.
Report open for inspection for seven days.
 5. After the lapse of seven days, the Officer in charge of the Revenue Station will grant a certificate, and will mark each log with such marks as may from time to time be directed, except in the case of an incorrect report, when a fresh report will have to be made under Rule I., before certificate of registry will be granted. No timber will be passed without a certificate.
Granting of certificate.
 6. The following rates of duty are to be paid before the timber can be allowed to leave the station :—
Rates of duty to be paid.
- | | Rs. | As. | P. | |
|---------------------------------------|-----|-----|----|----------|
| For logs of and above 5 feet in girth | 2 | 12 | 0 | per log. |
| For logs of and from Attaran | 4 | 0 | 0 | do. |
| For logs below 5 feet in girth | 1 | 6 | 0 | do. |
| Ditto from Attaran | 2 | 0 | 0 | do. |
| Stem pieces | 0 | 9 | 0 | do. |
| Ship crooks | 0 | 4 | 0 | do. |
| Boat do. | 0 | 1 | 0 | do. |
| Small do. | 0 | 0 | 6 | do. |
| Small pieces | 0 | 2 | 0 | do. |
- On the payment of these rates the timber will be passed and marked with the Pass Hammer of the Timber Revenue Station. In measuring timber the middle girth must be taken.
7. All timber which passes the limit of the Revenue Stations without the Pass marks of the Forest Department, is liable to be seized and confiscated.
Timber passing limits of stations unmarked, liable to confiscation.
 8. All duty must be paid and timber removed within two years of date of certificate, failing which, it will be advertised and sold to recover the duty and clear the depôt.
Two years allowed for payment of duty, and removal of timber.

9. Timber which has been passed must be removed within one month, or be subjected to a fine of eight annas per log per day during one month, after which, if not removed, notice will be given by advertisement, and the timber removed from the limits of the station, at the risk and expense of the owner. If from any natural cause beyond the control of the owner, it is impossible to remove the timber within the period named, application should be made to the Revenue Officer who will pass special orders in the case.
Time allowed for removed timber to remain at depôt.
10. The time for the removal of timber from the station is from sun-rise to sun-set, and no timber must be removed at any other time without special permission from the Revenue Officer, who will judge of the necessity of the case. Breach of this rule will be punished under the Forest Rules.
Timber when to be removed.
11. Timber from the Government Forests will be passed by the Timber Revenue Officer upon a certificate granted by the Forest Officer showing that the Forest Revenue has been adjusted.
Timber from Government Forests—how to be passed.
12. Parties wishing to transact business through Agents must duly appoint these Agents as required by law. The names of Agents must be registered at the Revenue Office.
Agents—how appointed.
13. All timber on which marks have been purposely obliterated by fire, or otherwise obliterated or defaced, will be retained by the Kuddo Revenue Department, and be treated as drift timber under Rules 27 and 28 of this Schedule.
Obliterations of marks—how punished.
14. Government to have a lien on all timber, whether decreed by the Civil Courts or not, until payment of all Government demands on the timber has been made.
Lien on timber to be held by Government.
15. Timber brought to the Revenue Station is not to be placed in any part of the channel on the East side of the Koutsing Island. Any timber found lying there will be removed at the risk and expense of the owner.
Channel where timber is not to be placed.
16. Parties desiring to have river frontage allotted to them at Kuddo for placing and collecting their timber, must apply to the Revenue Officer who will pass the necessary orders. The portion allotted will be registered in the office, and the application must be renewed on the first of January of every year.
River frontage at depôt—how obtained.
17. Timber owners wishing to collect and mark their timber at the Kyodan, must register their marks and hammers at Kuddo.
Marks and Hammers to be registered.
18. After the receipt of certificate of registration, the timber may be stamped by purchasers at Kuddo, but the marks or stamps put upon it must be reported at the office either in Moulmein or Kuddo, to be entered in the original certificate which should bear a complete record of all marks on the logs entered in it.
Certificate to contain all marks put upon timber.

19. A fee of ten Rupees must be paid for every mark or hammer registered at the Kuddo Revenue Office, and a certificate will be granted on payment of fee.
Fee for registration of hammers.
20. This registration to hold good for two years, that is to say, from 1st May in each year to 1st May of the second year, when parties are required to register their hammers, either in person or by duly appointed Agent.
Registration to extend over two years.
21. Breaches of these Rules by subordinates of the Forest Department and others, will be punishable under the Rules for the administration of the forests in British Burmah.
Breaches of Rules—how punished.
22. Appeals from the decisions of the Kuddo Revenue Officer shall lie with the Deputy Conservator in charge of the Salween Division, and from the latter with the Conservator. Appeals from the decisions of the Conservator of Forests shall lie with the Chief Commissioner.
Appeal—where to lie.
23. In the absence of the Conservator of Forests or Deputy Conservator from Rangoon or Moulmein, an appeal from the orders of the Kuddo Revenue Station Officer shall lie with the Deputy Commissioner of the District of Amherst, who will pass orders, should he consider it necessary to do so, after inquiry into the matter. Such orders may be appealed from, to the Commissioner, Tenasserim, whose order shall be final.
Appeals in special cases—where to lie.
24. Parties who have salvaged timber below Kuddo must bring it to one of the Government Drift Timber Depôts, reporting their having done so, with full particulars, at the Forest Office, Moulmein, where the amount of salvage, as per Schedule IX., will be paid to them on the timber being taken charge of.
Drift timber below Kuddo.
25. Parties who have salvaged timber above Kuddo must bring it to one of the stations mentioned in Schedule IX., where they will be entitled to receive the salvage due.
Drift timber above Kuddo.
26. Salvage of timber below Kuddo will be in the hands of Salvors (not to exceed four in number), to be named by the Trade and approved of by the Forest Department, who will issue a "Letmhat" to each, and register their names in the Forest Office. These "Letmhats" will be cancelled by the Forest Department on sufficient grounds being shewn.
Salvors to be appointed for salvaging of drift timber.
27. All drift and unclaimed timber coming down the Salween, Beeling, Attaran, and other rivers to Moulmein, will be considered the property of Government, unless proof of ownership be given within the time provided in Rule 28.
Ownership to drift timber arriving at Moulmein—how to be proved.
28. Monthly notices will be issued of the number of drift logs brought in during the month. Lists containing the description of the logs and their marks (so far as they have been ascertained), will be open for inspection at the Kuddo and Moulmein Offices. Claims to drift timber will be admitted up to date of preliminary notice of sale.
Regarding time allowed for claim.
29. Public sales of timber (should sufficient have been collected to render a sale advisable) will take place every six months, on the 15th January and 15th July in each year. At these sales no timber will be sold, the receipt of which has not been publicly notified, inviting claimants to come forward under Rule 28, six months previously.
Regarding public sales of drift timber.
30. Logs found beached, or aground below the mouth of the Attaran, and not in charge of any person, will be considered to be drift timber and treated as such.
Logs found beached to be treated as drift timber.

SCHEDULE VIII.

Names of River Stations where all Timber will have to stop to be examined.

RANGOON STATION.

Timber arriving from the Sittang River.
 Timber arriving from the Irrawaddee River.

At the mouth of the Poozoundoung Creek.
 At the mouth of the Tsan Khyoung, below Kemendine.

BASSEIN STATION.

Timber arriving at Bassein must stop above the town at such a place as the Collector of Timber Revenue may direct.

SCHEDULE IX.

Rates of Salvage for Timber saved from the undermentioned Rivers:—

		<i>Rs.</i>	<i>As.</i>
I.—Sittang River Station above and including Kyassoo ...	per log	3	8
If brought to Rangoon ...	„	0	0
II.—Irrawaddee River Stations above and including Henzadah ...	„	2	0
If brought to Rangoon or Bassein ...	„	4	0
III.—Hlyne, Pegu, and Pounplin Rivers, also Rangoon River from and above Monkey Point, delivered at Government Depôt ...	per log	2	0
Below Monkey Point and lying on Sea shore, delivered at Government Depôt, expenses incurred to be paid.			
One-half only of the rates set down will be paid for drift timber saved, but not brought into Government Stations and made over to Forest Officers.			

SALWEEN RIVER.

Below Kuddo.

Between Kuddo and Battery Point Depôt ...	per log	3	0
„ Battery Point Depôt and Kulmee Channel ...	„	7	0

Above Kuddo

At Kyodan ...	„	0	4
„ Kamanlay ...	„	0	8
„ Koman or Komoung ...	„	1	0
„ Meebong to Palian ...	„	2	0
„ Kuddo ...	„	3	0

For logs in length below twelve cubits, or in girth below two cubits, and for logs that are burnt or otherwise of inferior value, reduced rates will be paid.

SCHEDULE X.

Form of Permit to collect Drift Timber.

_____ is permitted to pay salvage on, and collect the logs which bear the marks entered below in this Permit.

Timber marks.

Kuddo, _____

186

N. B.—This Permit is good only up to the 1st January 186 .

For salvage rates, see back of Permit.

SCHEDULE XI.

Form in which claim for Drift Timber must be prepared.

_____ claims _____ logs of drift timber lying at _____
as per description and marks entered below:—

Depôt No.	Description and number of logs.	Marks.	Orders of Revenue Officer and Remarks.

The _____ 186 .